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A FREAK OF THEOLOGY

By SAMUEL FREUDER

He was a Jewish missionary and yet he was an honest man. That alone would constitute him a freak. For it is easier for a camel to pass through the eye of a needle than for a Jewish missionary to keep from practicing hypocrisy and deceit. But he was a freak in many other ways and his life is a lurid example of the grotesque effect produced when a Jew honestly strives to be a loyal Jew and a faithful Christian at the same time.

His early life was spent among the *Chassidim* (the pious ones). To give a fair idea of what the *Chassidim* are would require a volume. Suffice it to say that they are a Jewish sect flourishing in the dark places of Galicia and Russia, whose special characteristic is the stress laid upon the exhibition of emotion in the performance of religious duties. Like the Christian sect, "the Holy Jumpers," whose queer antics the newspapers occasionally report, the *Chassidim* shout and dance during their prayers, which take up most of their time.

Kind and helpful to those of their own, they are intense in their hatred of those who ridicule or oppose them. As may well be expected, they are bitterly opposed to all modern culture which they instinctively fear as the destroyer of all religious emotion.

Up to his seventeenth year he knew no other but the Hebrew alphabet. He learned the German letters from a stray newspaper he had found, which he kept concealed about his person for fear if it became known that he studied German he would be looked upon as a renegade. His hunger for modern education once aroused was bound to be satisfied, and so he went to Breslau and later to Berlin, where his great intellectual powers attracted to him some powerful friends who assisted him in his studies. Before he reached the age of twenty-two he had mastered the classical and a few

modern languages and received the degree of doctor of philosophy. Just about that time he got hold of a New Testament and soon some Christian theologians got hold of him. He

low students is characteristic of the man. The students had collected among themselves a little money to buy him much needed eye glasses. One day

large family to support whose need for eyeglasses was greater than his own.

When I was first told this story I received it just like many a reader

pated on meeting this man a few years later. If ever there was a man without guile and thoroughly honest it was he. And it was his very honesty which made his life so paradoxical and queer.

On leaving the seminary he was, from a theological point of view, neither fish, fowl nor red herring. His theology was a Joseph's coat of many colors, a crazy quilt of the most extraordinary pattern. It was a hodge podge of Judaism and Christianity with a little of other isms thrown in. He believed, for instance, that both the Old and the New Testament are equally true and the inspired word of God. But does not the average Christian believe that, too? Well, the average Christian only believes that he believes that, but in reality he puts the inspiration of the New Testament over and above that of the Old Testament.

He believed, furthermore, that the religious obligations resting upon one who is born a Jew continues to be binding upon him even after he becomes a Christian. This view is vehemently opposed by most of the Christian theologians, and in this case common sense will certainly side with them. For how in the name of common sense can a Jew who believes in Christ be excluded from the Christian heaven and its high privileges solely because he bought his meat at a Christian butcher shop?

Since he was an honest man, believing a thing implied the obligation of living it. Hence his peculiar theological notions led him into the most contradictory and absurd modes of living.

He observed both Saturday and Sunday. On Saturday he would not even ride in a street car. On Friday evenings he would always attend the synagogue and heartily join in all the prayers.

His diet was strictly kosher. If entertained in Christian homes he would eat only cereals, eggs, etc. This, of course, tried the patience of

(Continued on page 13)



INSPECTOR HENRY COHEN.

Inspector Henry Cohen, the first Hebrew to gain that rank in the New York Police Department, and whose biography appeared in THE HEBREW STANDARD of August 25, has been assigned to the Eleventh Inspection District, which embraces the large Jewish settlement at Brownsville. Inspector Cohen in assuming office states that he will try in his new position to maintain the high standard shown by his co-religionists in other branches of the public service.

came to this country and entered a Christian theological seminary. A little incident in his seminary life related to me by one of his fel-

it was noticed that his eye glasses were gone. Being pressed for an explanation he told them how he had met a poor Jewish pedler, with a

will do, with a skeptical smile. Maybe he had pawned his eyeglasses, I thought, and invented this excuse. But my doubts were wholly dissi-

The Landlord and the Jews

By Alexander Harvey.

The landlord of the tiny inn in Bethlehem stared gloomily at the solitary star in the firmament. It had glowed upon him since shortly after sunset that evening. Its beams were now brightening the spot whereon Elijah rested in the course of his memorable flight from the unspeakable Jezebel. From the portal at which he stood the landlord could make out the mound marking the tomb of Rachel. It was all that now remained of the pillar Jacob had set upon her grave. The gaze of the landlord embraced these details twenty times within an hour.

"A good omen," he had said, when first the beams of the star now silencing these things had caught his fishy eye. "I shall have guests and there will be a little money in the till."

The thought was exhilarating because patronage of late had been slight. Wages were high. Food was scarce. That star gave the landlord hope. It made its first appearance that night over the deep gorges descending east to the Dead Sea where the shepherds of Bethlehem contended against the Philistines. At this obscure hour it shot a ray or two right down upon the barley fields. They were such crops as Ruth had cut when Boaz first caught sight of her. Up and down the dusty road that wound past the inn this landlord cocked his eye. Minute followed minute until a good two hours had fled.

"A wonderful star," reflected the landlord for the fortieth time. "It seems brighter to-night than any star I ever saw. Can it be a bad omen instead of a good one?"

He withdrew his gaze as he thus inquired from the quarter assigned to the lepers and sighed as he cast a final glance adown the road.

"Could you shelter us for the night?"

The landlord nearly leaped in his astonishment. He had not suspected the approach of any fellow creature. He turned hastily, to find himself confronting a pair of voyagers. They had come upon him unawares from the direction of the hill country of Judah while he had been staring gloomily at the caves of the Arab robbers on the east.

"Sir," replied the landlord, with the courtesy of Judaea in his obedience, "Sir and Madam, I have accommodation for man and beast."

He stared at the elder of these travelers as he spoke the words. The stranger was an aged man with a

long gray beard. At his side was the shrouded figure of a female, slight, girlish and, in the landlord's eye, of a subtle beauty that one felt like an essence. When the landlord had finished his little speech, the aged tourist lifted his girlish companion in his arms, and without a word walked into the inn.

Mine host walked after them in mute amaze.

He looked on without a word as the venerable voyager deposited his burden upon a rolled rug in a corner of the room which served as dining-room and hall. There was even an expression of sympathy upon the face of the landlord when the old man had, with a sigh, turned to confront his host. But the darkness of the apartment veiled the feelings of the man of Bethlehem.

"Your wife is ill, sir?"

"Sir," said the stranger, wearily, "she is. We have come far afoot since the loss of our camel, which died on the edge of the desert."

"You must have supper at once," began the landlord. "I will tell my wife to—"

But the stranger shook his venerable head.

"We want beds—nothing more," he retorted. "My wife is, as you see, very ill."

Without another word the landlord tiptoed into an adjoining room. There lay his wife and to her ear he placed his lips.

"Travelers," he whispered in a hiss of exultation.

The woman leaped from where she lay. She was a fat Egyptian, but this news made her active.

"How many?"

She asked the question as she adjusted her veil.

"Two."

"Men?"

"An old man, and his wife—she seems young."

"Where shall we put them?"

The landlord's wife had slipped a bracelet over her ankle as she spoke.

"We will give them this room of ours," he replied.

The woman looked at her husband and uttered an exclamation. He grasped her arm in a masterful way.

"We will make them pay well," he said, significantly.

"Have they money?"

"Bah!" exclaimed the landlord.

"When an old man has a young wife be sure, he has money if not brains."

"The landlord's wife needed no second hint. In a trice the pair had re-joined the aged voyager in the room where the landlord had left his unexpected patrons. The young girl was now seated upon the rolled rug. Her beauty was ecstatic. The landlord stared stupidly at the face exposed to him. The landlord's wife cast one glance at the virginal brook.

"Jews."

The word was a hiss. As it escaped her, the landlord's wife raised her arms aloft and cast one look of horror at the ceiling. The venerable

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old man buried one of his hands in the wealth of his beard.

"Yes," he said, in a tone of utter weariness, "we are Jews."

The attitude of the landlord's wife, at first horror struck, was now rigid.

"I am exceedingly sorry," she said icily, "but we do not solicit Hebrew patronage."

The landlord shot a quick glance at the delicate stranger. It was not too dusky in that lambent air to note one after another such details as full red lips, finely arched brows, long

TEKULSKY, CAROLINA.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Carolina Tekulsky, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers at their place of transacting business, No. 25 Broad street, in the City of New York, on or before the 21st day of December next.

Dated New York, the 21st day of June, 1911. LEVI ROSENSON and NATHAN TEKULSKY, Executors.

SOL TEKULSKY, Attorney for Executors, 25 Broad street, Manhattan, New York City.

ADLER, BERTHA.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Bertha Adler, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers at their place of transacting business, at No. 385 Broadway, in the City of New York, on or before the 28th day of January next.

Dated New York, the 28th day of June, 1911. ALEXANDER HESS, Executor.

LEON FORST, Attorney for Executor, 135 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

ADLER, MILTON.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Milton Adler, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers at their place of transacting business, at No. 43 Cedar Street, in the City of New York, on or before the 4th day of March, next.

Dated New York, the 23d day of August, 1911. CURUS ADLER, SAMUEL A. HERZOG, Executors.

NEWMAN & NEWGASS, Attorneys for Executors, 43 Cedar Street, New York City.

GERSTLE, RAFAEL H.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Rafael H. Gerstle, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers at their place of transacting business, at the office of Kurzman & Frankenhaimer, No. 25 Broad street, Borough of Manhattan, city of New York, on or before the 1st day of November next.

Dated New York, April 21, 1911. RALPH J. JACOBS and HENRY S. BERTSLE, Executors.

KURZMAN & FRANKENHEIMER, Attorneys for Executors, No. 25 Broad street, Borough of Manhattan, city of New York.

HYMAN, GERSON.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. John P. Cohalan, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Gerson Hyman, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers at their place of transacting business, at the office of Freyer & Hyman, No. 141 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the 27th day of November next.

Dated New York, the 17th day of May, 1911. RACHEL HYMAN, MAURICE HYMAN, LOUIS HYMAN, JOSEPH HYMAN, Executors.

PREYER & HYMAN, Attorneys for Executors, No. 141 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

FRANK, MORRIS.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. John P. Cohalan, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Morris Frank, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers, at their place of transacting business, at the office of Kurzman & Frankenhaimer, No. 25 Broad street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the first day of October next.

Dated New York, 17th day of March, 1911. LINA FRANK, WILLIAM GRATZ, Executors.

KURZMAN & FRANKENHEIMER, Attorneys for Executors, No. 25 Broad Street Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

FRANK, ELIZA.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. John P. Cohalan, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Eliza Frank, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers at her place of transacting business, at the office of Joseph Lichtenberg, No. 309 Broadway, in the City of New York, on or before the 27th day of November next.

Dated New York, the 18th day of May, 1911. MARY SCHULEIN, Executrix.

JOSEPH LICHTENBERG, Attorney for Executrix, 309 Broadway, New York City.

DEBROVSKY, JULIUS.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Julius Debrovsky, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers, at her place of transacting business, at the office of Morris Cukor, No. 68 Park Row, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the 10th day of November next.

Dated New York, the 3d day of May, 1911. HERMIN DEBROVSKY, Administratrix.

MORRIS CUKOR, Attorney for Administratrix, No. 68 Park Row, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

KEMPNER, HARRIS.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Harris Kempner, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business at the office of Louis Lande, Esq., his attorney, No. 290 Broadway, in the City of New York, on or before the 23d day of February next.

Dated New York, the 10th day of August, 1911. MILTON KEMPNER, Administrator.

LOUIS LANDE, Attorney for Administrator, 290 Broadway, New York City.

BURGHEIMER, FANNY.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. John P. Cohalan, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Fanny Burgheimer, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers at their place of transacting business, at the office of Otto A. Samuels, No. 99 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the 20th day of November next.

Dated New York, the 9th day of May, 1911. OTTO A. SAMUELS, Attorney for Executors.

BURGHEIMER, ALEXANDER, BURGHIMER, Executors.

LEWISOHN, ALBERT.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. John P. Cohalan, a Surrogate of the County of New York, dated May 19, 1911, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Albert Lewisoohn, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at her place of transacting business, at the office of Vogel & Vogel, No. 15 Broad street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 1st day of December next.

Dated New York, the 22d day of May, 1911. LILLIE L. LEWISOHN, Administratrix.

VOGEL & VOGEL, Attorneys for Administratrix, No. 15 Broad Street, New York City.

KAUSS, CARL.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Carl Kauss, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, to wit, the office of Eugene Blumenthal, 32 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the first day of January next.

Dated New York, the 21st day of June, 1911. BERTHOLD HOCHSCHILD, Administrator.

EUGENE BLUMENTHAL, Attorney for Administrator, 32 Broadway, New York City.

KAFKE, EMANUEL.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Emanuel Kafke, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, No. 38 Park Row, in the City of New York, on or before the 30th day of December, 1911, next.

Dated New York, the 17th day of June, 1911. ALBERT WINTERNITZ, Executor.

MAXRON SULZBERG, Attorney for Executor, No. 38 Park Row, New York City.

KAUFMANN, ALEXANDER L.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. John P. Cohalan, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Alexander L. Kaufmann, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers, at their place of transacting business, at the office of Guggenheimer, Untermeyer & Marshall, No. 81 Wall Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 28th day of November next.

Dated New York, the 22d day of May, 1911. MAX L. KAUFMANN, EDWARD KAUFMANN, Executors.

GUGGENHEIMER, UNTERMAYER & MARSHALL, Attorneys for Executors, 81 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

WINTERNITZ, ROSA (also called Therese Winternitz).—In pursuance of an order of Hon. John P. Cohalan, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Rosa Winternitz, also called Therese Winternitz, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber at his place of transacting business, at the office of his attorney, Adam Wiener, No. 320 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the 10th day of October next.

Dated, New York, the 28th day of March, 1911. SAMUEL HIRSH, Executor.

ADAM WIENER, Attorney for Executor, 320 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

LUSTGARTEN, SIGMUND.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. John P. Cohalan, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Sigmund Lustgarten, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, at the office of his attorney, George G. Schreiber, No. 35 Liberty street, in the City of New York, on or before the 20th day of September next.

Dated New York, the 15th day of March, 1911. DAVID T. DAVIS, Executor.

GEORGE G. SCHREIBER, Attorney for Executor, 55 Liberty Street, New York City.

ROSENBERG, LUCY F.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. John P. Cohalan, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Lucy F. Rosenberg, late of the City and County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at their place of transacting business, at the office of their attorney, Benjamin F. Feiner, No. 35 Nassau street, in the Borough of Manhattan, city of New York, on or before the 27th day of September next.

Dated, New York, March 21, 1911. SAUL COHEN, FELIX M. ROSENBERG, Executors.

BENJAMIN F. FEINER, attorney for executors, 35 Nassau street, Borough of Manhattan, city of New York.



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HAYMAN, SIEGFRIED S.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Siegfried S. Hayman, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at her place of transacting business, No. 2 Rector Street, in the City of New York, on or before the 8th day of March, 1912, next.

Dated New York, the 24th day of August, 1911. MARGARET H. HAYMAN, Administratrix.

HARRY W. NEWBURGER, Attorney for Administratrix, 2 Rector Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

BLUMBERG, MOSES I.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Moses I. Blumberg, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, No. 372 Manhattan Avenue, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 8th day of March, next.

Dated New York, the 20th day of August, 1911. ISIDOR JUFE, Executor.

BEINARD L. SHIENTAG, Attorney for Executor, 170 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

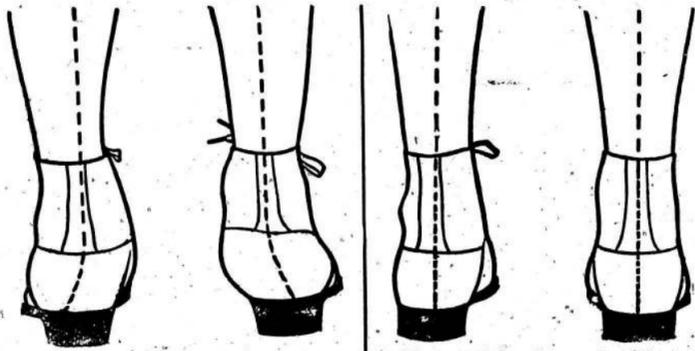
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lashes, lustrous eyes, a broad forehead and black hair. It was the authentic and imperishable type of a Jewess at whom he gazed—stunned and awed strangely. The girl had stood up when the landlord's wife spoke so coldly.

"Joseph," she said in a voice that seemed to the landlord like music he had dreamed of in his youth, "let us be gone."

The venerable old man knelt upon the floor at the feet of his bride.

"Hail, Mary, full of grace," said he, raising the hem of her garment to his lips, "the Lord is with thee."

The young Jewess bent her head and touched the brow of her husband with her perfect lips.

"I am sure," said Joseph, rising to his imposing height once more, "I am sure these worthy people will let us spend the night with them when they learn we are here in obedience to the decree of Caesar Augustus."

At mention of that tremendous name the landlord bowed his head. The beautiful young Jewess had resumed her seat upon the rug.

"We are of the family of David," began the venerable Joseph, turning to the landlord's wife in his absolute comprehension of the source of this unexpected opposition, "and we are here only for the sake of the census. Bethlehem, it seems, will be crowded—"

The landlord's wife cut Joseph

short. She made an impatient movement of her arm in the direction of the door.

"Sir," she said, "the town will be crowded with people during the taking of the census. It is our one chance to make a little money and you spoil it for us. In another twenty-four hours we shall have guests clamoring for admission here; unless they learn that at this inn the patronage of Jews is solicited."

"Sir," resumed Joseph, turning this time to the landlord himself, "I have tried for hours to find shelter among the inns of this country. We are refused shelter everywhere because we are Jews. My wife is about to become a mother—"

The landlord's wife screamed.

"A Jewish brat born here!" The exclamation had barely escaped the woman when the young Jewess arose a second time.

"Joseph," she murmured in his ear, "we cannot stay here."

"No," said the landlord's wife, "if the babe were born here we should be ruined."

"My good sir," said Mary, turning to the landlord, "is there not a stable near by?"

"At the first turn of the road," replied the landlord, "there is a convenient cave used as a stable. It contains the best manger in all Judaea."

In another moment Mary had taken Joseph by the arm and was gone. The landlord and his wife gazed after the pair until they had been swallowed up in the fathering gloom of night.

"A malediction on that star," said mine host at last. "It brought us nothing but that pair of Jews."

He looked up to the sky over Bethlehem as he spoke and his wife's eye followed his.

"Dear me!" she commented, "that star was shining above this inn and now it is right over the place where those Jews went. I wonder what name they'll give their brat."—St. Louis, Mo., *Mirror*.

Courage maintains itself by its ardent action, as some birds rest on the wing. * * * There is much in obeying as our Lord did, "straightway." When the Lord gives His servants grace to follow out their convictions as soon as they feel them, then they act courageously.—C. H. Spurgeon.

OPPENHEIMER, REBECCA.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Rebecca Oppenheimer, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at their place of transacting business, at the office of Meighan & Necarsulmer, No. 38 Park Row, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the 20th day of January next. Dated New York, the 12th day of July, 1911. Zacharias H. Oppenheimer, Paul H. Oppenheimer, Louis W. Rice, Executors. Meighan & Necarsulmer, Attorneys for Executors, No. 38 Park Row, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

OPPENHEIMER, HENRY.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Henry Oppenheimer, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at their place of transacting business, at the office of Meighan & Necarsulmer, No. 38 Park Row, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the 20th day of January next. Dated New York, the 12th day of July, 1911. Zacharias H. Oppenheimer, Paul H. Oppenheimer, Louis W. Rice, Executors. Meighan & Necarsulmer, Attorneys for Executors, No. 38 Park Row, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

NEWCOORN, ANNIE.—The People of the State of New York by the Grace of God Free and Independent, to Morris Newcorn, send Greeting: You and each of you are hereby cited and required personally to be and appear before our Surrogate of the County of New York, at the Surrogate's Court of said County, held at the Hall of Records in the County of New York on the 19th day of September, 1911, at half-past ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, then and there to attend the judicial settlement of the account of Minnie Newcorn, as Administratrix of the estate of Harris Newcorn, deceased, of the proceedings of said Harris Newcorn, deceased, as Testamentary Trustee of the trust created for the benefit of Charles Newcorn, in and by the last Will and Testament of Annie Newcorn, deceased; and such of you as are hereby cited, and are under the age of twenty-one years, are required to appear by your guardian, if you have one, or if you have none, to appear and apply for one to be appointed, or in the event of your neglect or failure to do so, a guardian will be appointed by the Succeeding Court, to represent and act for you in the proceedings.

In Testimony Whereof, We have caused the Seal of the Surrogate's Court of the said County of New York to be hereunto affixed.

[L. S.] Witness, Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of our said County, at the County of New York, the 25th day of July, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and eleven.

DANIEL J. DOWDNEY, Clerk of the Surrogate's Court.

JENSE SILBERMANN, Attorney for Administratrix, 170 Broadway, New York City.

ABLOWICH, HARRIS.—The People of the State of New York, by the Grace of God Free and Independent, to Rosie Dreeben, Annie Leventhal, Heim Ablowich, Hannah Freedman, Gertrude Ablowich, Abraham Ablowich, Alfred A. Ablowich, David Ablowich, Mrs. Jennie Leventhal, Amanda Brin, and to all persons interested in the estate of Harris Ablowich, late of the County of New York, deceased, as creditors, next of kin or otherwise, send Greeting:

You and each of you are hereby cited and required personally to be and appear before our Surrogate of the County of New York, at the Surrogate's Court of said County, held at the County Court House in the County of New York, on the 3d day of October, 1911, at half-past ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, then and there to attend a judicial settlement of the account of proceedings of Emanuel Blumensteil, as surviving Administrator of the goods, chattels and credits of said deceased; and such of you as are hereby cited, as are under the age of twenty-one years, are required to appear by your guardian, if you have one, or if you have none, to appear and apply for one to be appointed, or in the event of your neglect or failure to do so, a guardian will be appointed by the Surrogate to represent and act for you in the proceeding.

In Testimony Whereof, We have caused the Seal of the Surrogate's Court of the said County of New York to be hereunto affixed.

[L. S.] Witness, Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of our said County, at the County of New York, the 24th day of July, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and eleven.

DANIEL J. DOWDNEY, Clerk of the Surrogate's Court. EDWIN BLUMENSTEIL, Attorney for Surviving Administrator, 27 Pine Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York, N. Y.

CAPITAL & SURPLUS \$1,000,000.00

UNION EXCHANGE

TOTAL RESOURCES \$44,000,000.00

NATIONAL BANK of NEW YORK

FIFTH AVE. AND TWENTY-FIRST ST.

MEMBER NEW YORK CLEARING HOUSE

The steady growth of this bank since its organization in 1903 is significant endorsement of the sentiment: "A satisfied customer is the best advertisement."

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HENRY S. HERRMAN

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19th Ward Branch: 3D AVENUE and 57th Street, 86TH STREET and 2d Avenue, 72d STREET and 3d Avenue, 34TH STREET and 3d Avenue.

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We solicit accounts of merchants and individuals, and extend to depos-

itors all facilities consistent with conservative banking methods.

