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If The Worst Should Happen

BY HAROLD DEBREST

WHO doesn't remember the panic of 1907? It came suddenly like a tornado, sweeping from coast to coast, and when it subsided the closed doors of former prosperous financial and mercantile establishments, and the bankruptcy and suicide notices in the newspaper columns remained alone to tell the tale of devastation and ruin. During this period, while the captains of finance in Wall Street were laboring day and night in an effort to relieve the situation, and save as much as possible of their own dwindling fortunes, the merchant princes of Broadway—that part which is known as the manufacturing centre of the American metropolis—were nervously studying the ways and means of protecting the hard-earned fruit of their labor.

Broadway was at a standstill! Business was practically suspended in the larger as well as in the smaller factories, while the heads and their respective staffs sat around reading the bulletins from Wall Street and watching the newspapers for information of new failures of banks and business houses in all parts of the country that came with every edition of the news agencies.

It was just three days after the crash of that biggest of financial institutions in America, the Northern Trust Co., the effects of which, like so many echoes, were felt in every State of the Union, where banks and trust companies of every description were coming down day after day; when one morning, shortly after 9 o'clock, the news spread that there was a run on the Wooster Exchange Bank, on the corner of — street and Broadway, the institution in which were deposited the great bulk of Broadway's manufacturing capital. For details, it was learned that the run started in the usual way, a few of the smaller depositors fearful of losing their little mites, appeared the day before, a half hour before closing time, at the paying teller's window, and while they were being paid out, other depositors came pouring in, and taking their places

in the line in such numbers, that in a few minutes it grew to a size half way around the block. No one

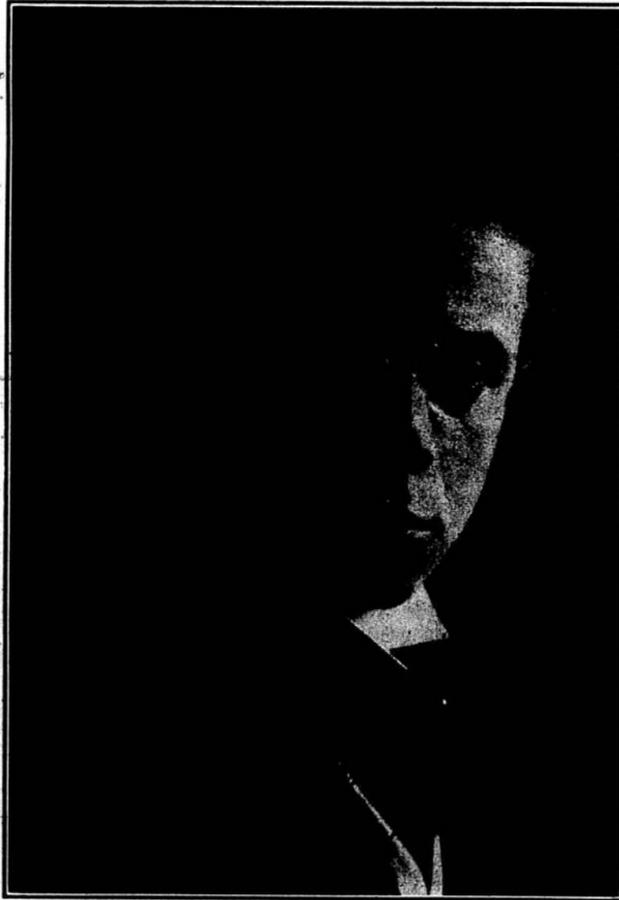
tried throughout Broadway that the Woolen Exchange Bank had failed. In the terrible fear that seized every

the bank, there seemed to be no possibility for the display of that logic and foresight which more than any-

ance of the bank president, who came down from one of his uptown branch offices to take command of the situation, that the bank will be opened as usual on the following morning, after closing its doors at four o'clock, one hour after regular banking hours, only because the funds on hand were exhausted, and that the arrival of more cash overnight was a certainty, didn't seem to calm their great army of customers, for it seemed that they were all there when the doors opened at the appointed time on the following morning. Two blocks of jostling, pushing, agitated men, with books in their trembling hands, were lined up against the massive doors of the institution, their pale faces indicating a sleepless night. The president's automobile appeared, and as he stepped out and observed the size of the line, his face assumed a grave and worried expression, carefully hidden under a cold and indifferent exterior. He immediately ordered three paying tellers to attend to the belligerent multitudes, instructing them to pay everyone on presentation of his book. Several automobiles were rolled up in front of the door delivering officers and directors of the institution, who were summoned for a conference, and in a little while a heavily loaded vehicle appeared carrying sacks of gold that were flaunted before the waiting nervous eyes of the crowds.

Just then an elderly gentleman appeared, who after asking for the president, was ushered into the latter's private office. They shook hands quietly and motioning to a chair, the president sat down opposite his visitor. He was a man of about sixty, this visitor, of middle height, with blue-gray eyes, snow-white hair and beard, and a high forehead, exhibiting in the expression of his face a combined sympathetic, determined and intellectual personality. Quietly, in a somewhat broken, though not ungrammatical English, he began: "Mr. Woods, I've come to confer with you about

(Continued on page 12)



Josef A. Pasternack.

After the season at the Metropolitan Opera House gets into full swing, there will make his debut at a Sunday night concert a most extraordinarily gifted young musician. Josef A. Pasternack, who will conduct the orchestra, was born in Tshenstochau, Russia, in 1880. Before he was five years of age he had begun the study of music, and at six he composed. At the age of twelve he could perform on almost every instrument in the orchestra. Three years later he entered the Moscow Conservatory, from which he graduated in 1895. His career here began in the same year when he became attached to a road opera company, in the capacity of pianist, composer and conductor. After his return to New York he joined the Musical Union, registering as a bass player. He has been a member of Mr. Damrosch's Symphony Orchestra, and for four years taught the piano. Joining the opera orchestra as solo viola, Mr. Toscanini became impressed by the talent of his new acquisition. Mr. Pasternack has refused offers to conduct at Dresden and Hamburg, but so great is his personal devotion to Mr. Toscanini that he prefers to remain associated with an artist whom he considers the greatest conductor of the age. J. M.

seemed to know how it started, yet in less than an hour the news was carried business house identified with this institution and every customer of thing else is responsible for Broadway's prosperity. Even the assur-

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A RETURN TO COMMON SENSE

By ARCHIBALD ROSS.

WHILE the physical and largely the mental sciences have been the outgrowth of common sense in earnest minds, it must be admitted that no corresponding ratio exists in the moral growth of the human family. So steeped in the mire of fetich and dogma, few have undertaken to shake off the fetters that press on the better half of the mind, and thus civilization marches on with an indifference that is appalling to the keenest thinkers. But we need not despair. Common Sense is asserting its sovereignty, and the twentieth century gives us grand hope for a higher development.

And indeed it is full time that this true philosophy of life should mark our existence in its intensity. Yet, to be candid, three or four decades may pass without realizing its full beauty in our political and religious hemispheres. There are so many issues and dogmas crowded in our daily curricula that only healthy educational methods can keep us in the sunlight.

Let us look over some of those abnormal growths, and in looking over, watch the trend of the emotional side

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of common life. Here, for instance, is the unceasing persecution of the Hebrews. Let it be noted that in this matter particularly very few take time to think. Ripe students here and there are found willing to analyze the nature of the events surrounding the life and death of Jesus. They know that crucifixion was not permitted in the Mosaic code; and they know that Judea was controlled as a Roman possession. The expression attributed to Pilate after washing his hands, "I am innocent of the blood of this just person; see ye to it," is one of the laimest utterances recorded in history. Pilate, as prosecutor, put Jesus to death, when he could have saved him. The rabble—Greeks, Romans, Jews, Gentiles of the baser sort, cried for his death, just as they are doing in similar cases to-day.

But on the other hand Jesus maintained, according to the Christian code that he must suffer death—that it was his Father's will. He detailed this carefully. If this hero, and Christians maintain the doctrine, therefore the persons who believed this doctrine, and put him to death were acting in conformity to that decree. Who were they? The rabble were virtually the crucifiers of Jesus.