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BROADWAY TRUST COMPANY

754 BROADWAY CORNER OF 8TH STREET

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS \$1,100,000

INTEREST ALLOWED ON INACTIVE AND RESERVE ACCOUNTS

THE PUBLIC BANK OF NEW YORK CITY

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"MADISON AVENUE BRANCH," MADISON AVENUE COR. 116TH STREET

JOSEPH S. MARCUS, President

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BOTTLED AT THE BREWERY
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REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

The National Nassau Bank of New York

at the close of business September 1, 1911.

Resources.	
Loans and discounts	\$9,353,737.65
Due from Banks and Bankers	1,501,742.61
Real Estate	55,000.00
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	100,000.00
Other Stocks and Bonds	25,822.08
Cash in vault	2,829,739.67
Foreign Exchange	137,910.30
Exchanges for next day's clearings	483,727.63
Redemption Fund with U. S. Treasurer	5,000.00
Due from U. S. Treasurer	4,000.00
	\$14,568,266.58
LIABILITIES.	
Capital Stock	\$500,000.00
Surplus and Undivided Profits	500,434.70
Circulation	95,303.00
Reserved for Taxes	10,000.00
Cashier's Checks	145,581.18
Deposits	13,222,901.18
	\$14,568,266.58

OFFICERS:
Edward Earl, President
J. Christy Bell, Vice-President
John Munro, Vice-President
W. B. Noble, Cashier
H. P. Sturr, Asst. Cashier
N. D. Alling, Asst. Cashier
R. M. Paley, Asst. Cashier.
DIRECTORS:
J. Christy Bell, John Munro
Samuel R. Weed, Harry Bronner
Henry C. Miller, Richard Young
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THE STATE BANK

MEMBER NEW YORK CLEARING HOUSE.

DEPOSITS, \$20,000,000.

RECOMMEND A NEW ACCOUNT.

CAPITAL AND EARNED PROFITS OVER \$1,800,000.

SOUND, CONSERVATIVE, ACCOMMODATING.

ITEMS OF INTEREST IN THE JEWISH WORLD.

A new synagogue will be dedicated at Bellaire, O., this evening.

Dr. Hyman I. Goldstein has been nominated for coroner of Camden, N. J.

A Jewish Ladies' Auxiliary Society has been established in San Leandro, Cal.

Rabbi Jacob H. Stelz, of Syracuse, N. Y., has accepted a call at Amsterdam, N. Y.

Congregation Anshe Poland dedicated a new synagogue at Cincinnati, O., last Sunday.

The new Temple Beth-El at Providence, R. I., will be dedicated this Sunday.

Troops of boy scouts have been organized by Jewish boys in Atlanta, Ga., and St. Louis, Mo.

The United Hebrew Congregation has recently been organized at South Framingham, Mass.

Mr. B. Horowitz has obtained a fellowship and assistantship at Clark University, Worcester, Mass.

Herr Louis Frankel, director of the Commercial Bank of Stockholm, died in that city on August 19.

Owing to lack of funds, construction work has stopped on the Zion Hebrew Institute, East New York.

The Hebrew Home for Aged and Disabled at San Francisco, Cal., was formally dedicated last Sunday.

Rev. David H. Wittenberg has entered upon his duties as rabbi of Temple Emanuel, of Kingston, N. Y.

Mr. Elias M. Moses, one of the leading lawyers of Calcutta, India, died last week at the age of thirty-eight.

The outbreak of cholera at Smyrna and Broussa (Asia Minor) is largely spreading. Many of the victims are Jews.

The Congregation Talmud Torah, of Bayonne, N. J., dedicated their synagogue and Hebrew Free School last Sunday.

A lady, in the person of Dr. Blumenfeld, has been appointed medical officer to the Jewish colony at Yemma, near Tiberias.

The Czar has permitted the formation of a Jewish Lads' Brigade at Odessa, under the command of M. Tcherkass, a Jewish ex-soldier.

Mr. and Mrs. N. Jacobs, of Oakland, Cal., celebrated their diamond wedding anniversary last Sunday. Both parties still enjoy good health.

The Congregation Tifereth Israel, of Williamsburg, N. Y., are discussing ways and means of raising a fund with which to erect a new synagogue.

Rabbi Isaac Landman's play, "A Man of Honor," has scored a hit on the road. It received its New York premier at Weber's Theatre last night.

More than 2,000 were present at the field day of the Young Men's Hebrew Association of Boston and vicinity, at Methuen, on the 4th inst.

Joseph Effendi Salem, formerly attaché to the Turkish Legation in Brussels, has been appointed consul for Turkey at Patras, Greece.

Herr Wolfsthal, judge at Ratisbon, has been appointed attorney-general at Frankenthal. He is the first Jew to hold such an office in Prussia.

A new Yiddish weekly, "Dos Naye Land," will make its appearance in this city to-day. It will be under the editorship of Mr. A. Eisen.

A committee is now engaged in looking up a suitable site for the Mt. Sinai Hospital at Milwaukee, Wis. A \$75,000 building will be erected in due time.

There are seven Jewish candidates out of one hundred in Cleveland, O., who will compete for office at the coming Municipal elections in November.

The Queen of Holland has laid the foundation stone of a home for the blind at Wolfheer. There will be a separate kitchen for Jewish inmates.

Twenty-two applications for admission have been received by the Hebrew Union College, of Cincinnati, O., this term, the largest number ever applying.

Rev. Martin A. Meyer has been invited to deliver a series of lectures at the University of California during the next term of the Semitic Department.

Through the intercession of Chaplain Blum, Commissioner Walvo has granted leave of absence for Yom Kippur to all Jewish policemen in Greater New York.

Rev. A. Eisenberg, secretary of the Society of American Cantors, has been elected cantor of the newly organized Congregation Oheb Jacob, of the Bronx.

The Jewish Educational Society of San Francisco, Cal., will open a school for Hebrew and religious instruction in the San Bruno district in the near future.

Dr. H. Eliasoff, a well-known physician, living at Riga, who has gained fame as a Yiddish writer, announces that he will soon make his home on these shores.

Daniel Meyer, a veteran banker and philanthropist, died at San Francisco last week. Despite his great age of eighty-seven he was active until a few months ago.

Mr. Isaac Wolf, Jr., of Philadelphia, Pa., was recently presented to Kaiser Wilhelm, who engaged Mr. Wolf in a discussion on American commercial and industrial conditions.

Mr. Arnold Volpe, founder and conductor of the Volpe Symphony Orchestra, of this city, has been offered the post of conductor of the Seattle (Wash.) Symphony Orchestra.

The Rochester, Buffalo and Syracuse Y. M. H. A.'s, which recently formed an inter-city association, are endeavoring to extend their scope and become a State wide organization.

A new building has been added to the Friendly Inn and Aged Home of Baltimore, Md., to accommodate aged couples and to afford recreation facilities for the old people.

Mr. Alfred E. Kornfeld, who, for the past nineteen years has been connected with the Engineering News, has been made vice-president and general manager of the publication.

A movement has been started at Cape Town for the establishment of a Jewish orphanage as a memorial to the late Chief Rabbi. Already considerable support has been promised.

M. Israel Hazan, a leading lawyer in Salonica, has been elected rector of the Faculty of Law at the high school in that city. There are some 600 students of whom about thirty are Jews.

Rabbi Caro, of Temple Bnai Jesurun, Milwaukee, Wis., has been re-elected for a term of five years, as a mark of appreciation of his work although his present term will not expire until 1912.

Mr. Aaron L. Sapiro, of San Francisco, Cal., is receiving the congratulations of his friends upon his appointment as secretary of the newly formed Employers' Liability Commission.

The Ahawath Achim, at their recent convention in Philadelphia, voted to give their Grand Secretary, Leopold Herman, a purse of \$5,000 in recognition of his twenty-one years' service to the order.

M. Joseph Rahamim Ovadia, a native of Bagdad, has died at Vienna. He left large sums to Jewish charities, to the Jewish poor in Constantinople and Bagdad, and to the Alliance Israélite Universelle.

Otto A. Tronstein, secretary of the Ohio Humane Society, will be one of the speakers at the thirty-fifth annual convention of the American Humane Association at San Francisco, Cal., Oct. 2 to 4.

The consecration of a new synagogue in Ebbw Vale, Wales, took place on Wednesday, September 13. As Ebbw Vale was the scene of the recent Welsh anti-Jewish riots, the dedication of a synagogue at this time is of especial interest.

The Odessa municipality, regretting the fact that the expulsion of the Jews from the city is out of the question, has ordered the exclusion from the hospital of Jews suffering from chronic illnesses.

The builders could not get the new synagogue of the Society of Concord, of Syracuse, N. Y., completed in time for the dedication this evening as originally intended, and the event has been postponed.

The new Brith Shalom Synagogue of St. Louis, Mo., was dedicated last Sunday, and the ceremonies lasted throughout the entire day. Mayor Kreisman was among those who accepted invitations to participate.

At the suggestion of Mr. Oscar Leonard, well known to our readers for his contributions who has been appointed probation officer at St. Louis, Mo., recently, no Jewish cases will be called during the high holidays. Jewish children will not be asked to report. Jewish children who are to be released from the industrial school will be released the week before Jewish holidays.

Over 6,000 people attended the dedication of the new Beth Hamedrah Hagodol Synagogue in Philadelphia, Pa., last Sunday, and so great was the crush that two platoons of police had to keep a clamoring crowd outside, in order.

Last Wednesday Hon. Nathan Straus, official delegate on the part of the United States, submitted to the Third International Congress of Infants at Berlin his report on "The Progress Made in America in the Protection of Child Life."

Dr. Jonas Baron, chief surgeon of the Jewish Hospital in Buda-Pesth, and lecturer at the university in that city, died suddenly on August 31. He had held his post thirty-seven years, and was one of the foremost surgeons in the Hungarian capital.

Pending the appointment of a superintendent of the Department of Public Recreation, at Columbus, O., Rabbi Joseph S. Kornfeld is one of a temporary commission of two, appointed to have direct supervision over the department.

Abel Attel and Mat Wells, both Jews, and probably the cleverest exponents of "the manly art of self-defense" before the public to-day, have been matched to box ten rounds at Madison Square Garden, this city, on September 20.

The Jewish community at Salonica has lost one of its benefactors, M. David Esformes. Originally an humble porter, he some months ago gave all he possessed, about 45,000 francs, the fruit of forty-five years of hard work, to the Hirsch Hospital.

Miss Irma Kraft, of Wheeling, W. Va., has written a play, entitled "The One Idea," which, when presented by a local stock company recently, was received with enough success to warrant a manager guaranteeing a New York production later in the season.

Among the successful candidates at the Cincinnati, O., primaries on the 5th inst., were, for City Solicitor, Alfred Bettman, for Board of Education at Large, Gotthard Detuch; for Board of Education, Rev. Jacob Mielziner, Dr. L. J. Vogel and Samuel Ach.

The Cracow, Galicia, Jewish community has declined to accept the bequests of the late Albert Mendelsberg, who, although at one time was president of the community, allowed his family to be converted to Christianity, and before his death became a convert himself.

The Governor of Jerusalem recently paid an official visit to the offices in that city of the Anglo-Palestine Company, where he remained over half an hour. The director, Dr. J. Levy, furnished the governor with full particulars of the company's financial activity.

The summer vacation camp of the Young Men's Hebrew Association and the Educational Alliance at Cold Spring, N. Y., was closed Labor Day. There were, on an average, 100 boys at camp each week and not an accident of any kind occurred during the entire season.

The Russian Ministry of Justice has drafted a bill prohibiting Jewish lawyers from conducting civil cases for Christian clients, and to offer themselves for election as members of the Advocates' Councils. The measure also aims at the general diminution of the number of Jewish lawyers.

Recently an examination of a real Russian petition praying for the exile of the Jews from Lasova and Pavloka revealed the fact that all the signatures were forged by the anti-Semites, and that the peasants had refrained from signing. The petition will, therefore, not be taken into consideration.

Isaac Effendi Yeshoua, Departmental Chief in the office of the Commandant General of Gendarmerie at the Ministry for War in Constantinople, has been appointed inspector in Macedonia. On the recommendation to the Minister for War, he was recently decorated with the high grade of a Turkish order.

Although Rabbi Margolies has definitely accepted the call of the Adath Jesurun of this city, his Boston friends are still trying to persuade him to alter his decision and have collected a fund of \$10,000 with which to guarantee his remaining in Boston. In addition he will be provided with a residence.

"Red-Duggar," an East Side character, was laid to rest at Calvary Cemetery last Monday. He was a coach-driver employed by an East Side liveryman and had gained many friends among his Jewish neighbors, who arranged and paid for his funeral. He could speak Yiddish quite fluently, and often acted as interpreter.

Mr. Elihu D. Stone, of Boston, Mass., has received a letter from a cousin in Meretz, Russia, stating that during the recent hot spell prevailing in this country special services were held in the Meretz Synagogue, in which they prayed that the heat should not affect their relatives in this country. Every Jew was present at the services, all the stores being closed for the occasion.

The will of Simon Adler, who died on August 24 at Rochester, N. Y., gives among other bequests the following to Rochester institutions; Jewish Orphan

Asylum, \$1,000; Rochester Hospital, St. Mary's Hospital, Homeopathic Hospital, Bahnmann Hospital and Rochester Hebrew Benevolent Society, each \$500; Swan Library, Albion, \$250; Social Settlement of Rochester, \$1,000.

Rev. Jacob S. Jacobson, former Rabbi of the Zion Congregation of Chicago, Ill., passed away on the 4th inst., aged 71. Rabbi Jacobson, who was born in Schleswig-Holstein, had been in the ministry for forty-one years, holding pulpits in Washington, D. C., Paterson, N. J., Natchez, Miss., and Atlanta, Ga. Owing to ill health he retired from Zion Congregation's pulpit three years ago after serving 8 years.

The Jewish Consumptive Relief Society of Chicago, Ill., has purchased ten acres of land on West Belmont avenue, as a site for a tuberculosis open air hospital. It is the plan of the society to erect an administration building that will cost about \$15,000 and a number of shelter houses to cost between \$2,000 and \$3,000 each. The institution will be maintained by subscriptions, a large number of which have already been obtained.

The Prussian Government contemplates the revision of the Law of 1847 affecting the legal status of the Jews and Jewish congregations. The object in view is the creation of a representative Jewish organization which shall stand in direct relations with the government. There are a number of Jewish organizations, notably the Federation of German Jewish Congregations, which have corporate rights, but only an unofficial status.

The Odessa correspondent of the London, Eng., Standard, says that the South Russian newspapers print with undisguised satisfaction accounts of the attacks on Jews, which have been a feature of the labor troubles in South Wales. The hope is sarcastically expressed that the British press will in future reserve the magniloquent exclamation hitherto bestowed on anti-Jewish outbreaks in Russia for its own exponents of "Jew-baiting."

Justice Goff, in the Supreme Court of this city, last Friday refused to grant a certificate incorporating the Agudas Achira of the K'hal Adas Jeshurun. Justice Goff said: "Application denied. The title of the proposed incorporation is unintelligible. It is not, and it should be, in the English language. I cannot tell what the title imports. Very likely it imports what is legal and proper, but to warrant approval a Judge should understand what he approves."

Large expulsions of Jews from several places in Russia are now in progress. Two hundred and thirty persons were exiled from Ostrovo (Kieff), and large numbers suffered a similar fate in Boishaja Ekaterina, Rosovka, Elenovka, Velkoanadole and Emilstchina. The latter is one of the hundred and one villages, converted by M. Plehve into a townlet in order to enable Jews to reside there. All Bokhara and Aghan Jews were forced to leave the Caspian district.

The Acting Governor-General of Warsaw was lately approached by a deputation of the community of Suchedneff with regard to the decision to exile from there two hundred families on the ground that the village was situated on peasants' property and was, therefore, unlike other Polish villages, closed to Jews. General Essen promised to take into consideration the fact that some of the exiles spent the last sixty years in the place and to inquire into the matter generally.

The Senatus Academicus of St. Andrews University, Edinburgh, have resolved to confer honorary degrees at the graduation ceremonial to be held in connection with the celebration this month of the five hundredth anniversary of the foundation of the university. The honorary L.L. D. degree is to be conferred on Dr. George Brandes, professor of literature at the University of Copenhagen, and on Professor Raphael Meldola, F. R. S., professor of Chemistry at London Technical College.

Recently a party of coreligionists, including a number of well known rabbis, set out from Marrakesh, Morocco, for a picnic. They were attacked on the road from Marrakesh by Moors, who demanded the immediate delivery of all their personal effects, as well as their mules, and the party were forced to comply with the demands. While the would-be picnickers were hastening away, one of the band shot at a rabbi. Steps are being taken by the communal leaders to bring the gang of brigands to book.

The University of Edinburgh, Scotland, has awarded the Cameron prize in practical therapeutics to Dr. Simon Flexner, of this city, director of laboratories of the Rockefeller Institute for Medical Research. This prize, amounting to \$500, is given once in five years to a person who, in the preceding five years, has made an important contribution to practical therapeutics. The award to Dr. Flexner is in recognition of his researches on epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis and its treatment with anti-meningitis serum.

Mehir Weinberg, J. P., one of Nottingham's best and most deeply respected citizens, died at his home last month. He was a member of the Council of University College, on the Committees of

the General Hospital, the Children's Hospital, and other public institutions. Dr. Weinberg was a thoroughly Orthodox Jew, and, notwithstanding the wide ramifications of his firm, business was entirely suspended on Sabbaths and all days of the festivals, although some members of the firm are not of the Jewish faith.

A deputation of Jews from the Dobrudscha (which was ceded to Roumania by Turkey after the Russo-Turkish War), recently visited Bucharest, where they were received in audience by the Prime Minister. Their object was to present a memorial to the government, pointing out that in the preparation of the voting lists for the Dobrudscha the Revision Committee had excluded 1,500 inhabitants from political rights, although many of them had possessed civil rights for thirty years. The deputation accordingly requested that this grievance should be redressed. The Prime Minister received the deputation very cordially and gave them the assurance that the government would carefully study the memorial and would certainly remove legal disqualifications. He added that the Conservative Government deemed it its duty to respect everybody's rights. Just as the King during his visit to the Dobrudscha had expressed the wish that the inhabitants of that part of his dominions should prosper under his rule, so did the government have at heart the welfare of the land and all its inhabitants.

Mad Monk Predicts Attacks on Jews.

Tsaritsyn, Russia, Sept. 8. Heliodorus, the "Mad Monk of Tsaritsyn," to-day publicly declared that attacks upon Jews and the Russian educated classes would be begun after the holding of the forthcoming Congress of the Black Hundreds. The declaration of the parish priest, whose fantastic methods have startled the whole Volga region, has created an impression of semi-panic in this city. Talk of a probable massacre of Jews is current at the bazaars.

Dr. Harry Friedenwald Returns from Zionist Congress and Palestine.

Dr. Harry Friedenwald, honorary president of the Federation of American Zionists, returned on Tuesday, September 12, on the Ryndam, after having attended the Tenth Zionist Congress and having visited Palestine. Upon his arrival, Dr. Friedenwald, spoke of his visit to Palestine and said: "I have returned from my trip to Palestine and can express the greatest satisfaction. Though I spent the month of June and part of July in various parts of the land, my family and I did not suffer from the heat. It was only at the Dead Sea and at the Lake of Tiberias that the heat was oppressive. Our route was from Jaffa, through the Jewish settlements (Petach Tichva, Rehoboth, Rishon Le Zion, Katra, Ekron) to Jerusalem, and by carriage to Jericho, and across the land to Nablus, the Jewish settlements Chedera and Zichron Jacob, to Haifa, where I enjoyed a visit to the American-Jewish Agricultural Station; thence to Tiberias, visiting the Jewish settlements at Sedjeh, Kinereth, Milhammie, and Yamma, to Damascus, Baalbek and Beyruth. We were deeply impressed and affected by the landmarks of Jewish history; no one can stand at the grave of Rachel without seeing the whole of Jewish history roll by before him, with its glory and its sorrow and its martyrdom. I tried to see as much as possible of present Jewish life in Jerusalem, and observe its poverty, but I felt that the fault of the condition lies in the Jews of the world, who not only permit it to continue, but artificially cultivate poverty and beggary by unwisely doling out large sums of alms without making a strong endeavor to aid the people to help themselves and become self-supporting.

"What interested me most in Palestine was the new life in the Jewish agricultural settlements, a life full of energy, self-sacrifice and idealistic endeavor. It was gratifying and encouraging to see the young generation is growing up as true Jews, speaking the ancient and beautiful Hebrew, a vigorous generation. These colonists are full of hope. The unfavorable attitude of the Turkish Parliament and the recent hostility of the Arabs in certain places are, they feel sure, only temporary. They are sanguine that the great benefit which they are bringing to the land will be recognized more and more, and they are hopeful that it will not be long before the Turkish Government will be convinced that the endeavors of the Jewish settlers are pacific, and that they have no desire and no aims other than to develop the land for a large Jewish settlement, which shall be, and remain, an integral part of the Turkish Empire, to the strengthening and up-building of which Turkey will find no citizens more useful and more devoted than its Jewish citizens."

Jewish National Fund Bureau.

MONTHLY REPORT.

The following moneys were received by the Jewish National Fund Bureau for America during the period of July 28 to September 1, 1911:

Table with 2 columns: Description of fund contribution and Amount. Includes items like National Fund stamps, Olive trees, National Fund boxes, Dunan land, Golden Book, Co-operative, Selbststeuerung, National Fund literature, National Fund telegrams, and a Total of \$3,013.87.

Quick Relief From Stomach Troubles

Mr. R. O. Hatfield, 73 years old and a sufferer for years, is an enthusiastic friend of Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey because of what it has done for him.

He writes: "I have taken Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey as a medicine for over two years, and it has been a great help to me. I was a sufferer from stomach trouble for years, and Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey has done me more good than any medicine I ever used. I am never without it in the house and I cannot speak too highly of it and what it has done for me. I am now in my seventy-third year." R. O. Hatfield, 302 S. Stricker St., Baltimore, Md.



Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey

has to his credit more than fifty years of success without a question as to its merits as a curative agent. During this time it has brought the blessings of health to overworked men, delicate women and sickly children, who find in it the strength-giving properties that are so necessary to them. It quickens and strengthens the heart action, aids digestion, restores health and vigor, makes the old feel young and keeps the young strong and vigorous. It is prescribed by doctors and is recognized as a family medicine everywhere.

CAUTION.—When you ask your druggist, grocer or dealer for Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey, be sure you get the genuine. It is an absolutely pure medicinal malt whiskey and is sold in SEALED BOTTLES ONLY—never in bulk. Look for the trade-mark, the "Old Chemist," on the label, and make sure the seal over the cork is unbroken. Price \$1.00 a large bottle. Write Medical Department, The Duffy Malt Whiskey Co., Rochester, N. Y., for an illustrated medical booklet containing testimonials and rules for health, and doctor's advice, both sent free.

ENGAGEMENTS.

BOYER — BAUMANN.—Mrs. Helena Baumann announces the engagement of her granddaughter Sophia to Mr. Isidor Boyer. At home, 178 Hewes street, Brooklyn, on September 17, 1911, from 3 to 6. No cards.

BRAND — BERLINGER.—Mr. Benjamin Berlinger, 315 East Fifty-first street, announces the engagement of his sister Flora to Mr. Charles H. Brand, of New York city. Reception at Tuxedo Hall, Madison avenue and Fifty-ninth street, September 17, 3 to 6. No cards.

GLEECKSMAN — FREIDMAN.—Mr. and Mrs. Gleecksmann announce the engagement of their daughter, Rena S., to Mr. Isidor Freidman.

GOLDMAN — GOLD.—Mr. and Mrs. Morris Gold, of 253 West 141st street, announce the engagement of their daughter Sarah to Mr. George Goldman.

GOLDSTEIN — SCHULEIN.—Mrs. J. Schulein, of 231 West 141st street, announces the engagement of her daughter Florence to Abraham G. Goldstein, of New York. Reception at Hotel Astor, Sunday, September 17, from 3 to 6. No cards.

KITAY — SIVE.—Mr. and Mrs. I. A. Sive, of 131 Smith street, Brooklyn, announce the engagement of their daughter Josephine to Mr. Benjamin Kitay, of Paterson, N. J. Reception September 17, 3 to 6 p. m.

KRAUS — KOHN.—Miss Lillian Kraus to Mr. Sol Kohn, betrothed. At home September 17, 3 to 6. 850 Longwood avenue, Bronx.

NEWMAN — LEVINE.—Mr. and Mrs. Simon S. Newman, of 365 West 118th street, announce the engagement of their daughter Sophie to Mr. Charles Levine, of Burlington, Vt.

PEYSER — BLANK.—Mr. and Mrs. J. Blank, of 428 Highland avenue, Mount Vernon, announce the betrothal of their daughter Hattie to Mr. Joseph Peyser. At home September 17, 1911, from 3 to 6. No cards.

SCHWARZ — BLOCH.—Mr. and Mrs. Morris Bloch, of No. 629 West 135th street, announce the engagement of their daughter Lillian to Mr. Jacob Schwarz.

SIEGEL — KASHOWITZ.—Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Kashowitz, of 200 West 122nd street, announce the betrothal of their daughter Anna to Mr. Isaac Siegel. Reception at Delmonico's September 17, from 3 until 6. Cards.

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WEISS — SEGALL.—Mr. and Mrs. I. Segall announce the betrothal of their daughter Theresa to Mr. Benjamin Weiss.

WOOLF — BENJAMIN.—Mr. and Mrs. S. Benjamin, of 378 Eleventh street, Brooklyn, announce the engagement of their daughter May to Mr. Bernard Woolf, of London, England. At home Sunday, September 17, after 6. No cards.

MARRIAGES.

BARNETT — HORNER.—Mrs. M. Horner, of 1301 Fulton avenue, New York, announces the marriage of her daughter Sadie to David Barnett, of Brooklyn.

BERKHARD — STOLZ.—On Sunday, September 10, Miss Minnie Berkhard to Mr. Moses Stolz; Rev. Dr. Isidore Reichert officiating.

BYK — MUNTER.—On Sunday, September 10, 1911, Miss Dolly Byk to Mr. Sidney Munter, by Rev. Joseph Segal.

CANTOR — KLEIN.—Miss Bertha B. Klein to Mr. Louis G. Cantor, Rev. Israel Goldfarb officiating.

DIMIN — NOVACK.—On Tuesday evening, September 5, at the Pouch Galleries, Brooklyn, Miss Jennie L. Dimin to Dr. Harry J. Novack, by Rev. K. Solomon.

FRANK — KATZ.—September 10, Miss Julia Frank to Mr. Adolph Katz. Rev. Isidore Reichert officiated.

GOTTLIEB — MILLER.—On Sunday, September 3, 1911, Miss Jennie Gottlieb was married to Samuel Miller, by Rev. Joseph Segal.

HARTMAN — LEVY.—On Wednesday, September 6, 1911, at 204 West 110th, by Rev. S. Shulman, Cora Levy to Albert C. Hartman.

HURWITZ — ALLEN.—On Thursday, September 7, 1911, Jennie Hurwitz to Nathan Allen, by Rev. E. Jacobson.

JACOBSON — ROSENBERG.—On September 3, Carrie Rosenberg, of Chicago, to Joseph S. Jacobson, of New York.

KREMER — SCHWARTZ.—On Sunday, September 5, 1911, Mr. Benjamin B. Kremer to Miss Rosie Schwartz by Rev. Israel Goldfarb.

LEVY — COHEN.—On Monday, September 4, 1911, Miss Pauline Levy to Mr. Morris Cohen, by Rev. Joseph Segal.

LEVY — GOTTHOLD.—September 6, by Rev. Dr. S. Shulman, Louise May Levy, daughter of Mrs. Marie Anne Levy, 703 West 116th street, to Julius Bien Gotthold.

MELNIK — SIEGAL.—On Wednesday, September 13, 1911, Miss Iosie Melnik was married to Mr. Simon Siegal, by Rev. Joseph Segal.

ROSENBERG — FRIEDMAN.—On Sunday, September 10, 1911, Miss Mary Friedman, to Mr. Rosenberg at the home of the bride's aunt, Mrs. Silverman, 31 West 144th street. Rabbi Jacob B. Grossman of Philadelphia officiated.

SCHWIMMER — WEISS.—Sunday, September 3, 1911, Miss Auginea Schwimmer to Mr. Desied Weiss, by Rev. Joseph Segal.

SPIRO — SAMUEL.—At Mamaroneck, N. Y., Thursday, September 7, by the Rev. Dr. Rudolph Grossman, Bert M., daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Samuel, to Walter J. Spiro.

WEINBERGER — UHLFELDER.—Mr. and Mrs. Simon Uhlfelder announce the marriage of their daughter Hattie to Mr. Frederick S. Weinberger, by the Rev. Dr. I. S. Moses, at the Hotel Savoy, Sunday, September 3, 1911.

WEJNER — AARONSON.—Tuesday, September 5, by Rev. D. Loewenthal, Anabel, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Israel Aaronson, to Leo G. Weiner.

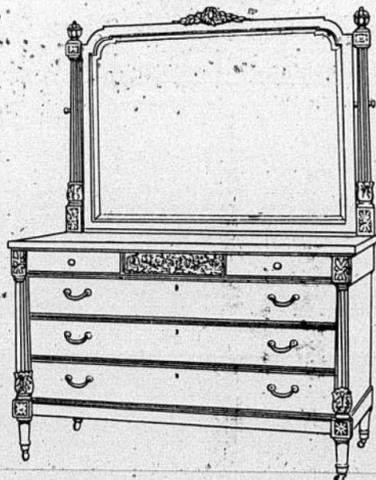
GOLDEN WEDDING.

BÉCHER.—Mr. and Mrs. Harris Becher, respectively seventy-five and seventy-one years old, celebrated their golden wedding anniversary last Sunday.

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day night at Vienna Hall. Four sons and two married daughters, with their seventeen children, were present. Rev. Dr. Isidore Reichert officiated.

Mr. and Mrs. Becher were married at Stryje, Austria, and came to the United States in 1888. Before coming to this country Mr. Becher served in the Austrian army and several of his comrades at that time were present at the celebration.

BIRTHS.

KORNBLUM.—To Mr. and Mrs. A. Kornblum (nee Anna Klein), a daughter, August 30, at 125 Morris avenue, Long Branch, N. J.

KREGER.—To Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Kreger (nee Gertrude Pincus), of 543 West 162d, a son, August 29.

WECHSLER.—Mr. and Mrs. Leon Wechsler (nee Tilly Adler) of 169 East Ninety-fifth street, announce the birth of a son at Arverne, L. I., on August 31, 1911.

BAR MITZVAH.

ALEXANDER.—Mr. and Mrs. Louis Alexander announce the Bar Mitzvah of their son Eugene Lawrence, Saturday, September 16, at Montefiore Temple, Bronx. At home, 869 East 164th street, September 17, after 3. No cards.

FREUND.—Mr. and Mrs. Adolf Freund, of 899 Irving street, Bronx, announce the Bar Mitzvah of their son Meiton September 16 at Temple Ez Chaim, 107 East Ninety-second street.

JANDORF.—Mr. and Mrs. Henry Jandorf, of 72 West 113th street, announce the Bar Mitzvah of their son Alexander on Saturday, September 16, 1911, at the Synagogue Mt. Zion, 37-41 West 119th street. At home Sunday evening after 8 o'clock.

SADOWSKY.—Mr. and Mrs. Reuben Sadowsky, of Arverne, L. I., announce the Bar Mitzvah of their son Carl on Saturday, September 16, 1911, at the Synagogue Derech Emonoh, Arverne, L. I. Reception at their home, Sea View avenue, Sunday, September 17, from 3 to 6 p. m. No cards.

SCHULLENBERG.—Mr. and Mrs. Maurice Schellenberg announce the Bar Mitzvah of their son Norman Saturday, September 16, at Temple Ez Chaim, 107 East Ninety-second street. At home September 17, at 67 East Eighty-seventh street. No cards.

Big Bank Merger.

The Banking Department has approved a merger between the Nineteenth Ward, Twelfth Ward and Fourteenth Street Banks, which has been recommended by the Boards of Directors of said banks for ratification by the stockholders.

The merged bank will change its name to The Security Bank of New York. The new bank will have a capital of one million dollars, surplus of about five hundred thousand dollars, with membership in the New York Clearing House Association and a close affiliation with the Fourth National Bank, which has a capital and surplus of \$10,000,000, and deposits of \$60,000,000.

Mr. Bradley Martin, Jr., president of the Nineteenth Ward Bank, continues with the new bank and the present offices of the Nineteenth Ward and Twelfth Ward Banks will be conducted as Nineteenth and Twelfth Ward branches of The Security Bank.

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WOARMS, ALBERT L.—In pursuance of an order of the Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a is hereby given to all persons having claims Surrogate of the County of New York, notice against Albert L. Woarms, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber at her place of transacting business, at the office of Messrs. Kurzman & Frankenhimer, No. 25 Broad Street, in the City of New York, on or before the 15th day of March, 1912.

Dated New York, the 12th day of September, 1911.

CARRIE C. WOARMS, Executrix.
KURZMAN & FRANKENHEIMER, Attorneys for Executrix, 25 Broad Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

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Satin Venise
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NEWS FROM ENGLAND.

(Exclusive Correspondence to THE HEBREW STANDARD.)

Further Representative Views on the Assaults on Jews—Eminent Member of the Community Objects to the Introduction of English Into Synagogue Service—Famous Cantor Passes Away—Jewish Migration Statistics—The Sober Jew.

London, Sept. 1, 1911.

The feeling of the Jewish community of London in regard to the attacks on the property of Jews in South Wales was well expressed on August 26, by L. J. Salomons, secretary of the Central Synagogue, Great Portland street, London, as follows:

"I was speaking on Friday," Mr. Salomons remarked, "to a Jewish Liberal member of Parliament, who was strongly of opinion that this is not a question of anti-Semitism. Had it been so there is no doubt that the roughs would have attacked the Jews personally. But there is no evidence of that. There can be no doubt that the attacks upon the premises of Jews are simply a development of the general labor unrest. It is not a religious movement. I should be very sorry to think after this country has allowed for so many centuries freedom of thought and religious liberty to whoever lived in the land any section of the community harbored any ill-feeling against any individual on account of his religious views. Roman Catholics, Dissenters, and every creed and division of thought are allowed freedom and liberty, and why should the people of South Wales fight the Jews? I think the Jews can thankfully say that they have a free home here, and I am sure that the educated classes of Great Britain particularly have a very good feeling towards their fellow-citizens, and that there is not the slightest feeling of animosity. We do not associate this outbreak with any hostile spirit against Jews as Jews. It is much to be regretted. Looking at countries like Russia, English Jews were congratulating themselves that they were free from the treatment shown their co-religionists, but it certainly does tend to remind us that we may still be looked upon by the uneducated portions of the population as an alien race, and it is the aim of all the Jews born in England to guard against that.

"We are all very proud of the fact that we are English and that we have educated Jewish Englishmen among us." By the freedom granted us and the facilities of education our sons have been able to advance to distinguished posts. For instance, there is the Attorney-General, Sir Rufus Isaacs; the Postmaster-General, Mr. Herbert Samuel; the ex-secretary of the Post Office, Sir Matthew Nathan, and men prominent in various professions. On the tablet outside this synagogue there is a list of 200 Jews who died in the Boer War."

The announcement made on August 25 of the resignation of Sir Philip Magnus, M. P., from the chairmanship of the Council of the Reform Synagogue, in Berkeley Square, has caused great consternation among the more "advanced" members of the Jewish community, who recognize in the action his disapproval of the recent alterations in the ritual which allowed of the introduction of a certain amount of English in the synagogue services. Although somewhat liberal in his religious opinions the popular member for the University of London maintained that the introduction of English into the synagogue service was a false step.

At the meeting some months ago of the congregants of the synagogue, which is the only Reformed Synagogue in London, and numbers among its adherents the leaders of the community, Sir Philip, in opposing the introduction of English, said that the Hebrew language was one of the strongest bonds that held together Jews in all parts of the world. He maintained that the retention of the Hebrew language was closely associated with the preservation of the Jewish religion. The two things which, it seemed to him, bound Jews together were—not nationality, because he did not believe in reviving the nationality of Judaism except through their history—but their common race and religion; and he could not help

thinking that the Hebrew language to a large extent was bound up with the maintenance of the Jewish religion.

Sir Philip also expressed the fear that the introduction of English would effectually discourage the teaching of Hebrew to the young of the community. He deeply regretted that because he believed it was quite untrue to say that there was no time for learning Hebrew. When he was at school, he was obliged to learn Greek, Latin, French, German, and English, and had sufficient time for Hebrew. Speaking from experience, he believed that the study of the Hebrew language was of the greatest possible educational value. From an educational point of view, and as a mental discipline, it was better to learn Hebrew than Greek.

Sir Philip Magnus has been chairman of the synagogue for several years, having succeeded the late Frederic Mocatta, the well-known philanthropist.

By the death of the Rev. Marcus Hast, which took place on August 28, in London, Anglo-Jewry loses its most famous cantor of all times, while his passing away ends a notable communal career and a distinct era in communal history.

The deceased, who was 72 years of age, was appointed chief cantor of the Great Synagogue in Duke street (of which Lord Rothschild is warden), otherwise known as the Cathedral Synagogue, in 1871, and was a man of prepossessing appearance and charming manner, possessed of much general culture, and of Hebrew scholarship of a very high order.

Gifted with a tenor voice of great sweetness, the love for synagogue service appears to have been innate, for at the age of ten years he was already leading large congregations in his native city of Warsaw in prayer, and of the some four hundred synagogues that abound there he officiated in no fewer than three hundred before he attained his thirtieth year. When he was only eight years of age he officiated, at the request of the Chief Rabbi of the town, at the biggest synagogue at Warsaw, Jews in those days exhibiting great interest in boy cantors.

When he proceeded to Germany in 1861 to study music, he had already gained reputation among the Jewries of Europe as a cantor, and it was not surprising that shortly after his arrival at Breslau he was appointed cantor of the chief Orthodox Synagogue there.

He continued his studies in music most assiduously, and it was not very long before aspiring cantors came to him for lessons, and many of the leading cantors of his time were indebted to Mr. Hast for the instruction they received at his hands.

Mr. Hast was a very sweet composer and a master of orchestration. He composed much oratorical work, and actually celebrated his seventieth birthday two years ago by the publication of a great work, which comprised the Sabbath services for the whole year, all festival and special services, and the Psalms, which he set to music. He was well known for his oratorios, among which may be numbered his "Death of Moses," which was performed at Queen's Hall, in 1897, the "Fall of Jerusalem," a sacred drama in two acts, and "Bostani," a dramatic sacred cantata. He was greatly esteemed by his congregation, and on the occasion of his completion of 25 years' service at the Great Synagogue was presented with a check for \$2,500 and an illuminated address. Again on his seventieth birthday he was the recipient of a check and an address, and a special service was held in his honor at which the late Chief Rabbi delivered the sermon.

So devoted was he to his duty that even against the doctor's orders he attended the synagogue, which was at least three miles from his residence, and to which he used to walk on Saturday.

Statistics of a most interesting nature, concerning the trend of Jewish emigration in the past year, are given in the annual report just issued of the Jewish Colonization Association, an institution brought into being by the late Baron Hirsch twenty years ago. It is gathered from this document that considerably over 80,000 Jews left Russia in 1910, of which number no fewer than 60,000 are now settled in the United States; while of the remainder a large proportion have established themselves in Canada, and

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the rest in the Argentine, Brazil, and Palestine. Most of these emigrants have been set up in farming by the association, and the preference shown by these Jews for English-speaking countries is a matter upon which leading Jews comment favorably.

In all, it is gathered, nearly 100,000 Jews left Europe, for places outside in the year under review. Nearly 50 per cent. of these emigrants were dealt with by the association.

Dr. Imre Doozy, a Hungarian physician, who has recently produced a work on alcoholism, claims that Jews under every condition of life are invariably sober. Dr. Doozy has made inquiries concerning the drinking habits of the Jews in Hungary, Russia and England, and the evidence he has obtained amply bears out his contention. One medical man, whose practice is largely among Jews, informed him that during the last ten years he had only once met with a drunken Jew, and he did not conform to the Mosaic Law.

EICHNER, DANIEL.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Daniel Eichner, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at her place of transacting business, at No. 352 East 120th street, in the City of New York, on or before the 21st day of November next.

Dated New York, the 16th day of May, 1911.
—MINNA EICHNER, Adm., 352 East 120th st.

FLISCHHAUER, JACOB.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. John P. Cohalan, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Jacob Flischhauer, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof to the subscribers, at their place of transacting business, at the office of Emanuel Jacobus, No. 132 Nassau street, in the City of New York, Borough of Manhattan, on or before the 1st day of December next.

Dated New York, the 23d day of May, 1911.
ROSA FLEISCHAUER, JULIUS DAHLMAN, HENRY FRANK, Executors.
EMANUEL JACOBUS, Attorney for Executors.
132 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York

WOLF, PAULINE.—In pursuance of an order of the Hon. John P. Cohalan, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Pauline Wolf, late of the County of New York, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at their place of transacting business, at the office of their attorneys, Fixman, Lewis & Seligberg, No. 55 Liberty street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 30th day of November, 1911.

Dated New York, the 12th day of May, 1911.
SAAC WOLF, HARRY WOLF, Executors.
FIXMAN, LEWIS & SELIGSBURG, Attorneys for Executors.
55 Liberty Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

ROSENTHAL, FANNIE.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Fannie Rosenthal, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, at the office of Lewis M. White, No. 7 Beekman street, in the City of New York, on or before the 10th day of October next.

Dated New York, the 23d day of March, 1911.
MAURICE ROSE, Administrator.
LEWIS M. WHITE, Attorney for Administrator.
7 Beekman street, New York City, Borough of Manhattan.

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HESS, IRVIN B.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Irvin B. Hess, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers, at their place of transacting business, at the office of Otto A. Samuels, No. 99 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the 15th day of February next.

Dated New York, the 8th day of August, 1911.
ALFRED MICHAELS, HERBERT C. HESS, MYRTLE S. HESS, Administrators.
OTTO A. SAMUELS, Attorney for Administrators.
No. 99 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

FRANKEL, SIMON.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Simon Frankel, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers, at their place of transacting business, at the office of Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, 22 William street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 1st day of February, 1912.

Dated New York, June 27, 1911.
HATTIE G. FRANKEL, FARMERS' LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY, Executors.
STROOCK & STROOCK, Attorneys for Hattie G. Frankel and Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, Executors.
90 Broad street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

VOGEL, CARRIE.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. John P. Cohalan, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Carrie Vogel, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at his office, No. 31 Nassau street, in the City of New York, on or before the 23d day of October next.

Dated New York, the 23d day of March 1911
CHARLES L. HOFFMAN, Executor.
HENRY A. FRIEDMAN, Attorney for Executor.
31 Nassau Street, New York City.

LICHTENBERG, MOSES J.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Moses J. Lichtenberg, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at their place of transacting business, at the office of Putzel, Stern, Barr & Tyler, No. 299 Broadway, in the City of New York, Borough of Manhattan, on or before the 30th day of November next.

Dated New York, the 3d day of May, 1911.
ELIZA LICHTENBERG, J. CHESTER A. LICHTENBERG, Executors.
PUTZEL, STERN, BARR & TYLER, Attorneys for Executors.
299 Broadway, New York City.

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נצבים ילך

In order to insure the insertion of communications in the current issue of THE HEBREW STANDARD they must be in this office not later than Wednesday noon of the week in which they are to appear.

Subscribers are reminded that the postoffice refuses to forward newspapers from one address to another, as letters are forwarded. When you change your address, notify the publisher at once; otherwise you will miss your paper and he will be put to needless expense.

The Menorah, of Indianapolis is a foul of the Russian terror, and views this as the good Quakers of Richmond, Va., see it. Thus the agitation is continued on all sides.

The tenth Zionist congress, concluded with a banquet in honor of David Wolffsohn. In this everybody participated. Why not? Poor Wolffsohn has been stripped of his power.

We note that the Knights of Zion must prepare to contest their autonomy before the Zionist court of last resort. Of the outcome, in view of the action of the congress, there does not seem to be much doubt.

The latest census of Russian Poland shows that 1,748,000 Jews, 14 per cent. of the total population, inhabit the country. Curiously enough, their number is constantly on the increase, and this in spite of all the oppression and persecution to which they are subjected. In the Polish districts of Germany and Austria, however, the contrary is the case.

While we are all agreed that Hebrew as a living tongue must be diligently taught to our children, we seem to forget occasionally that excellent facilities for a complete Hebrew education—from primary school through the university, as it were—exist in this and other cities of our country. Our people should be keen to realize their advantages; the disease has been made much of, let the remedy be vigorously applied.

But another week and the New Year is here again. These are the days for the formulation of resolutions, not in high-sounding phrases, but in the purpose of abiding by them through 5672 and all the following years of life. Though the proverbial resolves of the 1st of January are only made to be broken, let us as Jews prove that, while good Americans in all other respects, our New Year resolutions are made to be kept.

So, Israel Zangwill has written a new play called "The God of War." He is fully competent to write on such a theme, for, as the ICA and the Zionist organization can well testify, a better "warrior" has not been seen in a long day in the communal matters of Jewry. That this play has to do with peace is unconsciously a bit Zangwillian—*Was weiss der Bauer von Gurkensalat?* What does Zangwill, the ever militant, know of Andrew Carnegie?

Jewish Charities, the excellent bulletin of the national conference, enters upon the second year of its independent existence with a number of well-edited and sharply-differentiated departments. Child-caring is in the hands of Ludwig B. Bernstein; relief is presided over by Morris D. Waldman; Boris D. Bogen controls settlements, and David M. Bressler does as much for immigration. With such a galaxy of editorial talent the magazine should prove authoritative in its chosen field.

The *Jewish Criterion* pours the vials of its indignation, justifiably enough, upon the officials of the town of Cecil, Allegheny County, Pa., in the streets of which a sign with the words: "Jews Not Allowed in This City," was publicly displayed. Cecil is a mining town, and we look for prompt official action in the premises. Especially is this extremely necessary when one remembers what took place in these days in mining towns in South Wales, not at the other end of the earth from Pennsylvania.

A CATALOGUE OF SINS.