The aceticism that sprang up out of the womb of suffering in the Roman empire had so imbued the people that they were glad to see some vestige of hope lighten the world. They eagerly listened to homilies like the Sermon on the Mount; their faith grew strong. Reason does not necessarily count in such a crisis. It is but natural that they should seek peace and rest, without inquiring as to the fundamentals. Those who had leisure and ability—men of mind, yet men, we are told, tainted with moral weakness, as Origen, John Martyr, Tertullian, Clemens, were so swayed in defending their own doctrines as to allow no margin of safety for the doubter, as we find in the sore experience of Arius in defending his tenets. The religious element in the early centuries was so infused with superstition that we are gravely told the bishops of the Nicene Council are in doubt as to which book should be received in the Canon; they prayed over the matter, when the "orthodox" volumes suddenly left the floor, mounted on the table, without the aid of human hands, and so the New Testament came to be recognized as the Divine Volume!

Then there is the Oberammergau ceremony every ten years, giving us a remnant of medievalism. It is a pitiable spectacle in our twentieth century to find hundreds of clergymen spending their last cent to witness the scene in all its blood curdling horror, then detail it out in their sermons, without a consciousness that weaker minds will drink it in, and keep up the chronic persecution of the Hebrews. And why the Hebrews? The Christians tell us that Jesus had to suffer death. And why should the Jew be singled out more than the Gentile or the outcasts who constantly, infest our cities? Let us hope that this insult to the Almighty will soon disappear, and the clergy find something better than gathering material to teach hatred to their fellow men.

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Common sense has been slowly making its way over the world. But it has done some great things. It has given us the Magna Charta. It destroyed the "Invincible" Armada. It gave a two-hundred-year set back to medievalism in the advent of William Henry of Orange in England. Trafalgar and Waterloo are gems in its crown. The American Republic lives as its pet child; while the inscriptions "The right of Private Judgment," "Separation of Church and State," shine brilliantly on its banners, showing us that Common Sense, though tardy, is coming to rule the world.

CORRESPONDENCE.

Prof. Deutsch to "B. G. R."

Editor HEBREW STANDARD:
Sir.—The Constitution of the United States grants to B. G. R. as to any other citizen a perfect right to have a low estimate of my ability and of my character, but the moral code requires that even the opponent should not be misrepresented. B. G. R., however, misrepresents me when he says that I "enlarged" the sum of £500 pounds, paid by the Zionists as bribe to Abdul Hamid, to £6,000. I did not do a thing of the kind. Most of the Jewish papers reported it, and the "Neue National Zeitung" of Vienna, edited by Dr. S. R. Landau, at one time a leader in Zionism, still maintains the statement. The charge against me is so much the more unjust, as I stated in the article quoted, and still maintain that it is an indifferent matter what the sum was, as long as it is proven that the Zionist central organization, denouncing their opponents for lack of self-respect, greased the autocrat.

Facts and not opinions are the important matter. I do not impute to anyone shifster motives needlessly. Everybody may be mistaken. So you are, when in your editorial columns you charge Heine with having written the poem, Zerschlagen ist die alte Leier
Am Felsen, welcher Christus heisst.
In order to curry favor with some missionary. This poem is a hoax and was written by some poetistic pastor who ascribed it to Heine. Anyone can know it, and Gustav Karpeles, the eminent authority on Heine, proved it beyond doubt a posthumous essay, published in "Neue Freie Presse" of September 25, 1910.

Yours truly,
G. DEUTSCH.
Cincinnati, Oct. 24, 1910.

He Should Resign.

Editor HEBREW STANDARD:
As an orthodox Jew and president of an orthodox congregation and member of the Executive Committee of the Union of Orthodox Hebrew Congregations of the United States and Canada, I desire to enter an emphatic protest against the action of Chief Rabbi B. I. Levinthal, head of the orthodox section of the Philadelphia community, in actively participating in the installation services of his son as a minister in a reform synagogue. I understand that in the synagogue in which his son ministers, hats are not worn during service, the sexes sit together and there is a choir of Christian singers and an organ. It seems to me that Rabbi Levinthal has, by his action in this instance, brought discredit upon the cause of traditional Judaism in America. He should be asked to resign from his position as the president of the Union of Orthodox Rabbis of this country.

Very truly yours,
EDWIN KAUFMAN,
President Cong. Orach Chaim, Executive Member Union of Orthodox Hebrew Cong.

The Religious Atmosphere in Germany.
The atmosphere of Germany, which has on the whole remained religious, acts on the minds of our brethren who always, in whatever country they find themselves, reflect the spiritual environment in which they live. The flagrant scepticism which ravages other countries does not flourish in Germany, where respect for things religious is anchored in every heart. * * * The German Jew, whether he belongs to the school of tradition or that of reform, is imbued with his duties toward his faith, and he submits more readily to ritual discipline.—Archives Israelites, Paris.

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ISRAEL MAX EDMUND, also known as **MAX ISRAEL**.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. John P. Cohalan, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Max Edmund Israel, also known as Max Israel, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at her place of transacting business, at the office of Bernheim & Loewenthal, her attorneys, No. 35 Nassau Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 2d day of January, 1911.

Dated New York, the 22d day of June, 1910.
LEAH ISRAEL, Administratrix.
BERNHEIM & LOEWENTHAL, Attorneys for Administratrix, No. 35 Nassau Street, New York City.

BERNSTEIN, ADOLPH.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Adolph Bernstein, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at her place of transacting business, at the office of Kurman & Frankenthal, No. 25 Broadway Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, on or before the first day of December, 1910.

Dated New York, May 25, 1910.
FANNIE BERNSTEIN, Administratrix.
KURZMAN & FRANKENTHAL, Attorneys for Administratrix, No. 25 Broadway Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

GARBARINO, PAUL.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Paul Garbarino, also known as Paulo Garbarino, P. Garbarino and Paolo Garbarino, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at her place of transacting business at the office of A. Salomon, No. 335 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the 21st day of March, 1911, next.

Dated New York, the 11th day of August, 1910
THERESA GARBARINO, Administratrix.
ALMON, Attorney for Administratrix, 335 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

AUERBACH, RICHARD.—In pursuance of an order of Honorable John P. Cohalan, Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Richard Auerbach, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at her place of transacting business, at the office of her attorneys, Eisman, Levy, Corn & Lewine, No. 138 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 3d day of January next.

Dated New York City, June 24, 1910.
JOSEPHINE AUERBACH, Administratrix.
EISMAN, LEVY, CORN & LEWINE, Attorneys for Administratrix, 138 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

WEILL, SOLOMON.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Solomon Weill, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at her place of transacting business, at the office of M. S. & I. S. Isaacs, at No. 53 William Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the first day of February next.

Dated New York, the 11th day of July, 1910.
M. S. & I. S. ISAACS, Attorneys for Executor, 52 William Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

ROSENTHAL, JACOB.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Jacob Rosenthal, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers, at their place of transacting business at the office of Jacob Levy, Esq., Nos. 302-304 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the 28th day of February next.

Dated New York, the 15th day of August, 1910.
JONAS ROSENTHAL, RUDOLPH STEIN, Executors.
JACOB LEVY, Attorney for Executors, 302-304 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

MINZESHEIMER, CLARENCE C.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, dated July 25, 1910, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Clarence C. Minzesheimer, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at their place of transacting business, at the office of Colby & Goldbeck, No. 111 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York on or before the 19th day of February next.

Dated New York, August 1, 1910.
BLANCHE S. MINZESHEIMER, CHARLES MINZESHEIMER, Executors.
COLBY & GOLDBECK, Attorneys for Executors, 111 Broadway, New York City.

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AN ANSWERED PRAYER

(Translated from the French.)

THIS occurred in Alsace, about the end of the last century. It was in the month of December, the clock had just struck ten, the rain was beating against the leafless trees, and the wind roared, the echo of the forest. Moses Katz could scarcely see his road, not to stumble at every step. He cursed the awful weather, which prevented his reaching home, and his only hope was to reach a little solitary light, whose rays projected at a distance on the road. At length his wishes were realized; he arrived at the door of a small abandoned house—his horse had just stumbled. He had scarce time to knock with desperate hand at the door, which was only opened after a long parley. Mr. Stach, the proprietor, welcomed the traveler, ordered Krettle to revive the fire, which was extinguishing in the hearth. Our traveler, disfigured with the rain and mud, soon found his warmed limbs resume their elasticity. The master and servant did not present a very agreeable or inviting appearance. Stach had red hair and a false smile, and Krettle, a girl of uncertain age, pale, lean, and of a scolding temper, with the sandy hair which is so commonly met with in the villages of Alsace.

"I cannot offer you any luxury for supper," said Stach to Moses Katz; "we are only poor people—a little black bread, a pitcher of beer and some Swiss cheese make up my stock of provisions."

"A thousand thanks," answered Moses. "I want nothing but a little bread and a glass of beer, for I have provisions with me. I am a Jew, and you know our manner of living when we are upon our travels."

"O! you are a Jew?" answered the host, his eyes sparkling with ferocious delight.

"Yes, I am just returning from a neighboring fair, where I sold two beautiful horses, and was unfortunately delayed, through which I have been overtaken by the storm. Still, the weather shall not detain me, for to-morrow being Friday, I feel it an essential duty to pass my Sabbath with my wife and family."

Whilst Moses Katz was speaking, Stach and his servant exchanged a sinister look, which had escaped the notice of the narrator. With the utmost eagerness was our traveler immediately served, when the host recollected that he had in his cellar a bottle of good old wine. He offered it to him in the most pressing manner. Katz refused, saying that he did not drink wine made by Gentiles, *ne sech*, and drawing from his pocket a piece of salt meat, which he cut with his pocket knife. He would accept nothing but a bit of bread, which he took care to cut only from the top, and a glass of country brown beer. A thousand times he thanked his host, asking for his bill for the hospitable accommodation granted to him.

"Very good," replied Stach, "we shall talk about that to-morrow, before you take your leave of us, as surely you cannot think of taking to the road to-night, seeing the increase

of the tempest. Krettle has just come from putting up your horse in the stable, and from getting your room ready, where you may sleep like a nobleman; and to-morrow morning early, fresh and active, you can take your departure."

Moses wished to leave, for he was not quiet in his mind; but finding that the road was actually not in a fit state for traveling, at this hour of the night, he with a sigh accepted the offer made with such cordiality, which in spite of himself he knew to be false.

Having taken a look at his horse, he went to the room prepared for him, lighted up stairs by Krettle, who on leaving him, said, with an undefinable look and voice, "Good night," which agitated him.

Seized with a vague inquietude, our traveler surveyed his room, and found that it looked into the court, a story below. At this moment his candle went out; he wanted to light it again, but found the door double-locked from the outside. He knocked; no person answered. He tried to open the window, but it was fastened outside. The little squares of the Alsatian frames would not afford him a chance of escaping in case of danger. Whilst he was tossed about by imaginary fears he tied up his girdle, which contained in gold the amount of his sale of the two horses, and remembered with dread to have left his knife upon the table during supper. A whispering noise was heard near his chamber; his fright redoubled, when he happily remembered that he had a match for his pipe; with this he lighted his candle. He then breathed more freely—he re-approached himself for his vain fears. In a loud and intelligible voice he said his night prayer, which contained the benediction which Jacob gave to Menasseh and Ephraim, with which the Israelites consigning themselves to sleep confide their souls to their guardian angel.

But with what terror was he seized, when on opening the sheets he saw large spots of blood, which had saturated the bed, and which had scarcely become dried up. A cold sweat covered his paralyzed limbs—his hair stood upright—his teeth clashed, as if he had been in a violent fever. At this moment he heard the heavy step of Stach upon the staircase, and arming himself with a stool he commended his soul to God, determined to sell his life as dearly as he could. Suddenly the window opened very softly and Krettle appeared with disordered hair and countenance much paler than at supper. "Come! Come, quickly!" she said to him in a disguised voice, and when Moses Katz hesitated, she cried out panting, "Come quickly, or you will be murdered!"

Upon hearing the step of Stach on



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the opposite landing, Katz called out: "As death stares me on both sides, I will risk this." He followed her, and saw her mounted upon a ladder placed in the court against the window. He descended, agitated with a convulsive movement, and it was she who supported him. Scarcely was he in the court when Stach appeared at the window of the chamber which Katz had just quitted.

"Ah! wretch," exclaimed he, "you think to escape me. Wait, I'll soon be with you." But Krettle had promptly withdrawn the ladder. The horse of Katz was ready for him in the court; he had only time to jump upon it and with his stirrup to set it on the gallop, for at that instant Stach came cursing, and pounced upon the girl with an axe in his hand.

The next day Moses Katz arrived home, shivering with the fever, from which he had not yet quite recovered. On the Sabbath he repaired to the synagogue, to return thanks to God for delivering him from danger.

The local authorities, informed of the outrageous attempt, made an immediate search after Stach. The wretch had disappeared, but Krettle was found weltering in her blood and expiring. Stach had assassinated her as a punishment for having betrayed him in order to save the stranger. Previous to her death she could only declare with her expiring voice that she had been formerly a domestic in the service of a rich Alsatian Jew, by whom she was treated in the kindest manner; and as it often happens in the country, she had care of the children, and was in the habit of repeating with them the night-prayer before they retired to rest. So, without comprehending a word of it, she became accustomed to regard this task of religious duty as sacred. Upon the night of her assassination, as she prepared everything for putting into execution the dreadful project of Stach, she heard Katz, in a loud voice, reciting the prayer which she had so often repeated to the children. It seemed to her if Heaven thereby prohibited her to commit this fresh crime. It recalled to her mind the tender infants, whom she so dearly loved, and her old Jewish master, who had been so kind and indulgent to her. All this

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had at last determined her to rescue Moses Katz. A few days after Stach was arrested, and expiated with his blood his manifold crimes. Moses Katz passed the remainder of his life in the performance of good works, and never omitted saying with the most profound devotion the night-prayer which had saved his life.

When the Red Sea Was Frozen.

In a recent address before the National Liberal Club, which met at London, England, Mr. Booker T. Washington said a negro theologian was once explaining why the children of Israel crossed the Red Sea in safety, and why the Egyptians were drowned. "You see," he said, "it was the middle of winter, and the children of Israel crossed in the mornin', when the ice was nice and hard. But the Egyptians crossed at twelve o'clock when the sun had been shinin' and melted the ice and they was drowned." "That can't be true," said a young colored student, "for I've learnt from my geography that ice won't freeze so near the equator." "Just what I expected," retorted the preacher. "There's always some of these larned young men to spile our theology. But I'd hev you to know that them times I'm talkin' about was before there was jographies and 'quator."

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GOSSETT, RACHEL.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. ABNER C. THOMAS, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against RACHEL GOSSETT, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers at their place of transacting business, at the office of KANTROWITZ & ESBERG, No. 130 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the first day of November next. Dated New York, May 13, 1910.
SOLOMON GOSSETT, LOUIS GOSSETT and MORRIS E. GOSSETT, Executors.
KANTROWITZ & ESBERG, Attorneys for Executors, No. 130 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

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Happenings in the Jewish World.

These items are collected from the four corners of the Jewish earth, and are presented in tabloid form without comment.

Orthodox Jews of Butte, Mont., are organizing a Talmud Torah.

The plan to federate the Trenton, N. J., Jewish charities is gaining headway.

A reform Jewish congregation has been established at Gary, Ind.

Sixty Jews and their families have been expelled from Tula.

The German Foreign Minister has denounced the Roumanian Industries Bill.

The Jewish meat tax has been under consideration by a Duma committee.

The fifth annual convention of the American Paoli Zionists was held at Montreal, Canada, on the 19th ult.

The State Insurance Department has given permission to the Order B'rith Abraham to organize lodges in Virginia.

Rev. William Lowenberg has been elected Rabbi of Temple Israel, Uniontown, Pa.

A very commodious Talmud Torah was dedicated at Malden, Mass., last Sunday.