A "Hebrew" political club is of interest, asks us to give a READER of this journal, to whom our remarks on him a number of reasons why a "Hebrew" political club is an abomination in the sight of good citizens. We need hardly repeat, we take it, all the arguments we have advanced against the formation and the existence of these "mongrel" associations in these columns from time to time. Such would surely be a work of supererogation.

What our reader probably would have is a list of reasons, in catalogue form, why these "Hebrew" political clubs offend those who hold the name and fame of Jewry dear. Here they follow:

1. A "Hebrew" political club confounds a man's religion with his politics. The two are absolutely and irrevocably divorced in this country.
2. A "Hebrew" political club seeks to further the interests of a political party, or the adherents of a particular party, on invidious grounds—because of real or fancied service to or of real or fancied predilections for Jews. This is quite un-American.
3. A "Hebrew" political club blooms at night, as it were. Its genesis is forced; its continued existence depends upon misguided dupes. In other words, the "main organizers" use the club for their own altruistic (?) purposes.
4. A "Hebrew" political club does not command the respect of non-Hebrew voters of the same political faith. They see Jews who vaunt their Judaism in their politics, yet who defy the traditions of Israel in the most shamefaced and outrageous manner.
5. A "Hebrew" political club lays the Jews fairly open to the charge of "clannishness." Why should Jews foregather together as members of a great political organization based on no distinction of creed?
6. A "Hebrew" political club, lastly, does nothing for the Jews save put a few of the "main organizers" in office. If the Jews are attacked, if it becomes necessary to defend the Jews or to speak in their behalf, a "Hebrew" political club is usually silent. Silence is the price of party regularity, say the "main organizers."

We cull the following from *The Tribune*, of Salt Lake City, and introduce it to the attention of our readers without prefatory comment:

No one will deny the right of each component element of our hybrid nationality to claim and uphold a certain racial and civic dignity and to compel its recognition. But there is such a thing as stage license, which is interdicted in its broadest sense in vaudeville. One of the chief elements of amusement is exaggeration, and the caricature is the result of this tendency to distort or ridiculously embellish nature for amusement purposes only, and the average theatregoer is broadminded enough to take this type of entertainment at its face value without trying to find under its humor a personal insult because it puts on the mimetic gall his race or nationality.

Why, above all others, should the Hebrew caricature be abolished? Nine times out of ten it is more faithfully depicted than others, because nine times out of ten the principal ingredient of the caricature will be found to be genuine Hebrew. Obviously, the Hebrew has an advantage over all others in caricaturing himself. The caricature act is a strong factor in vaudeville. But if the caricature of one nationality is tabooed why not abolish all?

We believe, if any one desires, a good argument against the continuance of Hebrew acts in vaudeville (so-called), it may be found in the above extract. 'Tis true, 'tis a pity, that so many Hebrew vaudevillians (they should be called vaudevillians) regard the caricature of their co-religionists as quite humorous, to say nothing worse. But, the sooner these class acts, of every nature and description, are abolished from our vaudeville stage, the better for all concerned.

The Modern View, of St. Louis, thinks ill of our strictures regarding its recent editorial utterance anent the performance of civic duties by Jews on the Sabbath. We regret to find that our contemporary, which lays claim to the title of Jewish journal, exhibits such a polarity of mind as the following would indicate:

"We would think ill of any Jew who refused to perform a necessary, vital civic duty because the day happened to be Saturday."

The Modern View states that it sees "only an irrational (the italics are ours) adherence to a ceremonial form in the refusal of an applicant, for American naturalization papers declining to sign them because the day happened to be Saturday." Does not this opinion demonstrate conclusively our contemporary's infirmity to pose as a moulder of public Jewish opinion? Some of our most prominent Americans have been men who joined to a fervid loyalty to this land an uncompromising fidelity to traditional Judaism. In their presence none would have dared suggest that signing a naturalization application on the Sabbath made the applicant fit to be an American, and that refusing to do so would have the converse effect. *The Modern View* should learn what is true *Derech Eretz!*

Outbreaks of hooliganism, from which several Jewish communities in South Wales suffered so acutely, spread in a mild form to London. There, in a large city, which naturally is quite adequately policed and garrisoned, little or no damage was done. This incipient riot, however, is of a distinctly quieting character. Here, in the United States such scenes could be easily duplicated. Especially in the small towns of our South and West; inhabited by only a few of our people, rioters could speedily work irreparable havoc with the persons and property of these stray co-religionists.

CATHOLIC ISRAEL.

אתם נצבים היום כלכם לפני ד' אלקיכם ראשיכם שנטיכם וקניכם. שמריכם כל איש ישראל: מפנים ונשיכם וגרך אשר בקרב מהנדך מחמב עזיך עד שאב מימך:

"You stand this day all of you before the Eternal your God: your captains of your tribes, your elders and your officers—all the men of Israel, Your little ones, your wives and the stranger that is in thy camp, from the hewer of thy wood unto the drawer of thy water.—(Deut. 29:3, 10.)

Moses is denied entrance into the promised land. His face is set toward that other Promised Land which lies beyond the boundaries of the seen world. Standing as he does on the brink of eternity, he is anxious concerning the future of his people, and therefore addresses to them a final admonition. His soul emits one long brilliant flash, much the same as a low-burning wick spends itself in one final, heroic effort at conquering the hostile darkness. Let this last ray of light extend into the centuries to come; let the generations yet to be born live and become blessed by its radiance.

Let, moreover, the whole of his people enjoy this light and this blessedness. Such is Moses' intention. There shall be no class distinctions to rend the body of the nation into shreds. They stand before him and before God. They are all alike. Old and young, man and woman, noble and commoner, master and slave, are all members of the people of God, parties to the covenant that shall bind them in common and forevermore. Even the stranger in the camp, who has been put to menial service, even he is included in the pact. Whatever duties are assigned to the one are assigned to the other. Whatever reward may fall to the one shall fall to the other. Whatever fate the future may have in store for the people as a whole shall be shared by the individual members of the people. The life of the individuals shall combine to form the life of the nation. The aggregate of the aspirations of each individual shall be the substance of Israel's national aspirations. The nation shall be a large reservoir to hold the spirit throbbing in each individual heart.

Thus was the idea of Catholic Israel born. Thus did the fact of the Catholicity of Israel come into being. The chief purpose of this all-embracing pact between God and Israel, is the creation of a perfect people—a people that shall be the symbol of the Reign of Righteousness on earth. In order that this purpose may be accomplished, the first requirement is a definite, clear-cut national consciousness. But such national consciousness is impossible where individuals, their self-will having run amuck, refuse to bend themselves to a common task; and much less where class consciousness exists making for internecine strife. What made possible the creation of a Greater Germany and of a Greater Italy was that the national consciousness has at length overcome the petty State-consciousness. Similarly in Israel, a definite national consciousness is necessary that shall transcend and obliterate small class distinctions, if our national purpose be accomplished and we stand before God and men as a "kingdom of priests and a holy people." There is a deep significance in the change of pronouns used by Moses in his address to the people. He begins with the word "attenu"—second person plural. He continues with "leorecho"—second person singular. *You is changed into Thou.* That is to say, let your several individualities combine into One Nation consecrated by and to One Aim.

How far we have swerved from this ideal of the Catholicity of Israel, our present-day Jewish life shows. Class distinctions have never been quite as ripe and as virulent as nowadays. We speak with contempt and even with hatred about each other. We hear of "these Jews" and "those Jews"; of Uptown and Downtown; of Occidental and Oriental Jews, etc. Certain vulgar names, contrived by the hatred of our enemies to designate some of our idiosyncrasies—peculiarities that are inoffensive but for their relative oddity, we ourselves have eagerly caught up to use them against our own flesh and blood.

The best men and women in our community recognize this to be a deplorable and disgraceful state of affairs. They, however, seldom consider to what extent they themselves contribute, though indirectly, to the evil. The first cause of this evil is the weakening, the blurring, of our national consciousness. These good men and women are very anxious to deny the existence of a Jewish nation. Is it then a wonder that so many class lines are drawn in the absence of an all-unifying national consciousness? The remedy for the evil clearly lies not in weakening but in intensifying Jewish national consciousness.

The second cause of the evil lies in certain secessionistic religious movements in our midst. I refer to the Reform movement. Whatever its apologists say for it, history will condemn it as the most serious offensive ever perpetrated against the Catholicity of Israel. It has not proceeded, it has seceded, from the body and the consciousness of Israel. It has not united, it has disunited us. Did I say history will condemn it? History is already condemning it. The manifest failure of Reform among us is directly due to the fact that it is without the sanction of Catholic Israel. Reforms may come and reforms may go—but Catholic Israel shall stand forever.

RABBI JOEL BLAU.

We learn that the late Chief Rabbi Adler did not believe that evidence of the union into a sort of Masonic society of our rabbis and sages in the days of our nationhood could be found. We always knew that Dr. Adler was eminently sane and practical; hence we are not surprised to have this added proof of his refusal to bow to popular misconceptions. Although Masonry in a legendary sense goes back to King Solomon, and might even be traced to Adam, the first man, so far as such a pleasantry is concerned, historically its antiquity does not extend beyond 300 years. Jews might remember this fact for good.

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It does not require a crazy priest-like Heliodorus, the mad monk of Tzaritsyn, to predict that attacks on the Jews of Russia by the Black Hundreds are impending. Any sane individual, who is able to read the history of Russia for the past thirty years, could easily venture upon such a prediction. The question is, For whom does Heliodorus speak? In whose name, as it were, does he prophesy? And to this an answer is not far to seek. He enjoys, we are informed by the press, the undoubted favor of Nicholas the Unspeaking, who has publicly signified his approval of the priest's antics. Heliodorus is a force to wear the "little father's" good, orthodox children away from Nihilists, "heathen Jews" and other "reprobates," hence the Czar loves him, and thus his forecast of anti-Jewish outbursts seems to us to have been inspired by the Czar of all the Russias himself. Let the world take heed of conditions such as these. If they do not cry out to heaven itself for adjustment and correction, if a war against Russia by all civilized nations of the earth be not necessary as a war of humanity, then our ideas of what constitutes civilization and of the meaning of barbarism must be thoroughly revised. Were Nicholas the Unspeaking possessed of a spark of human feeling, he would never permit the black hundreds to come together in convention for even a single moment of time. But he is the "worthy" successor of his father, Alexander III. We profoundly and sincerely hope that Heliodorus' prediction is simply an ebullition of savage spirit. But when we remember that so many of our brethren in faith are compelled to exist in that gigantic pest-hole of a prison which is called Russia, that they are mere chaff before the wind of fervor of the creatures of a mad monk like Heliodorus, then we say from the bottom of our hearts, prayerfully, "God help the Jews of Russia."

The Anglo-Jewish press rightly continues to discuss the South Wales riots in editorials and paragraphs. To say that Anglo-Jewry, not to speak of all the other Jewries throughout the world, has been dealt a "solar plexus" blow at its sense of ease, self-esteem and security by this occurrence, is to put it mildly. Our contemporary, *The Jewish Chronicle*, sees in the Russian bear the monster which made the hooligans in the Welsh mining districts adopt their measures of anti-Jewish repression. At all events, Russia and her dastardly pogroms is the mother of the Welsh riotings. Out of all the turmoil, however, one encouraging fact stands out boldly: The people of rank and station, the non-Jews of position and refinement, in the affected localities, have made it publicly known that they thoroughly wish to be dissociated from the elements which rendered the latter days of August so disquieting to every lover of true British fair play.

To consider whether Jewish life in our day and generation has intimate bearings upon traditional Jewish culture is to cut open a veritable apple of discord. For, this is a problem which affects the Zionists, as opposed by the *Misrachi* element in their own movement, and that free-thinker, M. Salomon Reinach, high in the councils of the *Alliance Israelite Universelle*. The *Misrachi* Zionists will have nothing to do with any educational institution in the Holy Land which stands for a de-Judaized Jewish life. Orthodox Jews have been pained to find that M. Reinach, to whom Judaism does not exist as race or religion, but possibly only as an historical fact, should be so dominant a factor in the educational work of the *Alliance*. The man or the movement that can unite such discordant elements for the weal and the uplift of Jewry will rank high in the modern history of the people of Israel.

The vice-president of the ICA, the orator of the day at the annual general meeting last July, gave an interesting *résumé* of the work of his body, on which we commented at

the time. We are now in possession of the complete and detailed report for 1910 of the Jewish Colonization Association. In this the work of this organization in its numerous ramifications is set out with great particularity. So gigantic an institution as the ICA has become must be somewhat verbose in making its annual account to the Jewish public. It maintains philanthropic activities in the Argentine, the scene of the late Baron de Hirsch's earliest efforts at amelioration; Brazil, Canada, the United States (through well-known existing agencies), Palestine and Cyprus, Asiatic Turkey, Russia, Roumania, Galicia, and is interested in the work of kindred societies and emigration movements. One point in the report before us demands comment. The vice-president mentioned the circumstance that litigation was necessary to prevent the ICA's colonists in the Argentine from acquiring title to their land before the date therefor fixed by their contracts. The colonists were quite willing to make up the requisite payments therefor, but the ICA, on entirely justifiable grounds, refused to accept them. The ICA would be false to its ideals, false to the spirit in which its founder created the organization, if it permitted such a condition of affairs to come to pass. The ICA's object is to foster Jewish agriculture, to encourage Jewish farmers, not to develop under the Southern Cross representatives of the Immerglaubs and Rochmonitzes of Montague Glass.

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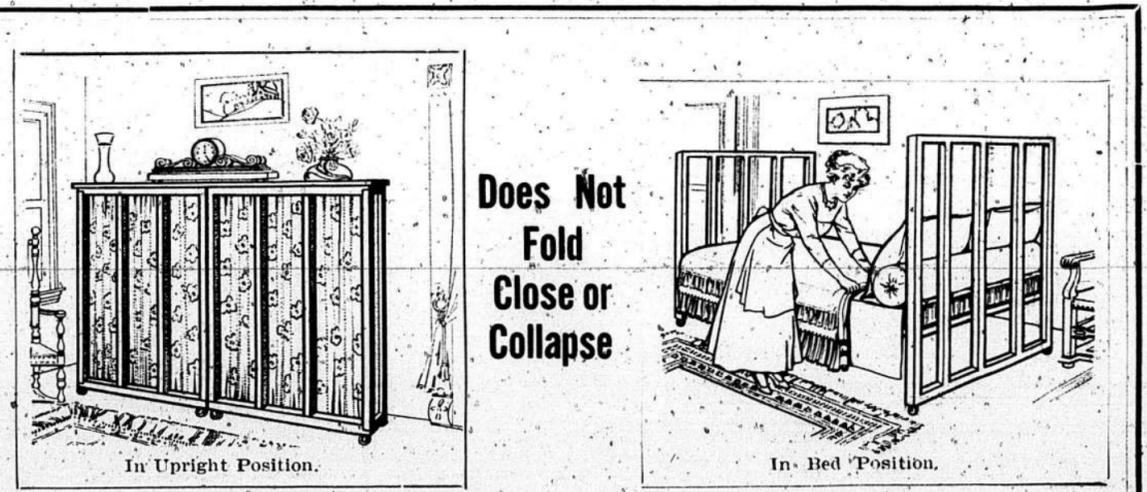
is detrimental to them in their business relations. The course of these judges is eminently correct, because it means in plain talk that the applicants are ashamed of their religion.

A few days ago one of the judges of the above court denied an application for the organization of a charitable corporation under a name which was in the Hebrew language, because he didn't know what the name of the corporation meant and nobody else would know unless it was translated to him. He contended the name of a corporation for any purpose should be in the English language, and that is the only language in which the favor of the State should be extended. He is certainly

right, and the sooner it is understood generally the better.

A Jewish corporation should incorporate under an understandable title, and if they want to add the Hebrew one let them do so in a subordinate way. I believe the action of the judge should be heartily applauded.
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to be built under the provisions of this section work shall be made by the state engineer and the work shall be executed, inspected and paid for in the same manner as all other work in this act provided for.

§ 6. When the lands under water and the uplands which now belong to the city of New York and which shall be required for any terminal agreed upon by the board of estimate and apportionment of said city and the canal board shall have been ceded to the state of New York and the state shall have acquired such other lands, now privately owned, which shall be required for such terminal; and further provided, that when the city of New York and the state of New York shall have agreed upon the replacement value of existing improvements, at the site of any terminal in this section provided for to be paid by the state for such existing improvements, and such negotiations between the city and the state with reference to any such terminal, including the conveyance of the land owned by the city and the payment by the state of the replacement value of existing improvements shall have been consummated, such terminal shall be constructed.

Lands under water and uplands now belonging to the city of New York shall not be taken by condemnation for terminal purposes, but by agreement between the city of New York, acting through its board of estimate and apportionment, and the state, acting through the canal board, with the approval of the governor, and such agreement may fix the compensation to be paid to the city, if any, for the respective rights of the city and state to income derived from the use of the docks and the rates to be charged for such use, but the state shall have sole title to the terminals, lands under water and uplands and the sole right to the management, regulation, construction and maintenance thereof.

The canal board may, subject to the foregoing provisions of this act, construct in the city of New York at the several locations hereinafter in this section designated, or at the alternative locations designated, or at such other locations as near as possible to the locations and alternative locations hereinafter designated, as may be agreed upon between the board of estimate and apportionment of said city and the canal board of the state of New York to conform with the improvement of New York harbor. Agreement as to locations of terminals and their construction, between said boards, shall not be required in cases where the lands to be acquired by the state are not owned in whole or in part by the city. In cases where the lands to be acquired shall be changed pursuant hereto and such change shall make advisable in the opinion of the canal board changes in the structures herein provided for terminals or alternative terminals designated, structures shall be constructed in accordance with plans to be prepared by the state engineer and approved by the canal board.

Wherever in this section it is provided that the state shall acquire lands or property, and where such lands or property belong, in whole or in part, to the city of New York, the manner of acquisition of the right, title and interest of the city of New York therein shall be by agreement between the canal board and the board of estimate and apportionment of the city of New York and not otherwise. Lands and other property of owners other than the city of New York shall be acquired as provided in section eight of this act.

A terminal to be known as The Port of Call may be constructed on the North River at the location known as the point about two hundred feet north of Dyckman street, in the borough of Manhattan, and extending northerly for a distance of approximately two thousand two hundred feet to or near the entrance to the Harlem ship canal. There may also be provided a suitable number of dolphins or pile clusters for sufficient stability, and timber booms shall be provided for the mooring of the bows of a row of dolphins to provide a breakwater behind which canal barges may lie, and such booms shall inclose the largest permissible area of such area as is required in the judgment of the state engineer, and this area shall be dredged where necessary to provide a depth of at least twelve feet at low tide. At such other locations in this area there may be constructed, in the discretion of the canal board, a pier fifty feet wide and extending from the shore to the pierhead line and the character of the said pier in general plan and in materials used shall conform to the piers generally constructed by the city of New York on the Manhattan water front. The city of New York shall properly pave and maintain a street to provide an outlet from the said pier to Dyckman street, in case said improvements are made.

At or near the foot of West One Hundred and Thirty-fifth street, borough of Manhattan, on the North River, there may be constructed, in the discretion of the canal board, a pier one hundred feet wide extending from the bulkhead to the pierhead line, and there may be erected upon this pier a steel-reinforced concrete shed three hundred feet long by sixty feet wide and two power-operated traveling cranes, with the necessary tracks therefor, may be installed. At or near the foot of West One Hundred and Thirty-fifth street, borough of Manhattan, on the North River, there may be constructed a pier sixty feet wide and extending from the bulkhead to the pierhead line.

The state of New York may take over the canal basin located on the North River from West Fifty-first street to West One Hundred and Twenty-fifth street, in the borough of Manhattan, and reserved as such, in the manner hereinbefore in this section provided, and there may, in the discretion of the canal board, be constructed a new pier eighty feet wide at or near the foot of West Fifty-third street extending from the bulkhead to the pierhead line, and a steel-reinforced concrete shed forty feet wide and three hundred feet long may be erected upon the outer end of this pier, and two power-operated traveling cranes, with the necessary tracks therefor, may be installed on the pier. The replacement value of the existing improvements at this terminal shall be allowed to the city of New York to be added in the manner in this section before provided.

numbers four, five, six and seven and the bulkheads between them and adjacent to them shall be a part of the barge canal terminal. The replacement value of the existing improvements at this terminal shall be allowed to the city of New York and shall be added in the manner in this section before provided.

The state may acquire in the manner in this section hereinbefore provided all right, title and interest in and to the lands under water at the foot of Grand street and at the foot of Broome street, in the borough of Manhattan, and the eastern boundary of East street, the pierhead line and the above last named two parcels, and there may be constructed immediately south of Broome street a pier eighty feet wide and extending from a new bulkhead to the pierhead line, and upon the recommendation of the superintendent of public works, and subject to the approval of the commissioner of docks of the city of New York, and in the discretion of the canal board, a new pier shall be constructed to the south of the Broome street pier herein provided for, at a suitable distance therefrom, and of such dimensions and with such equipment as the state engineer may recommend and the canal board shall approve.

A pier may be constructed in Sherman creek a pier fifty feet wide and nine hundred and sixty feet long, said pier to lie parallel with and about one hundred and forty-seven feet distant from the crib bulkhead already there constructed by the city, and the necessary excavation shall be made to provide a slip and approach channel twelve feet deep at mean low tide. The state may acquire in the manner hereinbefore in this section provided all right, title and interest in and to such part of Sherman creek as may be necessary for the construction and proper operation of this pier. The city of New York shall provide an approach to the streets necessary to provide an approach to this pier.

The state may acquire for the creation of a barge canal terminal in the borough of the Bronx, in the city of New York, the so-called Astor property, or so much thereof as may be necessary for the creation of a terminal on the Fifty-fifth street on the Harlem river.

If the canal board shall not acquire upon reasonable and satisfactory terms a site on the aforementioned Astor property above East One Hundred and Fifty-fifth street on the Harlem river, the state may acquire the land necessary for the creation of a barge canal terminal on the easterly side of the Harlem river, in the borough of the Bronx, at such location as may be agreed upon by the canal board and the board of estimate and apportionment of the city of New York, and a barge canal terminal upon the site determined upon shall be constructed upon plan to be prepared by the state engineer, subject to the approval of the canal board.

When the federal government shall have provided for the deepening of the channel through the Bronx kills to a depth of fifteen feet of water at mean low tide there may be constructed, at the foot of East One Hundred and Thirty-sixth street, in the borough of Manhattan, a pier sixty feet wide and extending from the bulkhead to the pierhead line and the necessary excavation of the adjoining land under water shall be made to give a depth of at least twelve feet of water at mean low tide.

The state may acquire in the manner hereinbefore in this section provided such property lying at or near the junction of New York and the East River together with the adjacent land under water lying between such property and the pierhead or bulkhead lines, and on such property there may be constructed at least two suitable piers and on one of these piers there may be erected a steel-reinforced concrete shed three hundred feet long by sixty feet wide and two power-operated traveling cranes, and the necessary tracks therefor, may be installed at this terminal and the necessary tracks therefor, may be installed at this terminal.

The state may acquire at Gowanus bay in the borough of Brooklyn such lands under water and uplands as may be deemed necessary for the barge canal terminal, whether the lands required are privately owned or owned by the city of New York. Such portions of the property acquired as shall be immediately required for the construction of the piers and slips and the above provided for shall be reserved for the future development of this terminal as the barge canal terminal may require. The site of this terminal shall be determined by the canal board and, as far as practicable, they shall coordinate such determinations at the location that shall be selected with the determination to be made by the city of New York on the Brooklyn water front of Gowanus bay and the East River.

To this end the canal board in determining the location of the barge canal terminal at Gowanus bay shall give consideration to the relative advantages of sites at the several sites and the cost of acquiring the land at such sites and the cost of equipping said sites, and shall also confer with the appropriate official or officials of the city of New York with reference thereto, but the decision of the canal board with reference to the location of the terminal and all other matters pertaining thereto shall be final.

When the state shall have acquired the necessary property the state engineer shall make plans for the development of a barge canal terminal upon the said property, which terminal in dimensions, capacity, availability and other requirements and particulars requisite in a proper terminal for barge canal traffic shall correspond as nearly as practicable to the structures and equipment above proposed and described for the terminal, and such plans shall be subject to the approval of the canal board, and if so approved such terminal shall be constructed upon the property so acquired. Provided that nothing in this section shall be construed to permit the construction of more than one terminal.

There may be provided a large commodious barge canal terminal at Jamaica bay, upon the recommendation of the canal board, with piers, slips, warehouses, tracks, machinery and appliances for the loading and unloading and transfer of freight. The site of such terminal shall be determined by the canal board after conference with the official of the city of New York, and shall co-ordinate with the improvements now being made and contemplated to be made by the city of New York and the national government. When such improvements shall be determined upon and directed by the canal board the plans therefor shall be made by the state engineer and approved by the canal board, and a terminal in accordance with such plans shall be constructed when the legislature shall make an appropriation therefor. Provided, that no part of the moneys realized under the provisions of this act shall be appropriated for the construction of this terminal.

to exceed ninety-five thousand dollars; at Oswego, not to exceed eight hundred and fifty thousand dollars; at Syracuse, not to exceed one million four hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars; at Rome, not to exceed one hundred and twenty thousand dollars; at Utica, not to exceed one hundred and twenty thousand dollars; at Little Falls, not to exceed one hundred and twenty thousand dollars; between Herkimer and Mohawk, not to exceed fifty thousand dollars; at Fort Plain, not to exceed thirty-five thousand dollars; at Canajoharie, not to exceed forty thousand dollars; at Schenectady, not to exceed three hundred thousand dollars; at Mechanicville, not to exceed six hundred thousand dollars; at Plattsburgh, not to exceed one hundred thousand dollars; at Port Henry, not to exceed one hundred thousand dollars; at Rouses Point, not to exceed sixty-five thousand dollars; at Troy, not to exceed five hundred and thirty thousand dollars; at Albany, not to exceed three hundred and thirty thousand dollars; and at the city of New York not to exceed nine million seven hundred and forty thousand dollars.

§ 8. The state engineer may, with the approval of the canal board and subject to the following conditions and subject to the (other) provisions of this act, acquire by purchase, gift, donation and use lands, structures and waters specifically described in this act, and such others, the appropriation of which for the barge canal terminals or for the utilization and full control by the state or for the purposes authorized by this act shall in his judgment be necessary. Accurate surveys and maps of all such lands, structures and waters shall be made by the state engineer, who shall annex thereto his certificate that the lands, structures and waters therein described are necessary for the barge canal terminals. If the same shall be approved by the canal board such maps, surveys and certificates shall be filed in the office of the superintendent of public works, and a copy of such maps, surveys and certificates shall also be filed in the office of the superintendent of public works. The superintendent of public works shall thereupon serve upon the owner of any property so appropriated a notice of the filing and of the date of filing of every such map, survey and certificate of his office, which notice shall also specifically describe the portion of such property belonging to such owner which by the said approval of the canal board has been so appropriated for the use of the canal terminals of the state. If the superintendent of public works shall not be satisfied with the maps, surveys and certificates so filed, he may serve notice upon the owner personally within this state after making efforts so to do, which in his judgment are under the circumstances reasonable and proper, he may serve the same by filing it with the clerk of the county wherein the property so appropriated is situated. From the time of the service of such notice the entry upon and the receipt and use of the same and place where the same will be opened and the same shall be deemed complete, and such notice so served shall be conclusive evidence of such entry and appropriation and of the quantity and boundaries of the property appropriated. The superintendent of public works may cause a duplicate copy of such notice to be filed with the clerk of the county of such county in the state where any of the property described in such notice is situated, and the record of such notice and such proof of service shall be prima facie evidence of the due service thereof. The court of sessions of the county in which the same powers and duties or by which it is or may be superseded, shall have jurisdiction to determine the amount of compensation for lands, structures and water so appropriated.

The special examiner and appraiser appointed by the governor pursuant to chapter one hundred and ninety-five of the laws of nineteen hundred and eight, in relation to the acquisition of lands, structures and waters, or property rights pertaining thereto, or of the superintendent of public works, may fix and determine with each or any of said respective owners upon a fair valuation of any specific portion of said real property, structures, waters or property rights to be acquired, and such agreement shall be in writing and signed by such owner or owners or person or persons designated by the special examiner and appraiser, and shall be submitted by said special examiner and appraiser to the superintendent of public works, who, if he shall approve, shall submit said agreement to the canal board, with his recommendations for approval.

It is possible by means of such appraisal and agreement to acquire for the state a good title to the entire interest of any specific parcel of land or other property or right required within the survey made by the state engineer and surveyor and certified by him, pursuant to this act, and the state shall be entitled to the same right to obtain such specific property or right, though condemnation proceedings or resort by said owners to the court of claims or its successor, or to pay the agreed damage, said canal board shall approve such agreement so entered into, and upon the presentation and delivery of proper conveyances, releases and satisfactions, duly executed by the owner or owners, the canal board may certify its acceptance thereof to the comptroller for payment under the provisions of this act, to the owner, owners or person or persons designated therein. Upon the warrant of the comptroller, after due audit by him, the treasurer shall pay to the person or persons entitled to the same the amounts specified therein. In settlement of the property taken is made by the special examiner and appraiser appointed by the governor pursuant to chapter one hundred and ninety-five of the laws of nineteen hundred and eight, the persons whose property has been taken or who have been damaged and who have agreed upon the amount of compensation to be paid for the property is approved by the attorney-general, shall be entitled to interest upon the amount of such compensation from the time of the service of the aforesaid notice of appropriation to the date of the payment of the amount agreed upon, or the service by the comptroller of the notice as aforesaid provided, and the comptroller shall pay to the person or persons entitled thereon the amount of interest due thereon upon the application of any person entitled thereto, their heirs or assigns. Interest as authorized by this section shall cease upon the service by the comptroller upon the person entitled thereto as hereinbefore provided of a notice that the state is ready and willing to pay the amount agreed upon upon the presentation of proper proof and vouchers. The attorney-general shall furnish to the comptroller and state treasurer all searches necessary to prove the title to the lands taken. The state treasurer shall pay to the persons with whom an agreement has been made, the amount of interest in the amount of such interest, which moneys shall be paid by the treasurer on the warrant of the comptroller after certification to the said comptroller by the county clerk that the bills presented by said persons have been included and paid by the person whose property has been taken.

§ 9. All the work herein authorized shall be done by contract. The canal board, upon the recommendation of the state engineer, may modify, redesign or change any of the structures or terminals or relocate the same within any of the cities, villages or towns specified in this act. The state engineer, the superintendent of public works and the canal board shall proceed to perform their duties hereunder with diligence when this act takes effect. The state engineer shall divide the whole work at each terminal into such sections or portions as may be deemed for the best interests of the state in carrying out the same, and shall make maps, plans and specifications for each of the terminal and structures to be constructed, and shall ascertain with all practicable accuracy the quantity of embankment, excavation and masonry,

the quantity and quality of all materials to be used and all other items of work to be placed under contract, and make a detailed estimate of the cost of the same, and a statement thereof with the said maps, plans and specifications, when adopted by the canal board, shall be filed in his office and a copy thereof shall be filed in the office of the superintendent of public works, and a copy shall be filed in the office of the canal board, and publicly exhibited to every person proposing or desiring to make a proposal for such work. The quantities contained in such statement shall be used in determining the cost of the work according to the different proposals received, and when the contracts for any such work are awarded every such statement with the maps, plans and specifications, and all other papers relating to such work advertised and which may be necessary to identify the plan and extent of the work embraced in such contract shall be filed in the office of the state engineer with a certificate of the superintendent of public works stating the time and place of the filing of the same, and shall be made in any such map, plan or specification, or the plan of any work under contract during its progress, except with the consent and approval of the superintendent of public works and the state engineer, nor unless a description of such alteration and such approval be in writing and signed by the parties making the same and a copy thereof filed in the office of the state engineer. No change of plan or specification which will increase the expense of any such work or create any claim against the state for damage arising therefrom shall be made unless in writing and setting forth the object of the change, its cost, amount and the expense thereof, be submitted to the state engineer and their assent thereto at a meeting when the state engineer was present is obtained. No extra or unspecified work shall be certified for payment unless said work is done pursuant to the written order of the state engineer and payment therefor shall not be made unless approved by the canal board.

§ 10. All the work herein specified shall be done by contract executed in triplicate as required by law and entered into by the superintendent of public works on the part of the state after having been advertised once a week for four successive weeks in two newspapers published in the city of New York, one of which shall be published in the interest of engineering and contracting and one each in the cities of Albany, Troy, Rochester, Buffalo, Syracuse, Utica and Plattsburgh, and one in each county where the particular piece of work advertised is located, and it shall be the duty of the superintendent of public works to combine in one notice of advertisement as many pieces of work as practicable. The advertisement shall be limited to a brief description of the work proposed to be let with announcement stating where the map, plans and specifications are on exhibition and the terms and conditions under which bids are to be received and the time and place where the same will be opened and the same may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this act. The proposals received pursuant to said advertisement shall be publicly opened and read at the time and place designated. Every proposal must be accompanied by a money deposit in the form of a draft or certified check upon some good bank or trust company in the city of Albany or the city of New York, issued by a national or state bank or trust company in good credit within the state, and payable at sight to the superintendent of public works for five per centum of the amount of the proposal. In case the proposer to whom such contract shall be awarded fails to execute and enter into such contract within the time fixed by the superintendent of public works such deposit shall be forfeited to the state, paid to the state treasurer and become a part of the fund hereby created. In case the contract be made such deposit shall be returned to the contractor. In case where the amount of the proposal is less than ten thousand dollars and the work does not exceed ten thousand dollars the method of advertising may be abridged and the work may be advertised by circular letters and posters when in the judgment of the superintendent of public works, approved by the canal board, such course may be desirable or necessary. The superintendent of public works may reject all bids and re-advertise the same if the contract in his judgment the interests of the state will be enhanced thereby. No contract which exceeds by more than ten per centum the gross cost as estimated by the state engineer or by more than twenty per centum the cost of any item of work to be awarded, unless such award shall be approved by the state engineer and canal board. The contract in a form to be approved by the attorney-general shall be made with the person, firm or corporation who shall offer to do and perform the same at the lowest price and who shall give adequate security for the faithful and complete performance of the contract, and such security shall be approved as to character and sufficiency by the superintendent of public works and with the advice and consent of the canal board, and as to form by the attorney-general, and shall be at least ten per centum of the amount of the contract price of the work according to the estimate of the state engineer and shall be subject to the provisions of the labor law of the state. If in the judgment of the state engineer the work upon any contract is not being performed according to the contract or for the best interests of the state he shall so certify to the canal board, and the canal board shall thereupon have power to suspend the contractor from such contract while it is in progress and direct the superintendent of public works, and it shall thereupon become his duty to complete the same in such manner as will accord with the contract specifications and be for the best interests of the state, or the contract may be canceled and re-advertised for the same or a new contract may be made for such excess in the cost of completing the contract beyond the price for which the same was originally awarded shall be charged to and paid by the contractor failing to perform the work. If at any time in the conduct of the work under any contract it shall become apparent to the state engineer that any item in the contract will exceed in quantity or estimate by more than fifteen per centum he shall so certify to the canal board, and the canal board shall thereupon determine whether the work in excess thereof shall be completed by the contractor under the terms and at the prices specified in the contract or whether it shall be done by or furnished by the state. If the work is done by or furnished by the state a special contract shall be made for such excess in the manner above prescribed. Every contract shall reserve to the superintendent of public works the right to suspend or cancel the contract as above provided and to complete the same or re-advertise and re-let the same as the state engineer may determine, and also shall reserve to the superintendent of public works the right to enter upon and complete any item of the contract which shall exceed in quantity the engineer's estimate by more than fifteen per centum or to make a special contract for such excess, as the canal board may determine.

§ 11. The superintendent of public works may, from time to time, upon the certificate of the state engineer, pay to the contractor or contractors a sum not exceeding ninety per centum of the value of the work performed, and such certificate of the state engineer must state the amount of work performed and its total value, but in all cases not less than ten per centum of the estimate thus certified must be retained until the contract is completed and approved by the state engineer and the superintendent of public works.

§ 12. All measurements, inspections and estimates shall be made by the state engineer and the engineers and inspectors appointed by him. The superintendent of public works in the performance of the duties devolving upon him by this act may rely upon the certificates of the state engineer and his assistants as to the amount, character and quality of the work done and materials furnished.

§ 13. Upon the recommendation of the superintendent of public works and with the approval of the canal board such railroad tracks as may be deemed necessary shall be laid by the state and from time to time changed, removed or relocated upon any terminal provided for in this act and across any intersecting street which is in the possession of the state or the city of New York in such manner as will not obstruct any railroad made therewith by the tracks of any railroad

corporation in the vicinity of any such terminal and so as to permit of the convenient transfer and exchange of freight between cars and boats, and the use of such tracks shall be allowed upon such terms and conditions and subject to the rules and regulations which may be prescribed from time to time by the canal board and which are not inconsistent with the provisions of this act.

Upon the recommendation of the superintendent of public works, and with the approval of the canal board, the terminals shall be equipped with such office accommodations as are necessary and suitable for stations where freight is received and shipped.

§ 14. The terminals provided for in this act when constructed shall be and remain the property of the state, and all of said terminals, including docks, locks, dams, bridges and machinery, shall be operated by it and shall remain under its management and control forever. None of such terminals, or any part of any such terminals shall be sold, leased or otherwise disposed of, nor shall they be neglected or allowed to fall into decay or disuse, but they shall be maintained for, and they shall not for any purpose whatsoever be in any manner or degree parted from the uses for which they are by this act provided for.

§ 15. The canal board is hereby authorized and directed to prescribe rules and regulations for the use of the terminals provided for in this act, and said board may alter such rules and regulations in its discretion from time to time. Such rules and regulations and the provisions of this act for the management, administration and control of terminals shall be enforced by the superintendent of public works. No license, lease, privilege, franchise, easement, grant or permit shall be given or allowed, solicited or accepted, with or without consideration, or under any circumstances, or for any reason or purpose, which shall be in violation of the provisions of any terminal or any part of any terminal by any person, persons, firm, joint-stock association or corporation, for any period of time or for any purpose whatsoever, except for such temporary or restricted use or occupancy as may be necessary or incident to the receipt, receipt or shipment of freight in transit and subject to any and all times to revocation by the canal board. Any use or occupancy of the tracks of any terminal by any railroad car in excess of the time actually necessary to load, unload or immediately re-load such car, or any use or occupancy of the terminal by goods, or by the receipt of such freight by vehicles bringing freight to or from the terminal, in excess of that actually necessary to the receipt, shipment or transfer thereof shall be deemed a misuse of such terminal, and any such car, goods, merchandise, or vehicles, may be summarily removed from the terminal, and the superintendent of public works, or any officer, agent or employee acting under him, and no claim for damages shall be enforceable against the state of New York or against said superintendent or any such officer, agent or employee because of such removal of freight or of any car, goods or merchandise stored upon any terminal or in the storehouse thereon, or be transferred, received or shipped at such terminal, and the privilege of such temporary storage or of such transfer, receipt or shipment, shall be subject to such equitable charges for such use as the canal board may establish and publish, and the superintendent of public works, or any officer, agent or employee shall pay the same into the state treasury, and he may retain any such freight until such charges are paid.

§ 16. Nothing in this act shall forbid the use of the waters adjacent to any terminal or the use of such terminal for landing place for pleasure craft, or barge carrying on the Hudson river and the waters of New York harbor, under such rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the canal board.

§ 17. All questions which under the provisions of this act shall be determined by the canal board shall be decided by a majority vote of all members of such board, and a full and complete record of all proceedings of such board shall be preserved, and a certified copy of its determination or action upon any question arising under this act shall be transmitted to the state engineer, and to the superintendent of public works.

§ 18. The sum of one million dollars (\$1,000,000) is hereby appropriated, payable out of the moneys realized from the sale of bonds as provided by section two of this act, and from the proceeds of other sales as provided in this act, to be expended to carry out the purposes of this act, and the sum of one million dollars to be paid to the treasurer on the first day of July, the comptroller, after due audit by him, upon the presentation of the draft of the superintendent of public works to the order of the contractor, if for construction work, or to his own order if for the completion by him of any unfinished contract, or for advertising, or for miscellaneous expenses connected with the work, or upon the presentation of the drafts of the state engineer for supervising or engineering expenses in connection with said work, or upon the presentation of the comptroller of accounts for miscellaneous expenses, or on the presentation of awards by the court of claims, or its said successor, or on the presentation of section eight hereof certified as hereinbefore provided, or on the presentation for lands appropriated as provided in section eight of this act, or for damages caused by the work of improvement hereby authorized.

§ 19. Any surplus arising from the sale of bonds over and above the cost of the work hereunder provided for shall be applied to the sinking fund for the payment of said bonds.

§ 20. Upon the approval of the state engineer and surveyor the superintendent of public works may sell at public or private sale any structures or other property upon the lands acquired for the purposes of this act, and any materials found in deposit or otherwise during the progress of the improvement hereby provided for and not necessary therefor, and the proceeds of such sale shall be applied to the cost of the work hereby directed.

§ 21. This law shall not take effect until it shall at a general election have been submitted to the people and have received a majority of the votes cast for and against it at such election; and the same shall be submitted to the people of this state at the general election to be held in November, nineteen hundred and eleven. The ballots to be furnished for the use of voters upon the submission of this law shall be in the form prescribed by the election law of this state, and the proposition or question to be submitted shall be substantially the following form, to-wit: "Shall the sum of one million nine hundred and eleven, entitled 'An act making provision for issuing bonds to the amount of not to exceed nineteen million eight hundred thousand dollars for the purpose of furnishing proper terminals and facilities for barge canal traffic, including the acquisition and interchange of property therefor, and for improving and fostering the commerce of the state and providing for a submission of the same to the people to be voted upon at the general election to be held in the year nineteen hundred and eleven,' be approved?"

State, ss. I have compared the foregoing with the original law on file in this office, and hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom, and the whole of said original law. Given under my hand and seal of office of the Secretary of State, at the City of Albany, this third day of July, in the year one thousand nine hundred and eleven. [L. S.] EDWARD LAZANSKY, Secretary of State.

FORM FOR SUBMISSION OF PROPOSITION NUMBER ONE.

"Shall chapter seven hundred and forty-six of the laws of nineteen hundred and eleven, entitled 'An act making provision for issuing bonds to the amount of not to exceed nineteen million eight hundred thousand dollars for the purpose of furnishing proper terminals and facilities for barge canal traffic, including the acquisition and interchange of property therefor, and for improving and fostering the commerce of the state and providing for a submission of the same to the people to be voted upon at the general election to be held in the year nineteen hundred and eleven,' be approved?"

Synagogue Dedication in Newark, N. J.

The new synagogue of the Congregation Oheb Shalom, on High street, near West Kinney street, was dedicated with appropriate exercises last week. The ceremonies began on Thursday evening, and after suitable prayers and responses, the Perpetual Lamp was lighted by Mr. Albert Stein, senior ex-president of the congregation. The key of the synagogue was presented by Mr. Emanuel Heyman, chairman of the Building Committee, and accepted by Samuel Schwarz, president of the congregation. A jubilee hymn, written by Rabbi Chas. I. Hoffman, with music composed by the Cantor, Max Helfere, was sung followed by a dedicatory prayer by Rabbi Hyman Brodsky and words of welcome by Rabbi Hoffman.

The dedicatory address was then given by Dr. Solomon Schechter. After a prayer for the government by Rabbi Solomon Foster, Hon. Woodrow Wilson, Governor of New Jersey, delivered an able address, in the course of which he said:

"As if by some intimation of what was to be said here by others, I choose to speak of this as a house of peace. I do not wish to speak of peace in the ordinary sense.

"It is in vain to seek peace so long as justice is not done. No man can be at peace with himself who does not do justice to his neighbor. No man can be at peace with society if society does not do him justice. The whole progress of liberty has been a revolt against injustice; it has been an effort to see that fairness and equity were impartial as between man and man. It has been a revolt of the human spirit against oppression and

suppression. Man says 'I was born in the image of God, and I insist upon those regal privileges which come from such an image. I will have no man put shackles upon my spirit.' And so the fundamental conception of all peace is justice.

"For my part, I am ready to say this: 'That as against injustice, I consider myself the servant of peace by declaring war. Let no man say that the man who works for justice works to upset anything when he works to establish anything. And then in the next place one of the bases of peace is good will. By good will I do not mean mere sentiment. I have never found any mere impulsive sentiment a good working instrument of life. I have to admit that I like some men who don't deserve to have anybody like them. I cannot control the instinctive impulses which draw me to this man and make the other repulsive.'

"The great brotherhood of mankind has made great strides in the short reaches of recorded history, and there is approaching upon our modern times a sort of expectation of still greater days to come, so every man may lift his eyes

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FREUND, JACOB.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. John F. Cohalan, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Jacob Freund late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers, at their place of transacting business, the office of Wm. Klein, their attorney, No. 348 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the 30th day of September, 1911, next.

The LEXINGTON, FORMERLY THE PAVILION, 109-111 EAST 116TH STREET, Between Lexington and Park Aves. FOR RECEPTIONS, WEDDINGS, BANQUETS, LODGES AND SOCIETY MEETING ROOMS. Strictly First-Class Catering under the supervision of Rev. Philip Jacobs, 225 East 116th St. Estimates furnished. HERMAN B. GROSSMAN, PROP.

STERN, LOUIS.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. John F. Cohalan, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Louis Stern, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at her place of transacting business at the office of her attorneys, Strasbourger, Eschwege & Schallek, No. 74 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the 20th day of September next. Dated New York, the 10th day of March, 1911. CAROLINE STERN, Executrix. STRASBOURGER, ESCHWEGE & SCHALLEK, Attorneys for Executrix, 74 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

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During the year 1910 we have given burial to 1,345 dead of the Jewish poor: Removed from residences... 516 Bellevue Hospital and the Morgues... 211 Other hospitals and institutions... 597 From outside the city... 20 Re-interred from Pottery Field... 1

Provide for proper burial of the dead of our poor, in your wills, by donations and

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JEW'S AND SCIENCE.