The eleventh annual convention of the Federation of Canadian Zionists will be held in Toronto next month.

The Hebrew Amateur Athletic Association has been established in Winnipeg, Manitoba.

The foundation stone of the West Ham Associate Synagogue was laid last Thursday. The Chief Rabbi officiated.

Mr. Sidney Lee, of London, Eng., has been appointed a member of the Royal Commission on Public Records.

M. Wahl, Doctor of Science, has been appointed Professor of Chemistry at the University of Nancy.

Cincinnati Lodge, No. 4, I. O. B. B., held a special meeting last Monday evening and initiated fifty candidates.

Dr. Henry M. Leipziger has been elected president of the Associate Alumni of the College of the City of New York.

Plans are being drawn for a large extension to be built to the Hebrew Sanitarium at Rockaway Park, N. Y.

Twenty-four Jewish organizations of Detroit, Mich., have expressed a willingness to federate.

The Jewish Young Men's Association of Rochester, N. Y., have \$5,500 pledged for the erection of a new clubhouse.

The United Jewish Charities of Cincinnati, O., received and granted 2,343 applications for relief during the past year, against 4,473 the previous year.

Last Monday Secretary of State Koenig laid the cornerstone of the new Albany, N. Y., Hebrew Educational Building.

Forty-five students are enrolled in a law class opened last week by the Jewish Educational Institute of Cincinnati, O.

The Rodeph Shalom Congregation of Philadelphia, Pa., now numbers 1,187 members, an increase of 50 per cent. In the last decade.

The tenth anniversary of the San Francisco, Cal., Section Council of Jewish Women was appropriately celebrated yesterday.

A Hebrew high school in conjunction with the northeastern Talmud Torah is the latest addition to Jewish educational institutions in Philadelphia, Pa.

The Kieff authorities have refused to permit the Jewish pharmaceutical stu-

dents from other districts to stay in the holy city during their examinations.

The Turkish Minister of the Interior took prompt steps to suppress a recent anti-Semitic manifestation near Adrianople.

By a decision of the Turkish Council of State the Chief Rabbinate of Turkey will be deprived of emoluments amounting to nearly 20,000 francs per annum.

The Cape Provincial Council includes two Jewish members, Mr. L. F. Lezard for Kimberley, and Mr. F. Ginsberg for Kingwilliamstown.

M. Jeramec has been promoted Commander, and M. Gabriel Astruc appointed Chevalier of the French Legion of Honor.

Temple Beth-El, of Detroit, Mich., at its annual meeting last week, re-elected Rabbi Franklin for ten years and increased his salary to \$7,500 per annum.

A new Hebrew Free School, under the auspices of Congregation Keneseth Israel, was dedicated at Bay City, Mich., last Sunday.

Women have begun a house-to-house campaign in Chicago, Ill., to increase the membership of the First Hungarian Hebrew Congregation to 1,900 by January, 1911.

The reactionary Russian Minister of Education, M. Schwartz, is reported to have been replaced by M. Kasso, from whom more liberal measures are expected.

M. Purishkevitch reports that his measure providing for the exclusion of Jews from the Russian Press has made great progress during the last few weeks.

Samuel Snellenberg and the family of the late Joseph Loucheim have each contributed \$5,000 for the proposed Keneseth Israel Alumni building, to be erected in Philadelphia, Pa.

A memorial tablet will be erected in Soldier's Memorial Hall, Pittsburg, Pa., for the Jewish veterans of the civil war. The tablet will be erected by the local section Council Jewish Women.

An organization for the promotion of social and moral welfare of the members is to be organized by Hebrews of Nassau County, Long Island, under the title of the Nassau Hebrew Association.

The orthodox Hebrew Congregation B'nai Zion, of El Paso, Tex., has purchased lots on North El Paso street, and will immediately begin the erection of a handsome synagogue.

A junior auxiliary composed of young men between the ages of sixteen and twenty-one, has been organized by the Memphis, Tenn., Young Men's Hebrew Association.

The first congregation to be established on the west side of Detroit has been formed with seventy-five families as a nucleus. The congregation will be strictly orthodox.

Magistrate O'Reilly, of Brooklyn, last Monday scored "ex-Rabbi" Cohen for attempted proselytizing and discharged a prisoner who was charged with breaking up a meeting.

The Jewish Training School of Chicago, Ill., has installed an open-air school for children on the roof of their building. Classes will be conducted there throughout the winter months.

Mr. Philip L. Seman has resigned as superintendent of the Jewish Charitable and Educational Association of St. Louis, Mo., to accept the position of secretary of the Federated Charities of Brooklyn, N. Y.

The Russian Cabinet has ordered the Karaites registrars not to enter the names of any children not admitted into the Abrahamic covenant, thereby dealing a severe blow to the assimilation movement among the Karaites.

Herr Jonas Low-Beer has been unanimously appointed by the Town Council of Brunn (the capital of Moravia), as an Honorary Citizen. He is the first Jew in that city on whom this honor has been conferred.

The Sultan of Turkey has conferred the Osmanie Order on Herr Heinrich Goldberg, of the Munich Ironworks, the constructor of the famous strategical bridge at Kleustem (Vilayet of Monastir), which is now completed.

A reception was tendered to Rabbi Rudolph E. Coffee last week by the members of the Tree of Life Congregation Pittsburg, Pa., prior to Rabbi Coffee's departure for his wedding at San Francisco.

Plans have been filed for combining two adjoining buildings with the present Y. M. H. A. building of this city. The cost, estimated at \$25,000, will be defrayed by the president of the association, Mr. Felix M. Warburg.

Discovery of a fire in the Home for the Daughters of Jacob, this city, on erev Simchath Torah, caused much uneasiness among the inmates. All were safely removed, including 117-year-old Mrs. Esther Davis, and the fire was put out without much damage being done.

The Western Presbyterian Synod, in session at Fresno, Cal., last week, declared the recent statement that the Pentateuch was not written by Moses "unsatisfactory because incompatible with the standards of the Presbyterian Church, as interpreted by her highest courts."

M. Ruchloff, Minister of Ways and Communications, has issued a circular instructing the managers of the railways to consider all converted Jews as loyal Jews and to refrain from employing more than 10 per cent. of non-Russians in their service.

An important addition to Hebrew journalism is the new weekly, "Halbri," which will shortly be issued in Berlin. A number of notabilities are associated with the undertaking, among them Dr. E. Baneth, Baron David Gunzburg, Dr. M. Holdesheimer and Hermann Struck.

Herr James Simon, the well-known philanthropist, has been created Doctor of Philosophy, honoris causa, on the occasion of the centenary of the Berlin University. Herr Emil Rathenau, the head of the General Electrical Company, received the same distinction.

A benefit performance will be given for Charles S. Adler, at one time prominent in East Side politics and a warden of this port, at Weber's Theatre, on November 20. The entire house is sold out and Timothy D. Sullivan has purchased a box for \$500.

The fortieth anniversary of Temple Israel of Brooklyn was celebrated with a banquet last week, a feature of which was the formal burning of a mortgage of \$34,000. Mr. Abraham Abraham, the president, is the only surviving charter member of the congregation.

At a mass meeting held at the Sons of Jacob Synagogue last Sunday 500 Jewish citizens present voted, to protest to the St. Paul, Minn., local school board against the Council of Jewish Women providing "penny lunches" to poor Jewish children.

Out of the 1,001 town councillors in the combined 51 towns of West Prussia for the last year, 668 were Protestants, 196 Roman Catholics, and 137 Jews. In proportion to their numerical strength in

the provinces indicated the Jewish representatives should not have numbered more than 70.

The new building of the Jewish Orphanage of Rhode Island, located at No. 1215 N. Main street, Providence, R. I., was dedicated on Sunday last. The new home is a commodious structure, and it is expected will be adequate to the demands of Jewish orphans for years to come.

The committee formed in Constantinople some months ago to build a large Jewish hospital has already raised the sum of 60,000 francs, and, having been assured of the financial support of some Ottoman Jews who are settled abroad, they have decided to commence building operations soon after the High Festivals.