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Fourth Series—No. 4—Adolph Beck

Adolph Beck was born in Cracow in 1863. His parents were in exceedingly poor circumstances. His father eked out a miserable existence by working as a baker. Though ignorant and springing from stock who valued education but little, the elder Beck was yet shrewd enough to differ from his relatives in their opinions on learning. Thoroughly detesting the trade which he pursued, and but too well conscious of his own shortcomings in the way of education, the father anxiously wished to bring up his child to something better, and in this he was helped in no small degree by the extraordinary brightness of the child. At ten Beck entered the gymnasium, and from then on till his nineteenth year, when he matriculated for the university, he was always at the head of his class. But that was not all. Besides doing so well, he managed to support himself and materially contribute to the support of his parents by giving lessons. This he started doing from almost the first year at the gymnasium, and as he was such a brilliant scholar his services were eagerly sought for everywhere. After completing his course at the gymnasium and passing the matriculation examination, the Emperor's gold medal was awarded him as having stood at the head of his class consecutively from the first to the eighth year at the school.

Beck immediately afterward entered the medical department of the University of Cracow, and in 1888, while still a student, published a paper on "The Excitability of the Nerve at Different Points," for which he received a prize.

After his graduation he set up in private practice, but being little known and charging a fee which was considered too high to be given a young practitioner, his services were not much in demand. [See note at end of paper.] Several years' work in this way seemed to bring him no nearer to popularity, and people were already beginning to put him among the class destined to fail. But Beck in the meanwhile was working hard. Having but few patients to attend to he would devote the major portion of his time to research work. In 1889 he was made an assistant in the physiological laboratory, and in the following year published a valuable paper on electrical processes in the brain.

The brain is divided by anatomists into four principal parts—the *cerebrum* (brain proper), the *cerebellum* ("little brain"), *pons Varolii* ("bridge of Varolius"), and *medulla oblongata* ("oblong marrow"). Beck confined himself to the functions of the *cerebrum*. From the experiments of Ferrier and others those parts of the gray matter concerned in certain actions have been mapped out roughly. The centers for movement of one side of the body lie on the opposite side of the brain. Thus, the right hand is guided by the left

cerebral hemisphere. Motor areas, *i. e.*, areas of the gray brain covering, apparently necessary for voluntary movement, have, until recently, been supposed to lie about the fissure of Rolando, on both sides of it; and the respective centers were roughly shown by taking a model of a brain and tracing the outline of a man's figure covering the fissure, head downward, looking backward, and with his arms and legs flexed, *i. e.*, bent. Beck has shown that these motor areas lie entirely in front of the fissure of Rolando, and dip into the fissure, but do not cross it. He comes to the conclusion that but a small part of the cerebral gray matter seems to be concerned in motion; consequently, a large portion has its use undefined.

What relation exists between the weight of the brain and brain power?

While it is believed that brain power depends not altogether on the apparent size or weight of the brain, but partly on the amount of convolution, weight does seem to give a general index of brain power; and if, as physicians would have us believe, this be really true, then we have good grounds for saying that man is superior to woman; for the average male brain weighs 49½ ounces, whereas the average weight of the female is but 44!

If the weight of man's brain is either more or less than the average, it does not necessarily follow that, intellectually, he is superior or inferior to the average. To take one or two examples from the cases of celebrated men, it may be mentioned that while Cuvier had an exceptionally heavy brain (64 ounces), Shelley, Descartes, and Schumann are instances of remarkably powerful minds accompanied by exceptionally small heads. In 1891, in collaboration with Cibulski, Beck published some further researches on brain processes. Three years later, as a result of the publication of his paper on "Reflex Action," he was made *Privat-docent*. In 1895, upon the formation of the university of Lemberg, he was appointed associate professor of physiology, and two years later became full professor.

A very popular book of Beck's is "Dreams and Their Causes" (1896). He defined dreams as "illusions and hallucinations resulting from the dissociation of consciousness due to the functional dissolution of the higher cerebral centers." He goes on: "All dreams may be classified as illusions or hallucinations. These terms are of merely practical value; the sense and cerebral channels in both are probably the same, illusion being associated with a definite stimulus, hallucination being produced without apparent external stimulus. The illusions and hallucinations of sleep are strictly comparable in themselves to those of insanity. In some forms of insanity the dream passes from normal to pathological. A perpetually recurring dream, for example,

may be the first sign of cerebral exhaustion. . . . There are many easily recognizable forms of dream—the floating dream, possibly due to numbing of foot sensations, and sometimes marked in locomotor ataxia; the distress dream, probably associated with palpitation; the exposure dream, due to partial chilling of body; the dream of recent experience, due to overwrought nervous system, as in school children; the dream of ancient experiences, as in profound sleep; dream of specific senses (mainly eyes), due sometimes to morbid activity or exhaustion of these; the recurrent dream, due to exhaustion of some center, or an index of morbid process; dreams due to toxic substances, such as opium, cannabis, indica, or other poisons, or to toxins of dyspepsia; talking dreams, where the motor centers are involved; somnambulistic dreams, where all illusions are correlated in a new personality for the time."

In 1899 Beck published a volume on "Color-Blindness." Color-blindness may be congenital (*i. e.*, present from birth) or acquired. It is said to be often transmitted from grandfather to grandson, and in more common in males than in females in the proportion of over three to one. Those congenitally color-blind are often longsighted. Color-blindness is, further, of two kinds: in one the colors are not differentiated; in the other the spectrum is more or less shortened at the red end, so that red is easily mistaken when seen at a distance, and red, orange, yellow, and green are more or less green, and blue and violet are blue. In green blindness, the red, orange, yellow, and green or yellow, or in some cases red. The theories of causation depend upon the various theories of color sense. The rods and cones of the retina are concerned, and also, as some believe, the visual purple, as well as a certain number of the gray cells in the brain, and the nerve fibres connecting them with the eye.

From what has been said one may form some notion of the range of subjects with which Beck has dealt. In 1892 he published a paper on "The Present State of the Theory of Localizing the Functions of the Brain"; in 1894 a volume on Herman Helmholtz; and in 1895 on "The Vital Process and Methods for Their Investigation." This does not by any means exhaust the list.

It may be said without fear of contradiction, that among the younger generation of physiologists Beck stands in the very front rank. His work has been recognized and highly praised by the medical societies of Berlin, Vienna, London, and elsewhere.

(Note
My mother is fond of relating a story of Beck in those days which it may not be out of place to mention here. On one occasion an aunt of mine (my mother's sister) fell ill, and the family physician, not being within reach, the first doctor obtainable was brought. This young man happened to be Beck, who lived just a few doors away. My mother recalls what a deep interest he took in the case; how he sat there for hours soothing my aunt, and watching the progress his treatment would take. On taking his departure he left a prescription, which, he emphasized, was to be followed to the letter. Scarcely had the young doctor left, when my aunt insisted that she would take neither medicine nor any of the advice "the young, inexperienced fellow" had given. And neither did she; but waited till the family physician was at length procured. Shortly afterwards Beck was made *privat-docent* at the university!

A Freak of Theology

(Continued from first page.)

the hostesses. Later in life he became a vegetarian altogether.

On Yom Kippur (Day of Atonement) he stayed in the synagogue all day and fasted. He also observed *Tisha B'ab* and was an ardent Zionist.

In order to spread his peculiar views, shared only by very few Christians and perhaps by no other Jew living, he published a Hebrew monthly which was eagerly read by some scholars because of its elegant diction. Being too poor to continue it he would go up and down the country and preach wherever he found an open door. In the established missions for Jews he was not a welcome guest because he was too honest and outspoken to approve of the crooked work done there.

In his travels he adhered strictly to the injunction to the first apostles of Christianity, which was to the effect that they should not burden themselves too much with things needed for dress and personal comfort.

When he got tired of traveling, as he naturally would, he retired to his native place in Galicia, where a Christian friend of his keeps prepared for him, as did the Shunammite woman for the Prophet Elisha, a bed, a table, a seat and a candlestick. There he sits surrounded by tons of books written in many tongues and works and works for a high, false and impossible ideal. On the Sabbath and Jewish holidays he comes to the synagogue, visits his relatives with whom he sustains the most cordial relations, and occasionally drops into the *Beth Hamidrash* and takes part in the Talmudical discussions. The townspeople do not look upon him with the usual feeling of hatred shown against a *Meshumad* (renegade). Love begets love, and they know how intense his love for the Jewish people is. As for his queer theological notions they think that too much learning has turned his head, and in this opinion most readers are likely to concur.

LAZARUS, MORRIS W.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Morris W. Lazarus, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at her place of transacting business, at the office of Goldsmith, Rosenthal, Mork & Baum, No. 31 Nassau Street, in the City of New York, on or before the 1st day of February next.

Dated New York, the 21st day of July, 1911.
DORA LAZARUS, Administratrix.
GOLDSMITH, ROSENTHAL, MORK & BAUM, Attorneys for Administratrix, 31 Nassau Street, New York City.

ROFFIS, JOSEPH B.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Joseph B. Roffis, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business of the estate, at the office of Simon H. Kugel, on or before the 25th day of January, 1912.

Dated New York, the 11th day of July, 1911.
Joseph E. Siegel, Administrator.
Simon H. Kugel, Attorney for Administrator, 170 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

STEINLE, FERDINAND.—In pursuance of an order of the Honorable Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Ferdinand Steinle, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with the vouchers thereof to the subscriber at his place of transacting business, at the office of his attorneys, Rose & Putzel, 128 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 1st day of February next.

Dated New York, July 25th, 1911.
CHARLES A. STEINLE, Administrator.
ROSE & PUTZEL, Attorneys for Administrator, 128 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

GREENEBAUM, LOUIS.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Louis Greenebaum, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at her place of transacting business, at the office of Curtis Mallet-Prevost & Colt, in the City of New York, on or before the 1st day of January, 1912, next.

Dated New York, the 14th day of June, 1911.
FANNY GREENEBAUM, Executrix.

SIEDENBURG, RATJE.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. John P. Cochran, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Ratje Siedenburgh, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber at his place of transacting business, the office of Curtis Mallet-Prevost & Colt, No. 30 Broad Street, City of New York, on or before the 31st day of January next.

Dated New York the twentieth day of July, 1911.
REINHARD SIEDENBURG, Administrator with the will annexed of estate of Ratje Siedenburgh.
CURTIS MALLET-PREVOST & COLT, Attorneys for Administrator, 30 Broad St., Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

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EINSTEIN, CAROLINE.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Caroline Einstein, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at their place of transacting business, at the office of Rose & Putzel, 128 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 20th day of December, 1911, next.

Dated New York, June 9, 1911.
SULOMON A. FATMAN, KALMAN HAAS, MORRIS FATMAN, Executors.
ROSE & PUTZEL, Attorneys for Executors, 128 Broadway, Manhattan, New York City.

LESE, DAVID, ALSO KNOWN AS DAVID L. LISS.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against David Lese, also known as David Liss, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, at 35 Nassau street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 22 day of January next.

Dated New York, the 23rd day of June, 1911.
LOUIS LESE, Administrator.
LESE & CONNOLLY, Attorneys for Administrator, 35 Nassau Street, New York City.

STACHELBERG, NEWTON B.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Newton B. Stachelberg, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber at his place of transacting business, at the office of William J. Hendrick, 2 Rector Street, New York City, Borough of Manhattan, on or before the 1st day of January, 1912.

Dated, New York, the 14th day of June, 1911.
JOHN HARRIS HENDRICK, Administrator.
WILLIAM J. HENDRICK, Attorney for Administrator, 2 Rector Street, New York City.

SHAPIRO, MAURICE.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Maurice Shapiro, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at the office of her attorneys, No. 115 Broadway, in the City of New York, on or before the 14th day of February next.

Dated New York, the 24 day of August, 1911.
FANNY SHAPIRO, Executrix.
HOUSE, GROSSMAN & VORHAUS, Attorneys, 115 Broadway, New York City.

THURNAUER, FELIX.—The People of the State of New York, by the Grace of God, Free and Independent, do Pauline Frey, Ida Berg, Anna Newman, Lina Thurnauer, Willy Thurnauer, Max Thurnauer (son of Lina Thurnauer), Stephen Thurnauer, Bertha Thurnauer, Arthur Felix Thurnauer, Alice Cecile Rose Thurnauer, Bertha L. Thurnauer, Max Thurnauer (son of Alfred Thurnauer), send Greeting:
You and each of you are hereby cited and required personally to be and appear before our Surrogate of the County of New York, at the Surrogate's Court of said county, held at the Hall of Records in the City of New York, on the 29th day of September, 1911, at half-past ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, then and there to attend the judicial settlement of the account of Max Fraenkel and Carl Thurnauer, Executors under the last Will and Testament of Felix Thurnauer, deceased, and such of you as are hereby cited, as are under the age of twenty-one years, are required to appear by your guardian, if you have one, or, if you have none, to appear and apply for one to be appointed, or in the event of your neglect or failure to do so, a guardian will be appointed by the Surrogate hereof, and act for you in the proceeding.

In Testimony Whereof, We have caused the Seal of the Surrogates' Court of the said County of New York to be hereunto affixed.
[L. S.] Witness, Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of our said County at the County of New York, the 31st day of July, in the year of our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and eleven.
DANIEL J. DOWDNEY,
Clerk of the Surrogates' Court.
WOLF & KOHN, Attorneys for Executors, 203 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

ALEXANDER, JOSEPH M.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Joseph M. Alexander, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at her place of transacting business, at the office of Kantrowitz & Esberg, No. 320 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the first day of February next.

Dated New York, July 14th, 1911.
Sarah Alexander, Executrix.
Kantrowitz & Esberg, Attorneys for Executrix, No. 320 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

FEINBERG, JACOB N.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Jacob N. Feinberg, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at the office of Moses H. Rothstein, No. 132 Nassau street, in the City of New York, on or before the 15th day of January, next.

Dated New York the 8th day of July, 1911.
JOSEPH L. FEINBERG, Administrator.
MOSES H. ROTHSTEIN, Attorney for Administrator, 132 Nassau Street, New York City.

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Young Men's Hebrew Association.

At a well attended meeting Monday, September 11, the organization of the Young Men's Hebrew Association Congregation was practically completed. Rabbis Magnes and Kap'an and Messrs. Gottschall, Hershfield and Goldwasser, of the Board of Directors of the association, were present. Mr. Philip Wolf, one of the active members, presided. Both Dr. Magnes and Dr. Kaplan explained in detail their ideas of a congregation which would especially appeal to young men. The members present evinced a deep interest and frankly and fearlessly discussed the questions of music, language and ritual. The earnestness of the young men is a most encouraging indication of a heightened interest in Judaism and promises well for the future of the congregation.

The following temporary officers were elected: President, Philip Wolf; vice-president, Harry L. Glucksman; secretary, Edgar Bromberger.

The evening educational classes for the coming season have been arranged on an unusually thorough and comprehensive plan. New courses have been added, and former courses materially strengthened. The Civil Service Course is a special feature which should appeal to enterprising young men.

Registration for all courses begins September 16 and regular class work, October 2.

Rabbi Kohn to Be Formally Installed.

Rabbi Jacob Kohn will be formally installed as Rabbi of the Congregation Anshe Chesed this (Friday) evening at 8 o'clock. An interesting programme has been arranged, including addresses by Prof. Solomon Schechter, Rabbi J. L. Magnes and Rabbi Charles I. Hoffman, of Newark, N. J.

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SAMUEL GOLDSTEIN, Grand Master; SIGMOND FODOR, Grand Secretary

Dr. Myer Wolf Lodge, No. 197, was added to the order on Thursday last, with 35 members and about 40 more will be received at the next session. Frank A. Behrman was chosen as the first president, and Dr. Goldenkranz as the first ex-president. First Deputy Grand Master Adolph Wiener, Grand Secretary S. Foder and A. Hirtenstein officiated at the installation ceremony.

Grand Master Goldstein has under advisement the proposition of several clubs, who have petitioned to become lodges of the order. Brother Goldstein goes slow, but sure, before granting charters.

Kaiser Franz Joseph Lodge at its last session initiated four new members and referred 10 propositions to committees. The lodges will work hard to have many more immediately after the holidays in appreciation of the fact that ex-President Jomaszek of their body was placed on the executive board.

Jesse Seligman Lodge, No. 32, is one of the most successful bodies of this order. Nevertheless, they are working zealously to substantially gain in their numerical strength, with every prospect of getting there.

United Brother Lodge, No. 37, reports propositions and, what is better, intentions at every session held. The members of the lodge are imbued with the right spirit; no stop, no halt—ever onward, and forward.

King David Lodge, No. 44, of Philadelphia, Pa., is one of the old-time lodges. The members are aiding and assisting the present administration in every possible way and the lodge is materially increasing in numerical strength and financial standing.

INDEPENDENT ORDER BRITH ABRAHAM

United States Grand Lodge, 37 East Seventh Street, New York City.

Approved by the Insurance Department of nearly all the States in the Union.

623 Lodges. Membership, 153,000. For further information address Leon Sanders, Grand Master; Jacob Schoen, Grand Secretary.

Lodge, No. 132, named Dr. Nathan Adler, which convenes on the second and fourth Wednesdays; in this city, is well attended at each convocation. Their meetings are spirited and interesting and at each session their roll of members is increased.

Independent Montefiore Lodge, No. 125, of Brooklyn, N. Y., is a lodge that the members of the order should visit. They will there learn how a true, staunch branch of the I. O. B. A. works for the best interests of the organization.

Lodzer Lodge, No. 123, is one of the many branches that convenes in the Bronx, this city, and good and efficient work is their keynote. The members are all young and understand their duties and do not require any outside help or encouragement. One and all are workers for the cause of the combined brotherhood.

Independent East New York Lodge, No. 184, was initiated by Grand Master Sanders, aided by Grand Secretary J. Schoen and other grand officers, on Thursday last. Seventy-one male and sixty female members were thus added to the organization. All of these new members are in class A. After the installation and lodge exercises the new brethren and sisters entertained Grand Master Sanders and his staff.

The grand officers, headed by Grand Master Sanders, are elated at the numerical success made in gain of members during this term. All anticipate a great influx to the rank and file of the brotherhood after the holidays.

Agudus Achim Lodge, No. 156, of Philadelphia, Pa., is initiating many new members. They are striving to be the most successful lodge numerically in the brotherhood and that they will succeed there is no doubt for among the present members there are quite a number of brethren who know how to make good.

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Ashkenas Lodge, No. 146, will be found in the front rank of sister lodges. Norristown, Pa., has plenty of Yerudim and those who are eligible for membership are daily canvassed to attach themselves to the order.

United States Lodge, No. 142, has resolved that the year 1911 under the leadership of Grand Master Sanders must be a record-breaker. They propose to prove conclusively that they are wide-awake and know what the lodge and order most need.

New Haven Lodge, No. 131, is sending in numerous initiations and reports that many more will follow.

Emanuel Neuman Lodge, No. 120, have the idea if they can increase numerically to be the strongest lodge in the order they can put their brother ex-grand master, after whom the lodge is named, into active harness again in some official station. They may have the satisfaction if they try.

ORDER OF ABRAHAM.

(Incorporated 1859.) United States Grand Lodge Office, Mutual Alliance Trust Co. Building, 206 and 208 Grand St., N. Y. City. Lodges in all parts of the United States. Membership 70,000. For full particulars and all information address SAMUEL DORF, Grand Master.

Two, and perhaps three, new lodges will be instituted during the coming week.

Initiations into existing lodges are being received at the office of the order daily from all parts of the country.

Five different lodges have completed all arrangements to celebrate in the near future their ten and twenty-five years of existence. Due notice will be given in this column.

Death rates reported by lodges are subnormal and very favorable to the brotherhood.

Peace, harmony and good will prevail in all existing lodges and one and all are working for the best interests of the brotherhood.

Meetings held in subordinate lodges of the order as a rule are largely attended and great interest is evidenced by rank and file.

Mt. Vernon, N. Y., Y. M. H. A.

The formal opening of the Young Men's Hebrew Association of Mount Vernon took place Saturday evening, September 9, at 7.30 p. m. The evening was divided between the inspection of the building and the programme of addresses and music. Mayor Edwin A. Fiske, Algerman Ossian Lang, Dr. Joseph Garfinkel, of Temple Sinai, and Isaac Silberstein, superintendent of the institution, were among the speakers. Mr. Harry Silberstein and Miss Frieda Lowenstein supplied music for the evening. Mr. Abe Shiman, president of the organization, presided.

The opening of the club rooms is the culmination of two months' arduous work

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 Madison Ave. & 65th St.
 DR. J. L. MAGNES, Rabbi.

Applications for membership will be received at all times by Mr. Sol M. Stroeck, Honorary Secretary, No. 30 Broad Street.

The synagogue will be open for the selection of seats on Sundays, August 27th, September 3d, 10th, and 17th, from 9.30 A. M. till 12.30 P. M., and on the evenings of September 11th, 12th, 13th, 14th, 18th, 19th, 20th, and 21st, from 7.30 to 9.30 P. M.

Mr. M. Z. Levinson, No. 313 East 68th Street, may also be consulted concerning the selection of seats.

Temple Israel of Harlem
 120 St. & Lenox Ave.
 RENTING of SEATS

The Board of Trustees will be in attendance at the Temple for the purpose of renting seats for the coming Holidays on Sundays, September 3, 10 and 17, from 10 to 12 a. m., and on the evenings of September 5, 7, 12, 14, 18, 19, 20 and 21, from 8 to 10 p. m.

DANIEL P. HAYS, President.
 LEWIS COON, Secretary.

Congregation Chaari Zedek
 Formerly of 38-40 Henry St.,

will hold services on the approaching holidays at the church,

7th Ave. and 128th St.

The Board of Trustees will sit every Saturday, Monday, Tuesday and Thursday evenings from 7.30 to 10 P. M. for the rental of seats.

Congregation Orach Chaim
 Lexington Ave. & 95th St.
 New York City

The Synagogue will be open for the

RENTAL OF SEATS

on Sunday, September 10 and 17, from 9.30 a. m. to noon, and on the evenings of September 5, 7, 12, 14, 18, 19 and 20, from 7.30 to 9.30 p. m.

Applications can also be made in writing to Mr. W. Kufeld, sexton.

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At the Sabbath services, September 16th, 1930, preaching will be resumed. Rev. Dr. Samuel Schulman will occupy the pulpit.

Congregation Mt. Zion
 39-41 West 119th St.

The Board of Trustees will be in attendance at the Synagogue for the purpose of renting seats for the ensuing holidays on Sundays, from 10 to 12 a. m. and every evening (except Fridays) from 8 to 10 p. m.

Communaute Israelite Francaise
 Congregation "Shaarai Berocho"

Having sold our old synagogue on East Fifty-seventh street, we have engaged Ellsemere Hall, Nos. 80-82 West 126th street, for the entire year. Conservative service with mixed choir and organ.

Membership solicited. Seats for the coming holy days may be had at moderate prices by applying to trustees, or superintendent at the above address.

THE JEWISH THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY OF AMERICA.
 531-535 West 123 Street,
 New York City.

Services will be held in the Seminary Hall on Rosh Hashana, Yom Kippur and Sukkoth. Seats will be rented from \$5 upwards. Apply in the office of the Jewish Theological Seminary of America, 531-535 West 123d street, New York city, on Monday or Thursday evenings, between 7.30 and 9.30 o'clock.

Congregation Kehilath Jeshurun
 85th St. Synagogue
 Near Lexington Ave.
 NEW YORK CITY

The Committee on Seat Rental will begin its sessions on Sunday, September 3, at 10 a. m., and will continue to meet every evening except Friday from 8 to 10 and on Sundays from 10 a. m. to 8 p. m. Applications can be made to E. Winer, Sexton, at Synagogue.

Telephone Lenox 5995.

BROOKLYN NOTES.