In a recent number a certain Munich paper, the Bayerische Vaterland, has the following note: "In this Court Theatre, Caruso, an authentic Jew will sing from the 5th to the 11th October. The tenor-divo does not belie the traditional capacity of his race. For every performance he receives the bagatelle of 12,000 marks."

A communication has been made to the French Academie des Inscriptions of a discovery recently made at the British Museum by Abbe Eugene Tisserand. He has found an ancient MS. of Syrian origin which turns out to be a palimpsest of the Book of Isaiah. The find constitutes the oldest Bible manuscript extant, as it dates from the years 453-9. The record has hitherto been held by a Pentateuch, also in the British Museum, dated 464. The discovery is likely to be of considerable moment in Old Testament criticism.

The city of Erie, Pa., has been selected as the site for the new orphanage and home for friendless children which will be erected by District No. 3 of the Independent Order B'nai B'rith. This was decided upon at a meeting of the General Committee of the district held on Monday of this week, October 31, at Erie, after the Jewish citizens of that city had offered to donate a farm of not less than sixty acres for the use of the institution and had pledged themselves to subscribe not less than one thousand dollars per year towards the maintenance of the orphanage.

Supreme Court Justice Bischoff in this city signed a writ of mandamus last Thursday directing the Secretary of State to accept the certificate of incorporation of the Downtown Talmud Torah School. The Secretary of State declined to accept the certificate because the corporation law requires that the name of a corporation be in English. He conceded that Talmud is English, but wouldn't accept Torah. One of the directors of the school says he showed the Secretary of State that both Talmud and Torah are to be found in English dictionaries.

Mr. Alfred Heinsheimer Donates One Million Dollars.

The New York Foundation, chartered to promote charitable, educational and philanthropic enterprises, owes to the generosity of Mr. Alfred Heinsheimer the gift of \$1,000,000, representing the sum which reverted to him under the will of his brother Louis, after the Jewish charities of New York had failed to federate within one year after the testator's death.

The income can be expended for the promotion of any educational or charitable objects that commend themselves to the trustees, preferably in co-operation with established institutions; but they are not expected to extinguish deficits due to a failure of the public to supply the running expenses of societies which should properly depend upon membership dues or annual contributions.

The Board of Trustees, which may be augmented in the future, now consists of Morris Loeb, president; Alfred M. Heinsheimer, vice-president; Paul M. Warburg, secretary-treasurer; Jacob H. Schiff and Isaac N. Sellman.

No application for appropriation will be considered by the board unless made in writing, over the signature of a responsible officer of the organization in question, and addressed to the President of the New York Foundation, 52 William street, New York.

United Hebrew Charities.

The annual meeting of the United Hebrew Charities was held in the Hebrew Charities Building, 356 Second Avenue, on Wednesday evening, the 2d inst.

The report of the Board of Trustees for the fiscal year 1909-1910 was presented by Cyrus L. Sulzberger, the president, and reads in part as follows:

The work of the United Hebrew Charities, bringing us as it does into relationship with so many of our people, gives us an unusual opportunity for a comprehensive view of the social and physical conditions under which they live. In presenting this annual report we are enabled to acquaint you with such phases of the popular life as are reflected in our year's work.

ABSENCE OF CRIME AND INTemperance.

It is elementary that life in the congested quarters of the city is not conducive to an elevation of moral standards and it gives us renewed confidence in the moral stamina of our people to learn that of the 1,591 new cases to whom relief was granted in the past year, the cause of distress in only 22 cases was imprisonment. In 14 of the 22 cases the applicant was an unmarried man, coming to us upon regaining his liberty after a term in prison and needing from us such temporary aid as would enable him to take his place once more in the world from which he had for a time been separated. The coming of these 14 men during the current year, however, should not of right be reflected in the statistics of any one year. Their terms of imprisonment were probably of varying lengths and merely happened to expire during the same twelve-month. A truer test is to be found in the number of families that needed our aid because of the imprisonment of the wage earner, and of these 1,591 new cases the number coming to us for this cause was not more than 8. That the Jews are a sober people has long been known, and that of these 1,591 cases only 6 were brought to us by intemperance amply confirms the view held even by those knowing the people only superficially.

MEMBERSHIP.

We reported last year that we had determined to abandon the method heretofore in vogue of making repeated appeals to the community for funds wherewith to carry on our work, and that instead of relying upon such repeated appeals we should ask our generous supporters to tell us at the outset what sum they were willing to contribute, so that we might know how much we might have to spend and could apportion our expenditures accordingly. In the previous year we obtained \$76,000 through the Emergency Fund and \$75,000 from the Guaranty Fund, which, together with \$70,000 from memberships, gave us an aggregate of \$221,000, as against which we obtained this year a fixed membership income of something over \$175,000. This sum, together with what we obtained by bequests, from interest on investments and sundry other sources, almost sufficed to carry us through the year. We were, however, obliged to borrow \$15,000 in the month of September in order to continue our work during that month, and we begin our new fiscal year with a debt of that amount, which must be paid within the next few weeks. Having so nearly reached our goal, we look with confidence to the community for the additional aid that is needed to enable us fully to perform our duties. Our disbursements for relief during the year were \$274,785.42 and for administration were \$45,784.77, as compared with \$316,630.60 for relief and \$53,487.34 for administration in the previous year. The reduction in both items is about proportionate to the decrease in the number of applicants, and it is a source of great gratification that the number of applicants during the current year is smaller than it has been since 1906-1907, notwithstanding the very considerable increase in population since that time. This reduction is due in part to the restoration of normal industrial conditions, but another factor of no inconsiderable importance is the growing ability of the people to help themselves through the agency of their mutual benefit associations. These are continually increasing in number and power, and in the coming years many a poor man in temporary distress will, through such agency, be spared the embarrassment of application for charitable relief.

The retiring trustees were re-elected.



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ENGAGEMENTS.

ABRAMS - FRIEDMAN.—Mr. and Mrs. Herman Friedman, of No. 11 Avenue A, beg to announce the betrothal of their daughter Cecelia to Mr. Max Abrams, of New York, Sunday, October 16, 1910. Cleveland papers please copy.

BAMBERGER - REINEMAN.—Mr. and Mrs. H. Frankfort, of New street, Far Rockaway, announce the engagement of their sister Clara Reineman to Mr. Herman M. Bamberger, of Brooklyn. Reception November 6, 3 to 6 p. m., Chateau du Parc, Park place and Vanderbilt avenue, Brooklyn. No cards.

BASCHKOPF - SPIEGEL.—Mr. and Mrs. D. Spiegel announce engagement of their daughter Frances to Mr. Jacob M. Baschkopf. At home, 61 West 115th street, Sunday, November 20, 1910, from 3 to 6 p. m. No cards.

BERNSTEIN - HART.—Mr. and Mrs. Charles Hart announce betrothal of their daughter Maude to Joseph Bernstein. Home, Sunday, November 6, after 6, 1252 Forty-first street, Brooklyn.

DIAMOND - GOLDSMITH.—Mr. and Mrs. S. J. Goldsmith, of No. 78 East 124th street, beg to announce the engagement of their daughter Dena to Mr. Victor Diamond.

ELKAN - LEWIS.—Mr. and Mrs. H. I. Lewis, of 45 East 123d street, announce the engagement of their daughter Carrie J. to Mr. Harry S. Elkan. Reception Sunday evening, November 6, after 8 o'clock.

EULAU - BACHENHEIMER.—Mr. and Mrs. Emil Bachenheimer, of 23 West 128th street, announce the betrothal of their daughter Hortense to Mr. Julius Eulau. Reception November 13, 1910, after 7 p. m., at Carlton Hall, 108 West 127th street, near Lenox avenue. No cards.

FISCHER - BERNSTEIN.—Mr. and Mrs. H. Bernstein, of 503 Hudson street, announce the engagement of their daughter Rose to Mr. Julius Fischer. At home Sunday, November 6, after 7 p. m. No cards.