Temple Beth Shalom, Bensonhurst.
 With the resumption of the regular services on Friday evening, the congregation, returned from mountain and farm and from across the seas, was in full attendance. Rabbi, cantor and choir were all at their best and contributed to making the services impressive as well as enjoyable. The subject of the sermon was "Repentance," the Jewish idea of which, as of that of atonement, Rabbi Jacob Goldstein explained, differs radically from the conceptions of all other faiths and implies no attainment by sacrifice or other vicarious means; but as the etymology of the Hebrew word denotes, is a turning back, a return to the right path, a reconciliation with true principles, an atonement with the highest ideals. The subject of the sermon on Friday evening is "Prayer."

The actual work of the Free Religious School was resumed on Sunday morning with a registration of one hundred and fifty-eight and an actual attendance of one hundred and twenty-two pupils and ten teachers. The time was devoted largely to the arrangement of the classes.

Hebrew Educational Society.
 The Sabbath School classes of the Hebrew Educational Society were begun on Saturday morning, September 9, and will hold sessions regularly every Saturday morning. The classes are taught Jewish history and are then assembled in the auditorium for a short service, including the singing of hymns and an address by the superintendent.

The English classes for adult immigrants were begun on Monday evening, September 11. Only newly arriving immigrants who know no English are admitted to these classes, those requiring more advanced work being referred to the public night school.

The social season for the clubs was opened with a dance in the social room on Wednesday evening, September 13. This inaugurates a series of weekly Wednesday evening informal dances for the club members.

A mass meeting was held in the lower auditorium of the Hebrew Educational Society under the auspices of the Hebrew Letter Society, on Saturday evening, September 9, to celebrate the appearance of the Hebrew Weekly "Liberty."

The Brownsville Relief Society will hold New Year's and Day of Atonement services in the auditorium of the Hebrew Educational Society.

Services at Y. M. H. A.
 At the Young Men's Hebrew Association, Ninth street near Sixth avenue, religious services will be held on the coming holy days. All young men, whether they are members of the association or not, are invited to attend these services, for which there will be no charge. The committee consists of Judge Alexander Geismar, Isaac Tarshis, Bernard Lebowitz, Charles E. Bloch and David Schwartz.

Services at South Brooklyn Talmud Torah.
 The South Brooklyn Talmud Torah, Union street and Fifth avenue, will hold services on Rosh Hashanah and Yom Kippur. Rev. Leon Albus will preach on the first day of Rosh Hashanah on "Ideals of Judaism." On the second day Rev. Dr. Alexander Lyons will preach on "The Future Generation."

Cornerstone Laying in Brownsville.
 Twenty thousand persons turned out Sunday to see the laying of the cornerstone of the Talmud Torah School, at Pitkin and Stone avenues, and the attending exercises, at which speeches were made by Chairman Hyman Rayfiel, Secretary of State Lazansky, Judge Leon Sanders, Congressman Henry M. Goldfogle, Magistrate J. F. Hylan, Municipal Judge A. S. Rosenthal, Alderman Alexander S. Drescher, Edward Lauterbach, Joseph Barondess and Chief Magistrate Otto Kempner.

The day's exercises started at 10 o'clock in the morning with a parade, in which several thousand residents of Brownsville participated. Alderman Drescher acted as grand marshal assisted by David E. Goldstein and Hyman Lefkowitz.

Cong. Baith Israel Anshei Emes.
 With impressive ceremonies the members of Congregation Baith Israel Anshei Emes rededicated their refurbished and redecorated edifice on Harrison street, near Court, Sunday last. A special musical programme had been prepared and prominent Jewish speakers had been invited to take part.

Brief addresses of congratulation were made by Hon. Edward Lazansky, Secretary of State; the Rev. Dr. D. de Sola Pool, the Rev. Henry S. Morais, and Rabbi Goldfarb concluded the exercises by referring to the history and growth of the Baith Israel Congregation during its fifty-six years of existence in Brooklyn.

The officers of the congregation are: President, Louis Summer; vice-president, Isaac Appelbaum; treasurer, Samuel Auditor; secretary, Frank Morris; trustees, P. Weinberg, S. Brocks, D. Singer, H. Alexander, I. A. Goldberg, M. Pelz, H. Goldsmith, J. Schindel, H. Copland, L. Kronman, S. Lederman, P. Leibowitz.

Princess Bozena, the saucy little heroine played by winsome Christie MacDonald in "The Spring Maid," will arrive in Brooklyn for a week's visit at the Montauk Theatre on Sept. 18. This will be the first opportunity that Brook-

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JULIAN ELTINGE
 in the Musical Play in 3 acts,
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lyn has had to hear this charming operetta in a local theatre. Unlike many other New York successes sent to Brooklyn in preparation to going on the road, "The Spring Maid" will suffer no changes in cast, chorus or production, and at the Montauk it will be identically the same as it was during its long engagement at the Liberty in Manhattan.

A record-breaking triumph has been the history of this latest European work, while Christie MacDonald with her pretty face and royal graces in the prima donna role, has won success that places her without a rival among American light opera stars.

The Metropolitan cast supporting Miss MacDonald will include such well-known stage favorites as Elgie Bowen, Ben Hendricks, Thomas Conkey, Vincent Sullivan, Jessie Bradbury, Charles W. Meyers, Arthur Thalasso, Otto F. Hoffmann, Edward Metcalfe and Beth Stone, and it will be headed by that quaintest of comedians, Tom McNaughton. There will also be the same brilliant ballet and chorus of fifty and an orchestra of thirty.

For week of September 25 David Belasco will present Blanche Bates in "Nobody's Widow."

Kehillah's Provisional Holiday Synagogues.
 (Communicated.)
 The Kehillah has organized two provisional synagogues for the coming high holidays. One of these is at the Hebrew Technical School for Girls, Second avenue and Fifteenth street, and the other is at the Young Women's Hebrew Association, Lexington avenue and 101st street. In addition, the Kehillah has purchased a number of tickets from several of the permanent downtown synagogues; and these will also be distributed among persons who are unable to pay the regular charge for tickets for holiday services. Tickets will be distributed at the office of the Kehillah, 356 Second avenue, and the office of the Gemillath Chassodim, 108 Second avenue. For the Harlem synagogue, at the office of the Young Women's Hebrew Association.

During the holidays the Kehillah will also inaugurate the holding of religious services for Jewish children and young people in several of the crowded districts of the city, where the regular places of worship are usually so crowded that there is no room left for the children unless the parents paid the regular prices for tickets. These services are also intended to obviate the difficulties which arise out of the crowded condition of the synagogues, and out of the fact that the children are not able to follow the manner of the services. There will be eight of these young people's provisional synagogues of the Kehillah, and they are being housed by the same number of Jewish institutions in different parts of the city. A uniform service based on the regulation Machzor will be held throughout, and in each of these provisional synagogues there will be a bal tefillah who will read part of the service in Hebrew and part in English. Appropriate sermons for children will also be delivered.

These provisional synagogues will be conducted in the following Jewish institutions:

Lower East Side.—East Side School for Crippled Children.

Harlem.—Young Women's Hebrew Association, Lexington avenue and 101st street; Amelia Relief Society, 100th street, between Lexington and Park avenues; Congregation Kahal Adath Jeshurun, 65 East 113th street; Harlem Federation, 240 East 105th street.

Bronx.—Bronx Talmud Torah, 173d street, near Washington avenue; Young

Men's Hebrew Association of the Bronx, Boston road and 165th street.
 Brooklyn.—Young Men's Hebrew Association, 345A Ninth street.
 Tickets for these services will be given free to the children of the neighborhood at the offices of the institutions, beginning Monday morning, September 15.

Special For Sept. Only
 We are offering a 36-inch length Persian Lamb coat, brocaded satin lined, for the sum of \$160.00, up to 42 size. A small deposit will secure one. You can save \$65.00 now.
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Wanted.

WANTED.—Elderly lady, semi-invalid, requires useful companion. Must be a good needle-woman. Appointment by telephone, Lenox 5829.

Information wanted of Rev. Mr. Levy who lived in East 150th twenty-six years ago. Sons were engaged in cigar manufacturing. Communicate with Rev. J. WASSERMAN, 165 Patchen avenue, Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER; experienced; knowledge bookkeeping; high school education; references; do not wish work Saturday. MISS GARTENBERG, 8 West 119th street.

Young man; 19; high school graduate; desires position where ability will recommend advancement; not work Saturday. EHRENFELD, 310 East Third st.

Wanted—Permanent position by stenographer, two years' law experience, three years' miscellaneous; highest references, moderate salary. No Sabbath work. Address S. K., care of Hebrew Standard office.

Bookkeeper; experienced in double entry, desires position; not to work Saturday. A. GOODMAN, 163 Monroe street.

ELEGANT single and double rooms and board; strictly kosher. Phone. References. Moderate. 113 West Eighty-fourth street.

Apartments to Let—1697 Madison avenue; 5 rooms; hot water; rent, \$17.00.

ELEGANTLY FURNISHED parlor, back parlor and laboratory suitable for a doctor or dentist in 34 West Ninety-seventh street (Central Park West) for rent by October 1. Mrs. B. FUSS.

NINETY-SEVENTH STREET 34 WEST (Central Park West).—Elegantly furnished room, steam heat and running water, for rent by October 1. Private house. Refined people. Mrs. B. FUSS.

THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED and competent stenographer wants position. Trustworthy, industrious. Not to work Saturdays. FRIEDA LICHTBLAU, 249 East Tenth street.

Nicely furnished room, with or without board, in apartment house with refined Jewish family. Mrs. T. KANNER, 3315 Broadway.

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WANTED.—An engagement as minister or assistant minister for the coming holy days, Rosh Hashanah and Yom Kippur; city or country. Apply REV. J. SCHWED, 400 E. 52d st.

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CHILDREN'S PAGE.

Hillel and Shamai.

Dear Children:

Another maxim Hillel was fond of saying is this: "If I perform not good work myself, who can perform it for me? And when I fully consider myself what am I? And if not now when shall I?"

This maxim is so simple that even a child can understand it without any explanation, but there is another way of translating this maxim, but I will first tell you a story that the Dubner Maggid of blessed memory used to tell.

Once a baker brought out a large basket of various kinds of cakes which he expected to sell at a good profit. As he was standing and waiting for customers, a joker came along and asked him: "How much do you want for the entire basket of cakes?" "Not less than two dollars," answered the baker. "All right," said the joker, "I will give you two dollars, but on condition that you shall eat all the cakes yourself in my presence."

Of course the baker was only too pleased with such a bargain, and he ate those cakes with a joyful heart. When the joker saw him about to finish the last few cakes he ran away as quickly as his legs could carry him.

The baker looked at the fleeting figure in despair. It just dawned on him that he was the victim of a practical joke. He was ashamed to cry in that crowded street, lest the people would find out what a big fool he made of himself in having eaten himself almost sick and in having lost all the profit he might have made on the cakes. He therefore cried inwardly, and he took it so much to heart that he got sick and died.

This terrible fate befalls every one who listens to the voice of temptation, when his evil imagination pictures for him the sweetness of the forbidden pleasures of life, for although life has many pleasures that we may all enjoy, and still be good and pure in doing so, the evil imagination tries to induce a person to enjoy only those pleasures that God has forbidden us to enjoy, holding forth promises of profit as well as pleasure. Of course, the poor deluded fool who yields to temptation soon sees what harm he has done himself, and he would like to rebuke his evil imagination for having thus misled him. However, at that time his evil imagination has run away (when one is in distress he has no more power of enjoyment) and he can only blame himself for all his misfortunes, of which he is alone the cause. That is what Hillel meant by his maxim

"If I will not do any harm to myself, who will do me harm? And if I have done myself harm, what a fool am I? And if I shall not repent of my sins now and improve my ways, when shall I?"

(To be continued.)

"I've got great news for you!" cried Jack, excitedly.

"What is it?" asked his Cousin Jennie.

"I'm going to marry Minnie Prettyman."

"Pshaw! That's not news. She asked me a month ago if I'd be her bridesmaid." — *Catholic Standard and Times.*

Mrs. Starr was preserving peaches in her blue and white kitchen amid an array of glass jars, covers, paraffin, rubber bands and so forth.

Margaret, aged four, watched the mysterious process quietly until the fruit was in the jars and the covers ready. Then she exclaimed, ecstatically, "Oh, marmee, please let me put the garters on!" — *Woman's Home Companion.*

Effie (just engaged)—What do you think Edwin said last night? That if he had to choose either me or \$10,000 he wouldn't even look at the money.

May (still waiting)—Dear, loyal fellow! I suppose he wouldn't like to risk the temptation.

Shocked Mother—My boy, what became of that last piece of pie I left in the cupboard and told you not to disturb?

Little Oscar—I ate it.

Shocked Mother—And what would you call an act like that?

Little Oscar—Disturbing the piece, I suppose.

Counsel—What did you and the defendant talk about?

Witness—I think we talked about twenty minutes, sir.

"No, no; I mean what did you talk over?"

"We talked over the telephone, sir."

"Do you buy condensed milk, madam?"

"I presume that we must, but I never thought of it before. I always order two quarts and pay for two quarts, but it never measures more than three pints."

There was a rather pert waitress in a cheap boarding house.

"Mamie," a boarder protested to her, "this roast beef is overdone."

"No, it ain't, sor," she replied.

"It's done over. It's the same roast you had yesterday." — *Los Angeles Times.*

A SURE TEST.

On a pleasant Sunday afternoon an old German and his youngest son were seated in the village inn. The father had partaken liberally of the home-brewed beer, and was warning his son against the evils of intemperance. "Never drink too much, my son. A gentleman stops when he has enough. To be drunk is a disgrace."

"Yes, father, but how can I tell when I have enough or am drunk?"

The old man pointed with his finger. "Do you see those two men sitting in the corner? If you should see four men there, you would be drunk."

The boy looked long and earnestly. "Yes, father, but—but—there is only one man in that corner." — *July Lip-pincott's.*

Knicker—How can you dress in a sleeper?

Bocker—It's bigger than a room in a summer hotel. — *New York Times.*

HOPE.
No night so darkly stretcheth
Its clouds across the sky,
Whose morning never breaketh
In floods of light on high.

There's a balm for every sorrow,
An antidote for pain;
There's hope that with to-morrow
The sun will shine again.

Take heart, then, and be watching,
Be hoping for the dawn!
Already it is breaking
In rays of glorious morn.
— *Charles R. Oaten.*

CONUNDRUMS.
Why should a man never tell his secrets in a cornfield? Because so many ears are there and they would be shocked.

If you were to ride on a donkey what fruit would you resemble? A pair (pear).

Why do architects make excellent actors? Because they are good at drawing houses.

What is it that by losing an eye has nothing left but a nose? A noise.

Why are balloons in the air like vagrants? Because they have no visible means of support.

Which is the best way to make a coat last? Make the trousers and vest first.

Why isn't the moon rich? Because it spends its quarters getting full.

Why is the 12.50 train the hardest to catch? It is ten to one if you catch it.

SOBEL, ELI.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. John P. Cohalan, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Eli Sobel, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at the office of Mayer Kronacher, No. 256 Broadway, in the City of New York, on or before the 27th day of November next.

Dated New York, the 18th day of May, 1911.
HERBIE SOBEL, Administrator.
MAYER KRONACHER, Attorney for Administrator, 256 Broadway, Manhattan, New York City.

UBELE, FLORENCE E.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Florence E. Kubele, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at her place of transacting business, at the office of her attorneys, Bamberger & Lowenthal, No. 309 Broadway, Manhattan Borough, in the City of New York, on or before the 15th day of November next.

Dated New York, the 1st day of May, 1911.
IDA GREY KUBELE, Executrix.
BAMBERGER & LOWENTHAL, Attorneys for Executrix, 309 Broadway, New York City, Manhattan Borough.

BUNZEL, JONAS.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. John P. Cohalan, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Jonas Bunzel, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at their place of transacting business, at the office of their attorney, Mayer L. Half, No. 37 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the 15th day of October next.

Dated New York, the 18th day of May, 1911.
ISAAC J. BELNEHEIM, HENRY J. BERNHEIM, Executors.
MAYER L. HALFF, Attorney for Executors, No. 37 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, N. Y.

SCHOFFELD, GEORGE.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. John P. Cohalan, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against George Schoffeld, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at her place of transacting business, at the office of Emanuel Jacobus, 132 Nassau Street, City of New York, Borough of Manhattan, on or before the first day of December next.

Dated New York, the 29th day of May, 1911.
RACHEL SCHOFFELD, Administratrix.
EMANUEL JACOBUS, Attorney for Administratrix, 132 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

COHN, DAVID.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. John P. Cohalan, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against David Cohn, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, at the office of Wise & Seligberg, No. 15 William Street, in the City of New York, on or before the 25th day of September next.

Dated New York, the 22d day of March, 1911.
DAVID A. SELIGMAN, Executor.
WISE & SELIGBERG, Attorneys for Executor, 15 William Street, New York City.

GOLDSMITH, LEOPOLD.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. John P. Cohalan, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Leopold Goldsmith, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers, at their place of transacting business, No. 99 Nassau Street, in the City of New York, on or before the 30th day of September next.

Dated New York, the 22d day of March, 1911.
JOSEPHINE GOLDSMITH and ADOLPH BLOCH, Executors.
HENRY BLOCH, Attorney for Executors, Office and Postoffice Address, 99 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

BLUM, ISIDOR.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Isidor Blum, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers, at their place of transacting business, at the office of Hays, Hershfield & Wolf, No. 115 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the 31st day of October, 1911.

Dated New York, April 18th, 1911.
LEOPOLD WEILL, BERNHARD BLUM, Executors.
HAYS, HERSHFELD & WOLF, Attorneys for Executors, 115 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

ARONS, LOUIS.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. John P. Cohalan, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Louis Arons, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers, at their place of transacting business, at the office of Myers & Schwesenski, their attorneys, No. 299 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, on or before the 18th day of October, 1911.

Dated New York, the 4th day of April, 1911.
JOSEPH ARONS, ROSE ARONS, Executors.
MYERS & SCHWESENSKI, Attorneys for Executors, No. 299 Broadway, Manhattan, New York City.

DUTKA, LOUIS.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Louis Dutka, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, at the office of his attorney, No. 302 Broadway, in the City of New York, Borough of Manhattan, on or before the 15th day of November next.

Dated New York, the 26th day of April, 1911.
SAMUEL D. WOLF, Administrator.
LAURENCE J. BERSHAD, Attorney for Administrator, 302 Broadway, New York City, Manhattan Borough.

DAVIS, ISAAC.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. John P. Cohalan, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Isaac Davis, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at my place of transacting business, at the office of my attorney, Mr. Samuel Fine, No. 309 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the 10th day of October next.

Dated New York, the 5th day of April, 1911.
ROSA (DAVIS) WEISMAN, Executrix.
SAMUEL FINE, Attorney for Executrix, 309 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

BEAR, ROSIE.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against the estate of Rosie Baer, otherwise known as Rosie Bear or Rosa Baer, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber at his place of doing business, at the office of Nathan Kalvin, Esq., No. 41 Park Row, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 10th day of November next.

Dated New York, April 19, 1911.
CHARLES BEAR, Administrator.
NATHAN KALVIN, Attorney for Administrator, No. 41 Park Row, Borough of Manhattan.

GRUNBAUM, JACOB.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Jacob Grunbaum, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, at the office of his attorneys, Gross & Sneedaira, No. 309 Broadway, in the City of New York, Borough of Manhattan, on or before the 1st day of November next.

Dated New York, the 20th day of April, 1911.
HERMAN GRUNBAUM, Administrator.
GROSS & SNEUDAIRA, Attorneys for Administrator, No. 309 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

SCHLANG, ALEXANDER.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Alexander Schlang, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, at the offices of his attorneys, Goldfogle, Cohn & Lind, at No. 271 Broadway, Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the 1st day of November next.

Dated New York, the 17th day of April, 1911.
MARK L. ABERNETHY, Executor.
GOLDFOGLE COHN & LIND, Attorneys for Executor, 271 Broadway, Manhattan, New York City.

TROSKIN, EDWARD.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Edward Troskin, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at her place of transacting business, at the office of Blumenstiel & Blumenstiel, Nos. 27-29 Pine Street, in the City of New York, on or before the 1st day of November next.

Dated New York, the 18th day of April, 1911.
CLARA TROSKIN, Administratrix.
BLUMENSTIEL & BLUMENSTIEL, Attorneys for Administratrix, 27-29 Pine Street, New York City.

KORN, JACOB.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Jacob Korn, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers at their place of transacting business, at the office of Albert T. Scharps, No. 55 Liberty Street, in the City of New York, on or before the 15th day of October next.

Dated New York, the 7th day of April, 1911.
DAVID KORN, HENRY KORN, JACOB HOLZMAN, Executors.
ALBERT T. SCHARPS, Attorney for Executors, No. 55 Liberty Street, Manhattan, City of New York.

KOHN, DAVID.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. John P. Cohalan, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against David Kohn, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, at the office of Wise & Seligberg, No. 15 William Street, in the City of New York, on or before the 25th day of September next.

Dated New York, the 22d day of March, 1911.
DAVID A. SELIGMAN, Executor.
WISE & SELIGBERG, Attorneys for Executor, 15 William Street, New York City.

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Emilie Rosendahl, late of the County of New York, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers, at their place of transacting business, Room 404, No. 96 Wall Street, in the City of New York, on or before the 17th day of February, next.

Dated New York, the 9th day of August, 1911.
MAX MANDELBAUM, GUSTAVE FRIEDBERGER, Executors.
A. L. MANDELBAUM, Attorney for Executors, 90-96 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

ROSENDAHL, EMILIE.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Emilie Rosendahl, late of the County of New York, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers, at their place of transacting business, Room 404, No. 96 Wall Street, in the City of New York, on or before the 17th day of February, next.

Dated New York, the 9th day of August, 1911.
MAX MANDELBAUM, GUSTAVE FRIEDBERGER, Executors.
A. L. MANDELBAUM, Attorney for Executors, 90-96 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

EXPLANATION—MATTER IN ITALICS IS NEW; MATTER IN BRACKETS [] IS OLD LAW TO BE OMITTED.

STATE OF NEW YORK, OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE, ALBANY, JULY 24, 1911.—Pursuant to the provisions of section one of article fourteen of the Constitution of the State of New York, and section two hundred and ninety-five of the Election Law, notice is hereby given that the following proposed amendment to section six of article three of the Constitution of the State of New York is to be submitted to the people for approval at the next general election in this State to be held on the seventh day of November, nineteen hundred and eleven. EDWARD LAZANSKY, Secretary of State.

AMENDMENT NUMBER ONE. Concurrent Resolution of the Senate and Assembly, Proposing an amendment to section six of article three of the constitution, in relation to the compensation of members of the legislature.

Whereas, the legislature, at its regular session, in nineteen hundred and ten, duly adopted a resolution proposing an amendment to section six of article three of the constitution, in relation to the compensation of members of the legislature; and Whereas, such resolution has been duly published in accordance with law and the constitution and referred to this legislature for action therefore; § 1. Resolved (if the Senate concur) That section six of article three of the constitution be amended to read as follows: § 6. Each member of the legislature shall receive for his services an annual salary [of one thousand five hundred dollars] as follows: Each member of the senate the sum of three thousand five hundred dollars and each member of the assembly the sum of three thousand dollars. The members of either house shall also receive the sum of three cents for each mile [one dollar for every ten miles] they shall travel in going to and returning from their place of meeting, once in each week of actual attendance of the session, on the most usual route. Senators, when the senate is convened in extraordinary session, or when serving as members of the court for the trial of impeachments, and such members of the assembly, not exceeding nine in number, as shall be appointed managers of an impeachment, shall receive an additional allowance of ten dollars a day. § 2. Resolved (if the Senate concur). That the foregoing amendment be submitted to the people for approval at the general election to be held in the year nineteen hundred and eleven, in accordance with the provisions of the election law.