FLEISCHNER - GOODMAN.—Mr. and Mrs. Max Goodman, 164 East 107th street, announce the betrothal of their daughter Frances to Mr. Otto Fleischner. At home Sunday, November 6, at 8 o'clock.

GREENBAUM - FREEMAN.—Mr. and Mrs. Freeman, 948 Union avenue, announce the engagement of their daughter.

FORMAN - RADIN.—Mr. Moses Radin, of 58 East 118th street, begs to announce the betrothal of his daughter Jennie to Henry J. Forman, of Fall River, Mass. At home Sunday, November 6, 1910.

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GOLDBERG-SINGER.—A reception in honor of the engagement of Miss Sara C. Singer to L. Adrian Goldberg will be held on Sunday afternoon, November 6, at the Lexington, 109 East 116th street, from 3 to 6. No cards.

GREENBERGER-SCHWARZKOPF.—Mr. and Mrs. Edward Schwarzkopf, of 147 East Ninetieth street, announce the engagement of their daughter Otille to Mr. Sidney Greenberger. At home Sunday, November 6, from 3 to 6. No cards.

LEAVEY-HIRSCH.—The engagement is announced of Miss Rebecca R. Hirsch to Mr. Elias C. Leavey. At home Sunday, November 6, 441 East 140th street, 3 to 6.

MANDEL-BERNSTEIN.—Mr. and Mrs. H. Bernstein, of 503 Hudson street, announce the engagement of their daughter Sadie to Mr. Abraham Mandel. At home Sunday, November 6, after 7 p. m. No cards.

MICHAELS-ENDEL.—Mr. and Mrs. Charles W. Endel, 600 West 143rd street, announce engagement of their daughter Miriam to Mr. Harry Michaels. Reception November 6, Delmonico's, 4 to 6.

MORRIS-SIMMONS.—Mr. H. H. Simmons, of 566 West 144th street, announces the betrothal of his daughter Sophia to Mr. Laurence S. Morris. Reception Sunday evening, November 13, 1910. Duryea's, 200 West Seventy-second street, at 8 o'clock. No cards.

MUNTER-BYK.—Mr. and Mrs. I. Byk, 536 St. Nicholas avenue, announce the engagement of their daughter Doly to Sidney Munter. At home Sunday, November 6, from 3 to 6. No cards.

ROTHENSTEIN-GLOGAN.—Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Glogan, of 316 Canal street, announce the engagement of their daughter, Lillian, to Mr. Paul Rothenstein. At home Sunday evening, November 6.

SILVERSTONE-BEAMAN.—Mr. and Mrs. Joseph J. Beaman announce the betrothal of their daughter Mildred to Charles Silverstone. At home Sunday, November 6, 3 to 6 p. m., 533 Westchester avenue. No cards.

WATERMAN - GREENWALD.—Mr. and Mrs. Abraham Greenwald, 128 East 109th street, beg to announce the engagement of their daughter Estelle to Charles Waterman, Sunday, November 6, at home from 3 to 6.

MARRIAGES.

BLUMENTHAL-JACOBUS.—On Sunday, October 30, 1910, Miss Martha Blumenthal to Mr. Arthur Jacobus. Rev. Dr. Adolph Spiegel officiated.

HYMAN-NEUHAUS.—Miss Pauline Hyman to Mr. Jacob Neuhaus, on Thursday, November 3, 1910, at Hotel Majestic, by Rev. Dr. Philip Klein.

ABRAMS-ETTINGER.—Miss Mollie Abrams to Mr. Samuel L. Ettinger, on Sunday, October 30, 1910, by Rev. Dr. A. Spiegel.

HYMAN-KONINSKY.—On October 9, 1910, by Rev. Adolph Spiegel, Miss Nettie Hyman to Mr. Jacob Koninsky.

ROSENBERG-GREENSTEIN.—Miss Beatrice Rosenberg to Mr. Philip Greenstein, by Rev. Dr. A. Spiegel.

KASSEL-BERRICK.—On Tuesday, November 1, at Beth Israel Bikur Cholim Synagogue, Jessie Kassel to Vernon M. Berrick, Rev. Aaron Elseman officiating.

COHEN-SOLOMON.—The wedding of Miss Bessie Cohen, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Max Cohen, of No. 1058 Grand avenue, Bronx, to Mr. Max Solomon, took place at Lexington Hall, 109 East 115th street, on Tuesday evening last. The Rev. Dr. Salsberg performed the ceremony. Covers were laid for 250 invited guests.

MOSTOWSKY-STEIN.—On Sunday evening, October 30, Miss Ethel Mostowsky to Mr. Dave Stein, at Lexington Hall. Rev. Dr. J. Siegel performed the ceremony.

BAER-TAUSSIG.—Wednesday evening, October 26, 1910, Hugo Baer to Miss Sadie Taussig, by the Rev. Dr. M. Krauskopf.

PINCUS-BACH.—On Wednesday, October 26, at Hotel Majestic, by the Rev. E. Lissman, Minnie Bach to Robert M. Pincus.

BAR MITZVAH.

FINE.—Mr. and Mrs. Harris Fine, of 24 West 115th street, announce the Bar Mitzvah of their son Nathan at the Synagogue Shaari Zedek, 23-25 West 118th street, Saturday, November 5, 9 a. m. Reception Saturday evening, November 5, 8 o'clock, at the Herrnsstadt, 27 West 115th street.

FRANKFORT.—Mr. and Mrs. W. Frankfort, 118 West 139th street, New York, announce the Bar Mitzvah of their son Sidney D., Saturday, November 5, 1910, at Synagogue B'nai Scholom, 261 East Fourth street, New York.

GREENBAUM.—Mr. and Mrs. Max Greenbaum, of 108 West 138th street, announce the Bar Mitzvah of their son David, Saturday, November 5, at Hebrew Tabernacle, 130th street, near Seventh avenue. At home Sunday, November 13, after 7 p. m. No cards.

HEILMAN.—Mr. and Mrs. Max Heilman announce the Bar Mitzvah of their son Gerard, Saturday, November 5, at

Temple Rodeph Sholom, Sixty-third street and Lexington avenue. At home Sunday, November 6, 48 East Ninety-first street.

JACOBS.—Mr. and Mrs. I. Jacobs, of 925 Union avenue, Bronx, announce the Bar Mitzvah of their son Jerome on Saturday, November 5, 1910, at Temple Ahawath Chesed Shaar-Hashomayim, Fifty-fifth street and Lexington avenue. At home Sunday, November 6.

ROTH.—Mr. and Mrs. Ignatz Roth announce the Bar Mitzvah of their son Jerome at Ohab Zedek Synagogue, 20 West 116th street, on Saturday, November 12. Reception Sunday, November 13 at their residence, No. 102 West 121st street.

STROUSE.—Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Strouse announce the Bar Mitzvah of their son Irving, at Temple Israel, of Harlem, Saturday, November 5. At home, 52 West 119th street, Sunday, November 6, from three to six.

IN MEMORIAM.

ASHER.—The tombstone in memory of Rev. Professor Joseph Mayor Asher will be consecrated at the cemetery of Congregation Shearith Israel, Cypress Hills, on Sunday, November 6, at 11 o'clock.

IN THE SYNAGOGUES.

AGUDATH JESHORIM.—Dr. David Davidson preaches Sabbath morning on "Successful Minorities."

ISRAEL OF HARLEM.—Friday evening lectures will be resumed this evening, when Rev. Dr. Maurice H. Harris lectures on "Path Finders"; Sabbath morning sermon, "The Old-Fashioned and Human Type."

ANSHE EMETH.—Mr. Julius J. P. Ice, a student of the Jewish Theological Seminary, will occupy the pulpit Sabbath morning. Subject, "The Ever Present Confusion." Sunday morning sermonette in the religious school at 10 a. m., "The Messenger Without a Message."

HAND IN HAND.—Rev. Dr. Isidor Reichert will preach this (Friday) evening on "Reason for Faith"; Sabbath morning, on "The Portion of the Law."

ADATH ISRAEL (BRONX).—Rev. Mayer Kopstein will lecture this (Friday) evening on "Selfishness."

BETH ISRAEL BIKUR CHOLIM.—Rev. Aaron Elseman will preach Sabbath morning on "The Consolations of God."

SHAARI ZEDEK.—Rev. Dr. Adolph Spiegel will preach Sabbath morning on "The Destructiveness of Misunderstanding."

SINAI TEMPLE (Mount Vernon).—Rev. Joseph Gorfinkle will speak Sabbath morning on "The Adventures of David, Reuben and Solomon Molcho." This is the first of a series of talks on "Chapters from Jewish History."

EDUCATIONAL ALLIANCE.—Rev. Aaron Elseman will preach Sabbath afternoon at the children's services.

BETH EL (Jersey City).—This evening Rev. Louis J. Goetz preaches on "Womanhood"; Sabbath morning, "The Golden Arch."

EMANU-EL.—Sunday services and lectures will be resumed Sunday, November 13, at 11.15 a. m. This Sabbath morning Dr. Silverman will speak on "The Centenary of the Late Rabbi Leopold Stein."

QUINCY STREET TEMPLE (Brooklyn).—Rabbi J. D. Spear lectures this evening on "Religion of Truth." Sabbath morning, "Victory of the Will."

ANSCHER CHESED.—Dr. Gustav N. Hausmann lectures this evening on "Israel's Contribution to Civilization"; Sabbath morning, "The Righteous."

EZ CHAIM.—Rabbi D. Loewenthal preaches Sabbath morning on "The Deluge."

ZICHRON EPHRAIM.—Mr. Israel I. Andron will deliver a sermon this Sabbath morning.

OHAB ZEDEK.—Rev. Dr. Bernard Drathman will preach Sabbath morning on "Standing Alone for God and Right."

Announcement.

MRS. DANZIGER, caterer, of No. 242 East Fifty-eighth street, begs to announce that her books are now open for engagements for the coming season. Telephone No., Elaza 4093.

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JEWS AND SCIENCE

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FERDINAND JULIUS COHN.

COHN was born in Breslau in 1824. He received his education both in Breslau and Berlin, and in 1859, in spite of his religion, was appointed professor of botany at Breslau, where he remained till he died in 1898.

His early career was a rather stormy one, owing to his Jewish origin; but later on, when people began to recognize his genius, friends and admirers grew in numbers. Perhaps his most intimate friend, and one whom Cohn certainly valued most, was Pringsheim, another great name in botany, who occupied chairs at Jena and Berlin. Talent, broad-mindedness, similarity in age (Pringsheim was born in 1823, and died in 1894), and occupation, all went to unite these two closely.

As a young man Cohn worked in the laboratories of Goeppert, Esenbeck, Ehrenberg, and Johannes Mueller. With Ehrenberg he carried on researches in microscopic organisms, and in Mueller's laboratory investigated certain phases of plant physiology, in both of which branches in after years Cohn excelled.

The microscope was early an object of attention to Cohn. And this was indeed but natural. For being engaged in the work of examining minute objects, the more perfect the instrument used, the more accurate could the observations become. By a series of ingenious alterations he considerably improved its magnifying power, and so had his name placed in the ranks of such workers of the art as Leeuwenhok, Euler, Fraunhofer, Chevalier, Ross, Abbe, Zeiss, and others. With its aid he was enabled to carry on researches on cell walls, growth and contents of plant cells, etc.; and from these experiments showed certain discrepancies in the cell theory then prevalent.

As we understand it now, a cell is a mass of protoplasm, which is the substance making up the cell body (cytoplasm); and that constituting the nucleus (karyoplasm). The cytoplasm, which surrounds the nucleus, and is separated from it by a nuclear membrane, cannot continue

to exist without the nucleus. In the words of Prof. Gies of Columbia, one of America's foremost physiological chemists, "Cells are the so-called physiological units. They are the centres of bio-chemical dynamics, the seats of vivifying energy transformations, the local factors in structural enlargement and repair."

The cell-theory (Zellen-Lehre) which Schleiden and Schwann first formulated, and which was improved upon by Cohn, Virchow, etc., states "that all organisms have a cellular structure; that, with the exception of the unicellular, all are built up of many cells; that development and growth imply the multiplication of cells; and the life of the whole multicellular organism is capable of being expressed as the co-ordinated summation of the lives of the component units."

Cohn's researches into the algae, that large group of the simplest plants, ranging in size from a mere speck to the microsystems of southern seas, which is from 6 to 800 feet in length, may here be mentioned. With his imperfect microscope—imperfect when we compare it with some of those of to-day—he patiently and painstakingly labored at this for seven years, giving exhaustive accounts of life histories of certain of these species, and proving conclusively the existence of a sexual process.

As one of the founders of bacteriology; in fact, the prime founder, Cohn's services to humanity cannot well be overestimated. His discovery of the formation of spores explained the manner in which bacteria multiply, and this completely overthrew the theory of abiogenesis, or spontaneous generation. He showed how these spores, which are formed from the cell walls of the bacteria, and finally blossom into the latter, are blown about in dust, and how resistant they are to heat, poisons and other agents which are destructive to the developed bacterium itself. Bacillus Subtilis, one of the simplest types of bacteria, which may be obtained in abundance by steeping hay in water, and examining a drop of the filtered solution under the mic-

roscope, was the one carefully studied by Cohn, and the one in which he discovered the spores. It is rod-like in shape, and 5-1,000 of a millimeter (0.00019 inches) in length. In the early stages they move about freely by means of cilia implanted in the cell membrane. After a time this movement stops, the bacteria rise to the surface, and joining themselves in endless numbers form what is well known to all as the scum. At this stage spores begin to develop. These are readily blown about, as already mentioned; and, given favorable condition, they make their appearance as young, roving bacilli by throwing off their coats.

These and other experiments of Cohn disproved all cases wherein it was triumphantly asserted that living matter had been produced from non-living. It was invariably found that some form of life was there at the start. And what was asserted by Cohn many years ago still holds true to-day.

Commenting on this, a well-known bacteriologist said: "This fact of biogenesis does not exclude (a) the possibility that the evolution of living matter from not living matter once took place, (b) the possibility that it may be taking place now in conditions unknown to us, (c) the possibility that the conditions of spontaneous generation may be artificially reproduced. To make a dogma out of a negative fact is bad science." [The italics are mine.]

Cohn rested satisfied with disproving the existing theories; he did not venture an opinion as to the origin of life. Huxley, Haeckel, Pfluger, Lankester, and others, are of the opinion that the beginning of life had its origin in inorganic material. Helmholtz and Kelvin have advanced the theory that the first germs of life on this earth were brought by meteorites from elsewhere. But these are but views, and nothing definite can at present be stated.

With the help of Robert Koch, the celebrated German bacteriologist, who recently died, Cohn published an important paper on anthrax, a disease which attacks man and several lower animals, and is transmitted by inoculation or by breathing and swallowing. They succeeded in isolating the bacillus, and later proposed a remedy by a method of preventive inoculation.

In all departments of botany and bacteriology Cohn excelled, and his

name can only perish with these sciences themselves. He was honored by most scientific organizations of Europe and America, and was an honorary member of the greater number of them. He was a foreign member of the Royal Society, and of the Lennean Society, and in 1895 received the gold medal of the latter.

The Hebrew Physicians of Medieval Avignon.

The importance of the Jewish colony of Avignon may be gauged from the fact that the Emperor Frederick II, in 1178, put it under the protection of the bishop to guard it from the rapacity of the counts and nobles. At first inhabiting a quarter outside the ramparts, the colony in 1221 moved into the town, settling in the parish of St. Pierre, to the prior of which each family paid a due of un denier raymondin. The records of the 13th century give little information of the state of medicine in Avignon at the time beyond an account of the conditions upon which a license was granted to practice as a physician or as a barber surgeon, and a requisition to the speculators, or drug-sellers, forbidding them to enter into any understanding with the physicians as to commissions on the medicines ordered by the latter. There would seem to have been, according to Dr. P. Pansier, no civil law prohibiting a Jew practicing medicine, in spite of the fact that in 1241 the Council of Albi, presided over by Zeon, Bishop of Avignon, declared that all Christians, who in case of illness had recourse for treatment to a Jewish physician, should be excommunicated, an edict often ignored by rich and poor alike.