State of New York, In Assembly, March 13, 1911.—The foregoing resolution was duly passed a majority of all the members elected to the Assembly voting in favor thereof, three-fifths being present. By order of the Assembly, DANIEL D. FRISBIE, Speaker.

State of New York, In Senate, March 15, 1911.—The foregoing resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the Senators elected voting in favor thereof, three-fifths being present. By order of the Senate, T. F. CONWAY, President.

State of New York, Office of the Secretary of State, Albany, July 24, 1911.—I have compared the preceding copy of concurrent resolution with the original thereof on file in this office, and I do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom, and of the whole thereof. Given under my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State at the city of Albany, this twenty-fourth day of July, in the year of our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and eleven. [L. S.] EDWARD LAZANSKY, Secretary of State.

FORM FOR SUBMISSION OF AMENDMENT NUMBER ONE.

Shall the proposed amendment to Section six of Article three of the Constitution, designated in the election notice as Amendment Number One, providing for the increase in the salary of each member of the Senate (now one thousand five hundred dollars) to three thousand five hundred dollars; and also providing for the increase in the salary of each member of the Assembly (now one thousand five hundred dollars) to three thousand dollars; and further providing that the members of the Senate and Assembly shall receive (now receiving one dollar for every ten miles) travel in going to and from their place of meeting once in each session, the sum of three cents for each mile they shall travel in going to and returning from their place of meeting, once in each week of actual attendance of the session on the most usual route, be approved?

PLANATION—MATTER IN BRACKETS [] IS OLD LAW TO BE OMITTED.

STATE OF NEW YORK, OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE, ALBANY, JULY 24, 1911.—Pursuant to the provisions of section one of article fourteen of the Constitution of the State of New York, and section two hundred and ninety-five of the Election Law, notice is hereby given that the following proposed amendment to section two of article six of the Constitution of the State of New York is to be submitted to the people for approval at the next general election in this State to be held on the seventh day of November, nineteen hundred and eleven. EDWARD LAZANSKY, Secretary of State.

AMENDMENT NUMBER TWO. Concurrent Resolution of the Senate and Assembly, Proposing an amendment to section two of article six of the constitution, in relation to assignment of Justices of the supreme court to hold special and trial terms.

Section 1. Resolved (if the Assembly concur). That section two of article six of the constitution be amended to read as follows: § 2. The legislature shall divide the state into four judicial departments. The first department shall consist of the county of New York; the others shall be bounded by county lines, and be compact and equal in population as nearly as may be. Once every ten years the legislature may alter the judicial departments, but without increasing the number thereof. There shall be an appellate division of the supreme court, consisting of seven justices in the first department, and of five justices in each of the other departments. In each department four shall constitute a quorum, and the concurrence of three shall be necessary to a decision. No more than five justices shall sit in any case. From all the justices elected to the supreme court the governor shall designate those who shall constitute the appellate division in each department; and he shall designate the presiding justice thereof, who shall act as such during his term of office, and shall be a resident of the department. The other justices shall be designated for terms of five years or the unexpired portions of their respective terms of office, if less than five years. From time to time as the terms of such designations expire, or vacancies occur, he shall make new designations. A majority of the

Justices so designated to sit in the appellate division, in each department shall be residents of the department. He may also make temporary designations in case of the absence or inability to act of any justice in the appellate division, or in case the presiding justice of any appellate division shall certify to him that one or more additional justices are needed for the speedy disposition of the business before it. Whenever the appellate division in any department shall be unable to dispose of its business within a reasonable time, a majority of the presiding justices of the several departments at a meeting called by the presiding justice of the department in arrears may transfer any pending appeals from such department to any other department for hearing and determination. No justice of the appellate division shall, within the department to which he may be designated to perform the duties of an appellate justice, exercise any of the powers of a justice of the supreme court, other than those of a justice out of court, and those pertaining to the appellate division, or to the hearing and decision of motions submitted by consent of counsel, but any such justice, when not actually engaged in performing the duties of such appellate justice in the department to which he is designated, may hold any term of the supreme court and exercise any of the powers of a justice of the supreme court in any county or judicial district in any other department of the state. From and after the last day of December, eighteen hundred and ninety-five, the appellate division shall have the jurisdiction now exercised by the supreme court at its general terms and by the general terms of the court of common pleas for the city and county of New York, the superior court of the city of New York, the superior court of Buffalo and the city of Brooklyn, and such additional jurisdiction as may be conferred by the legislature. It shall have power to appoint and remove a reporter. [The justices of the appellate division in each department shall have power to fix the times and places for holding special terms therein, and to assign the justices in the departments to hold such terms; or to make rules therefor.] § 2. Resolved (if the Assembly concur). That the foregoing amendment, be submitted to the people for approval at the general election to be held in the year nineteen hundred and eleven, in accordance with the provisions of the election law.

State of New York, In Senate, Feb. 27, 1911.—The foregoing resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the Senators elected voting in favor thereof. By order of the Senate, ROBERT F. WAGNER, Temporary President.

State of New York, In Assembly, March 27, 1911.—The foregoing resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the members elected to the Assembly voting in favor thereof. By order of the Assembly, DANIEL D. FRISBIE, Speaker.

State of New York, Office of the Secretary of State, Albany, July 24, 1911.—I have compared the preceding copy of concurrent resolution with the original thereof on file in this office, and I do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom, and of the whole thereof. Given under my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State at the city of Albany, this twenty-fourth day of July, in the year of our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and eleven. [L. S.] EDWARD LAZANSKY, Secretary of State.

FORM FOR SUBMISSION OF AMENDMENT NUMBER TWO.

Shall the proposed amendment to Section two of Article six of the Constitution, designated in the election notice as Amendment Number Two, which omits the provision that the Justices of the appellate division in each department shall have power to fix the times and places for holding special terms therein, and to assign the justices in the departments to hold such terms; or to make rules therefor; be approved?

EXPLANATION—MATTER IN ITALICS IS NEW; MATTER IN BRACKETS [] IS OLD LAW TO BE OMITTED.

STATE OF NEW YORK, OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE, ALBANY, JULY 24, 1911.—Pursuant to the provisions of section one of article fourteen of the Constitution of the State of New York, and section two hundred and ninety-five of the Election Law, notice is hereby given that the following proposed amendment to section fourteen of article six of the Constitution of the State of New York is to be submitted to the people for approval at the next general election in this State to be held on the seventh day of November, nineteen hundred and eleven. EDWARD LAZANSKY, Secretary of State.

AMENDMENT NUMBER THREE. Concurrent Resolution of the Senate and Assembly, Proposing an amendment to section fourteen of article six of the constitution, in relation to the county court of Kings county.

Section 1. Resolved (if the Assembly concur). That section fourteen of article six of the constitution be amended to read as follows: § 14. The existing county courts are continued, and the judges thereof now in office shall hold their offices until the expiration of their respective terms. In the county of Kings there shall be [two] four county judges and the additional county judges shall be chosen at the [next] general election held in an odd-numbered year after the adoption of [this article.] the amendment to this section for the term of six years from and including the first day of January next after their election. The successors of the several county judges shall be chosen by the electors of the counties for the term of six years. County courts shall have the powers and jurisdiction they now possess, and also original jurisdiction in actions for the recovery of money only, where the defendants reside in the county, and in which the complaint demands judgment for a sum not exceeding two thousand dollars. The legislature may hereafter enlarge or restrict the jurisdiction of the county courts, provided, however, that their jurisdiction shall not be so extended as to authorize an action therein for the recovery of money only, in which the sum demanded exceeds two thousand dollars, or in which any person not a resident of the county is a defendant. Courts of sessions, except in the county of New York, are abolished from and after the last day of December, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five. All the jurisdiction of the court of sessions in each county, except the county of New York, shall thereupon be vested in the county court thereof, and all actions and proceedings then pending in such courts of sessions shall be transferred to said county courts for hearing and determination. Every county judge shall perform such duties as may be required by law. His salary shall be established by law, payable out of the county treasury. A county judge of any county may hold county court in any other county when requested by the judge of such

offer county § 1. Resolved (if the Assembly concur). That the foregoing amendment be submitted to the people for approval at the general election to be held in the year nineteen hundred and eleven, in accordance with the provisions of the election law.

State of New York, In Senate, March 9, 1911.—The foregoing resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the Senators elected voting in favor thereof. By order of the Senate, ROBERT F. WAGNER, Temporary President.

State of New York, In Assembly, June 1, 1911.—The foregoing resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the members elected to the Assembly voting in favor thereof. By order of the Assembly, DANIEL D. FRISBIE, Speaker.

State of New York, Office of the Secretary of State, Albany, July 24, 1911.—I have compared the preceding copy of concurrent resolution with the original concurrent resolution on file in this office, and I do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom, and of the whole thereof. Given under my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State at the city of Albany, this twenty-fourth day of July, in the year of our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and eleven. [L. S.] EDWARD LAZANSKY, Secretary of State.

FORM FOR SUBMISSION OF AMENDMENT NUMBER THREE.

Shall the proposed amendment to Section fourteen of Article six of the Constitution, designated in the election notice as Amendment Number Three, providing for the election of two additional County Judges in the County of Kings (now two), which additional judges shall be chosen at the General Election held in an odd numbered year after the adoption of the amendment to this section, for the term of six years from and including the first day of January next after their election, be approved?

EXPLANATION—MATTER IN ITALICS IS NEW; MATTER IN BRACKETS [] IS OLD MATTER TO BE OMITTED.

STATE OF NEW YORK, OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE, ALBANY, JULY 24, 1911.—Pursuant to the provisions of section one of article fourteen of the Constitution of the State of New York, and section two hundred and ninety-five of the Election Law, notice is hereby given that the following proposed amendment to section six of article one of the Constitution of the State of New York is to be submitted to the people for approval at the next general election in this State to be held on the seventh day of November, nineteen hundred and eleven. EDWARD LAZANSKY, Secretary of State.

AMENDMENT NUMBER FOUR. Concurrent Resolution of the Senate and Assembly, To amend section six of article one of the constitution, in relation to taking private property for public use.

Whereas, the legislature, at its regular session in nineteen hundred and ten, duly adopted a resolution proposing an amendment to section six of the constitution, in relation to taking private property for public use; and Whereas, such resolution has been duly published in accordance with law and the constitution and referred to this legislature for action; therefore, Section 1. Resolved (if the Assembly concur). That section six of article one of the constitution be amended by adding thereto a clause to read as follows: When private property shall be taken for public use by a municipal corporation, additional adjoining or neighboring property may be taken under conditions to be prescribed by the legislature by general law. Property thus taken shall be deemed to be taken for public use. § 2. Resolved (if the Assembly concur). That the foregoing amendment be submitted to the people for approval at the general election to be held in the year nineteen hundred and eleven in accordance with the provisions of the election law.

State of New York, In Senate, May 10, 1911.—This resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the Senators elected voting in favor thereof, three-fifths being present. By order of the Senate, T. F. CONWAY, President.

State of New York, In Assembly, June 2, 1911.—This resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the members elected to the Assembly voting in favor thereof, three-fifths being present. By order of the Assembly, DANIEL D. FRISBIE, Speaker.

State of New York, Office of the Secretary of State, Albany, July 24, 1911.—I have compared the preceding copy of concurrent resolution with the original concurrent resolution on file in this office, and I do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom, and of the whole thereof. Given under my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State at the city of Albany, this twenty-fourth day of July, in the year of our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and eleven. [L. S.] EDWARD LAZANSKY, Secretary of State.

FORM FOR SUBMISSION OF AMENDMENT NUMBER FOUR.

Shall the proposed amendment to Section six of Article one of the Constitution, designated in the election notice as Amendment Number Four, in relation to taking private property for public use, be approved?

EXPLANATION—MATTER IN ITALICS IS NEW; MATTER IN BRACKETS [] IS OLD LAW TO BE OMITTED.

STATE OF NEW YORK, OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE, ALBANY, JULY 24, 1911.—Pursuant to the provisions of section one of article fourteen of the Constitution of the State of New York, and section two hundred and ninety-five of the Election Law, notice is hereby given that the following proposed amendment to section four of article four of the Constitution of the State of New York is to be submitted to the people for approval at the next general election in this State to be held on the seventh day of November, nineteen hundred and eleven. EDWARD LAZANSKY, Secretary of State.

AMENDMENT NUMBER FIVE. Concurrent Resolution of the Senate and Assembly, Proposing an amendment to section four of article four of the constitution, in relation to the salary of governor.

Whereas, the legislature, at its regular session in nineteen hundred and ten, duly adopted a resolution proposing an amendment to section four of article four of the constitution, in relation to the compensation of members of the legislature; and Whereas, such resolution has been duly published in accordance with law and the constitution and referred to this legislature for action; therefore, Section 1. Resolved (if the Assembly concur). That section four of article four of the constitution be amended to read as follows: § 4. The governor shall be commander-in-chief of the military and naval forces of the state. He shall have power to convene the legislature, or to adjourn it, on extraordinary occasions. At

extraordinary occasions no subject shall be acted upon, except such as the governor may recommend for consideration. He shall communicate by message to the legislature at every session the condition of the state, and recommend such matters as it may judge expedient. He shall transact all necessary business with the officers of government, civil and military. He shall expedite all such measures as may be resolved upon by the legislature, and shall take care that the laws are faithfully executed. He shall receive for his services an annual salary of twenty [ten] thousand dollars, and there shall be provided for his use a suitable and furnished executive residence. § 2. Resolved (if the Assembly concur). That the foregoing amendment be submitted to the people for approval at the general election to be held in the year nineteen hundred and eleven, in accordance with the provisions of the election law.

State of New York, In Senate, July 20, 1911.—The foregoing resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the Senators elected voting in favor thereof. By order of the Senate, T. F. CONWAY, President.

State of New York, In Assembly, July 20, 1911.—The foregoing resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the members elected to the Assembly voting in favor thereof. By order of the Assembly, DANIEL D. FRISBIE, Speaker.

State of New York, Office of the Secretary of State, Albany, July 24, 1911.—I have compared the preceding copy of concurrent resolution with the original concurrent resolution on file in this office, and I do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom, and of the whole thereof. Given under my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State at the city of Albany, this twenty-fourth day of July, in the year of our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and eleven. [L. S.] EDWARD LAZANSKY, Secretary of State.

FORM FOR SUBMISSION OF AMENDMENT NUMBER FIVE.

Shall the proposed amendment to Section four of Article four of the Constitution, designated in the election notice as Amendment Number Five, providing for the increase of the salary of the Governor (now ten thousand dollars) to twenty thousand dollars, be approved?

EXPLANATION—MATTER IN ITALICS IS NEW; MATTER IN BRACKETS [] IS OLD MATTER TO BE OMITTED.

STATE OF NEW YORK, OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE, ALBANY, JULY 24, 1911.—Pursuant to the provisions of section one of article fourteen of the Constitution of the State of New York, and section two hundred and ninety-five of the Election Law, notice is hereby given that the following proposed amendment to section eight of article seven of the Constitution of the State of New York is to be submitted to the people for approval at the next general election in this State to be held on the seventh day of November, nineteen hundred and eleven. EDWARD LAZANSKY, Secretary of State.

AMENDMENT NUMBER SIX. Concurrent Resolution of the Senate and Assembly, Proposing an amendment to article seven, section eight, of the constitution, in relation to canals.

Whereas, the legislature, at its regular session in nineteen hundred and ten, duly adopted a resolution proposing an amendment to section eight of article seven of the constitution, in relation to canals; and Whereas, such resolution has been duly published in accordance with law and the constitution and referred to this legislature for action, therefore: Section 1. Resolved (if the Assembly concur). That section eight of article seven of the constitution be amended to read as follows: § 8. The legislature shall not sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the Erie canal, the Oswego canal, the Champlain canal, the Cayuga and Seneca canal, [or] the Black River canal, [or] any part of said canals, or any lands, slips, docks, or other structures, basins, harbors, or terminals connected with and appurtenant to said canals hereafter provided, acquired or constructed by the state to aid commerce upon said canals, or upon tide waters, lakes, or canalized waterways, including all that portion of the Erie canal in the city of Buffalo from the guard lock therein to and including Commercial Slip, and the slips leading from the canal to the Erie basin, but they shall remain the property of the state and under its management forever. The word "canal," as used herein, includes slips, harbors and the canals as constructed and improved under and pursuant to chapter one hundred and forty-seven of the laws of nineteen hundred and three, as heretofore amended, and under and pursuant to chapter three hundred and ninety-one of the laws of nineteen hundred and nine. No part of any of the said canals nor of said lands, slips, docks, or other structures, basins, harbors or terminals, shall be abandoned, until the same shall have ceased to be a portion thereof and shall have been declared abandoned by an act of the legislature, based upon a certificate of the canal board, that it is no longer a portion thereof. All funds that may be derived from any lease, sale or other disposition of any canal not above mentioned, or of any part of the canals, lands, slips, docks, or other structures, basins, harbors or terminals, which shall have ceased to be a portion thereof and declared abandoned, as above provided, shall be applied to the improvement, superintendence or repair of the remaining canals. [The prohibition of lease, sale or other disposition herein contained, shall not apply to the canal known as the Main and Hamburg street canal, situated in the city of Buffalo, and which extends easterly from the westerly line of Main street to the westerly line of Hamburg street. All funds that may be derived from any such lease, sale or other disposition of any canal shall be applied to the improvement, superintendence or repair of the remaining portions of the canals.] § 2. Resolved (if the Assembly concur). That the foregoing amendment be submitted to the people for approval at the general election to be held in the year nineteen hundred and eleven, in accordance with the provisions of the election law.

State of New York, In Senate, June 21, 1911.—The foregoing resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the Senators elected voting in favor thereof. By order of the Senate, T. F. CONWAY, President.

State of New York, In Assembly, July 19, 1911.—The foregoing resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the members elected to the Assembly voting in favor thereof. By order of the Assembly, DANIEL D. FRISBIE, Speaker.

State of New York, Office of the Secretary of State, Albany, July 24, 1911.—I have compared the preceding copy of concurrent resolution with the original concurrent resolution on file in this office, and I do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom, and of the whole thereof. Given under my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State at the city of Albany, this twenty-fourth day of July, in the year of our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and eleven. [L. S.] EDWARD LAZANSKY, Secretary of State.

FORM FOR SUBMISSION OF AMENDMENT NUMBER SEVEN.

Shall the proposed amendment to Section seven of Article one of the Constitution, designated in the election notice as Amendment Number Seven, authorizing the Supreme Court, with or without a jury, to ascertain the compensation to be made when private property is taken for public use when such compensation is not made by the State, be approved?

COHEN, JULIA E.—The people of the State of New York, by the grace of God free and independent, do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom, and of the whole thereof. Given under my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State at the city of Albany, this twenty-fourth day of July, in the year of our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and eleven. [L. S.] EDWARD LAZANSKY, Secretary of State.

State of New York, Office of the Secretary of State, Albany, July 24, 1911.—I have compared the preceding copy of concurrent resolution with the original concurrent resolution on file in this office, and I do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom, and of the whole thereof. Given under my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State at the city of Albany, this twenty-fourth day of July, in the year of our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and eleven. [L. S.] EDWARD LAZANSKY, Secretary of State.

FORM FOR SUBMISSION OF AMENDMENT NUMBER SIX.

Shall the proposed amendment to Section eight of Article seven of the Constitution, designated in the election notice as Amendment Number Six, regulating the abandonment of canals and the use of funds derived from such abandonment, defining the use of the word "canal," and extending the prohibition against disposition of certain canals of the state and properties used in connection therewith, be approved?

EXPLANATION—MATTER IN ITALICS IS NEW; MATTER IN BRACKETS [] IS OLD MATTER TO BE OMITTED.

STATE OF NEW YORK, OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE, ALBANY, JULY 24, 1911.—Pursuant to the provisions of section one of article fourteen of the Constitution of the State of New York, and section two hundred and ninety-five of the Election Law, notice is hereby given that the following proposed amendment to section seven of article one of the Constitution of the State of New York is to be submitted to the people for approval at the next general election in this State to be held on the seventh day of November, nineteen hundred and eleven. EDWARD LAZANSKY, Secretary of State.

AMENDMENT NUMBER SEVEN. Concurrent Resolution of the Senate and Assembly, Proposing an amendment to section seven of article one of the constitution, in relation to condemnation proceedings.

Whereas, the legislature, at its regular session in nineteen hundred and ten, duly adopted a resolution proposing an amendment to section seven of article one of the constitution, in relation to condemnation proceedings; and Whereas, such resolution has been duly published in accordance with law and the constitution and referred to this legislature for action; therefore, Section 1. Resolved (if the Assembly concur). That section seven of article one of the constitution be amended to read as follows: § 7. When private property shall be taken for any public use, the compensation to be made therefor, when such compensation is not made by the state, shall be ascertained by a jury, by the supreme court with or without a jury or by not less than three commissioners appointed by a court of record, as shall be prescribed by law. Private roads may be opened in the manner to be prescribed by law; but in every case the necessity of the road and the amount of all damage to be sustained by the opening thereof shall be first determined by a jury of free-holders, and such amount, together with the expenses of the proceeding, shall be paid by the person to be benefited. General laws may be passed permitting the owners or occupants of agricultural lands to construct and maintain for the drainage thereof, necessary drains, ditches and dikes upon the lands of others, under proper restrictions and with just compensation, but no special laws shall be enacted for such purposes. § 2. Resolved (if the Assembly concur). That the foregoing amendment be submitted to the people for approval at the general election to be held in the year nineteen hundred and eleven in accordance with the provisions of the election law.

State of New York, In Senate, June 5, 1911.—The foregoing resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the Senators elected voting in favor thereof. By order of the Senate, T. F. CONWAY, President.

State of New York, In Assembly, July 21, 1911.—The foregoing resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the members elected to the Assembly voting in favor thereof. By order of the Assembly, DANIEL D. FRISBIE, Speaker.

State of New York, Office of the Secretary of State, Albany, July 24, 1911.—I have compared the preceding copy of concurrent resolution with the original concurrent resolution on file in this office, and I do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom, and of the whole thereof. Given under my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State at the city of Albany, this twenty-fourth day of July, in the year of our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and eleven. [L. S.] EDWARD LAZANSKY, Secretary of State.

FORM FOR SUBMISSION OF AMENDMENT NUMBER SEVEN.

Shall the proposed amendment to Section seven of Article one of the Constitution, designated in the election notice as Amendment Number Seven, authorizing the Supreme Court, with or without a jury, to ascertain the compensation to be made when private property is taken for public use when such compensation is not made by the State, be approved?

COHEN, JULIA E.—The people of the State of New York, by the grace of God free and independent, do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom, and of the whole thereof. Given under my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State at the city of Albany, this twenty-fourth day of July, in the year of our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and eleven. [L. S.] EDWARD LAZANSKY, Secretary of State.