Among the Jews of Avignon the art of healing was usually transmitted from father to son, though in some cases a boy was apprenticed to a co-religionist. Instruction, both theoretical and practical, was given, the student taking part in the daily routine of the master's practice. The Jews were thus better clinicians, and secured better results than their Christian rivals. Though for the most part physicians, they practiced medicine and surgery indifferently, and had none of the pride which prevented the Christian practitioner from performing the most ignoble details of medicine and surgery. Most of the Jewish physicians added the profession of money-lending to their other accomplishments, with the result that they became richer more quickly than their better-paid Christian confreres. They would, nevertheless, seem to have been met in consultation by the latter on friendly and courteous terms.

The names of 60 Jewish physicians have been traced as practicing at Avignon during the 15th century. In the 16th century the number of Jewish physicians diminished considerably. In 1555 they were prohibited from practicing in Avignon and the county of Venaissin. In the 17th century no Jewish physicians existed, as orthodoxy was required before a candidate could be admitted to a degree. The Jewish physician thus disappears or becomes an irregular practitioner—a bonesetter or socerer.—The Hospital.

HARRIS, HEYMAN.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Heyman Harris, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers at their place of transacting business at the office of Henry Meyer, their attorney, No. 302 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 15th day of December next.
Dated New York, the 7th day of June, 1910.
JOSEPH M. HARRIS, MORTIMER I. HARRIS, Executors; FANNIE HARRIS, MARTHA HOFFMAN, EMMA SAMPSON, Executrices.
HENRY MEYER, Attorney for Executors and Executrices, 302 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

KING, RACHEL.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Rachel King, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers at their place of transacting business, at the office of Max Altmayer, No. 420 Broadway, in the City of New York, on or before the 31st day of December next.
Dated New York, the 18th day of May, 1910.
JACOB A. KING, MARK J. KING, Executors.
MAX ALTMAYER, Attorney for Executors, No. 200 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, N. Y. City.

GARBARINI, CATHERINE.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Catharine Garbarini, also known as Katie Garbarino, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at her place of transacting business, at the office of A. Salomon, No. 335 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the 21st day of March, 1911, next.
Dated New York, the 11th day of August, 1910.
THERESA GARBARINO, Administratrix.
A. SALOMON, Attorney for Administratrix, 335 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

SAVILLE, JOHN G.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against John G. Saville, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, at the office of Samuel E. Hamburg, No. 2 Rector Street, in the City of New York, on or before the 1st day of March, 1911.
Dated, New York, the 10th day of August, 1910.
LEWIS R. S. WATT, Administrator.
SAMUEL E. HAMBURG, Attorney for Administrator, 2 Rector Street, New York City.

WEISSMAN, SARAH.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. John P. Cohalan, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Sarah Weissman, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers, at their place of transacting business at the office of Felix H. Levy, No. 37 Liberty street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 27th day of March next.
Dated New York, the 9th day of September, 1910.
Albert L. Weissman, Jesse M. Weissmann, Jacob Bass, Executors.
Felix H. Levy, Attorney for Executors, 37 Liberty street, Manhattan, New York.

SHOENBERG, JOSEPH E.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Joseph E. Shoenberg, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers at their place of transacting business at the office of Vogel & Vogel, No. 15 Broad street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 20th day of April next.
Dated New York, the 11th day of October, 1910.
MOSES SHOENBERG, LOUIS D. SHOENBERG, HEINRICH AUGUST, Executors.
VOGEL & VOGEL, Attorneys for Executors, 15 Broad Street, New York City.

KANN, EDWARD.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Edward Kann, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof to the subscribers, at their place of transacting business at the office of William A. Gans, No. 2 Rector street, in the city of New York, on or before the 25th day of April next.
Dated New York, the 10th day of October, 1910.
AMALIA KANN, Executrix; GEORGE E. KANN, Executor.
WILLIAM A. GANS, Attorney for Executors, No. 2 Rector Street, New York City.

ASCHEIM, FANNY.—The people of the State of New York, by the Grace of God, Free and Independent, to Millie Werth Silverman, formerly Millie Werth, Albert Bernstein, Bertha Bernstein, David Bernstein, Esther Bernstein, Sadie Bernstein Ksinsky, formerly Sadie Bernstein, Mary M. B. Werth, Bertha Bernstein, Irene Bernstein, Alice Bernstein Niles, formerly Alice Bernstein, send greeting: You and each of you are hereby cited and required personally to be and appear before our Surrogate of the County of New York, at the Surrogate's Court of said County, held at the Hall of Records in the County of New York on the twenty-ninth (29th) day of November, 1910, at half-past ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, then and there to show cause why David Aschheim should not be appointed Administrator of the Estate of Fanny Aschheim, deceased, and such of you as are hereby cited, as are under the age of twenty-one years, are required to appear by your guardian, if you have one, or if you have none, to appear in person for one to be appointed, or in the event of your neglect or failure to do so, a guardian will be appointed by the Surrogate to represent and act for you in the proceeding.
In testimony whereof, we have caused the seal of the Surrogate's Court of the said County of New York to be hereunto affixed.

Witness, Hon. John P. Cohalan, a Surrogate of our said County, at the County of New York, the 30th day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and ten.
DANIEL J. DOWDNEY, Clerk of the Surrogate's Court.
STRASSBURGER, ESCHWEGE & SCHALTZER, Attorneys for Petitioner, 74 Broadway, N. Y.

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(Exclusive Correspondence to the HEBREW STANDARD.)

More About the Proposed Closer Jewish Union—B'nei Brith Trouble—Pastor Russell Invites Jews to the Albert Hall—Samaritans of To-Day—Jews and the Highest Legal Post in the British Constitution.

London, October 21, 1910.

I mentioned in my last letter signs of a small movement developing for a closer Jewish religious union in this country, a movement, in fact, towards a union of all Ashkenazi Jewry. Some important views have since been expressed upon the strong desirability of bringing about a closer working union between the United Synagogue and the Federation of Synagogues and the vice-president of the Federation himself has expressed sympathetic views.

He compares the congregational attendances of the synagogues under the Federation and the United, and declares that nobody can argue but that a quickening of the religious pulse of the United Synagogue would result from closer touch with Jews of the East End. The formerly despised Talmud Torahs are doing a vast amount of work to strengthen Judaism, but their work is at present carried on practically by the Federation. Were they under a joint supervision still greater benefit would flow.

Any objections to closer union on the part of the United Synagogue would be mainly financial. The United has an Act of Parliament under which a pension fund is in operation. It might, however, fear that if it took over the Federation Synagogues it might be compelled to extend its pension arrangements to the incorporated staffs. In many ways the United might fear that the Federation would become a burden upon its funds.

Such things as these, however, would be merely a matter of arrangement, and the sympathizers with closer union themselves emphasize the fact that they are ready to assent to things being arranged in such a manner that the finances of the United would not suffer. If necessary they are ready, in order to secure that end, to agree to the representation of the United on the joint governing body being large enough to safeguard that organization effectively.

At the same time it has to be borne in mind that the finances of the Federation are improving. It is also thought that many people would leave legalists to the enlarged United Synagogue with a view to assisting the Federation element. As things are at present that rarely happens. Generally it can be said that most people see the impolicy of two bodies with the same religious basis and objects revolving in separate and independent orbits as though they had nothing in common. It is believed also that Lord Swaythling, the president of the Federation, is in sympathy with the principle of the suggested union.

There are differences of opinion between the Board of Deputies and the B'nei Brith on the matter of providing legal assistance for appellants who may need it when appearing before the Immigration Board. The older body has the greater right to act on behalf of the community, and it is representative, which cannot be quite said of the other. Perhaps one of the bodies was slow and the other somewhat hasty. The resignation of Herbert Bentwich, however, is held in some quarters to suggest that the B'nei Brith is to set itself up as a competitive body.

At the board meeting Herbert Bentwich disclaimed the imputation of disloyalty to the board and the charge that he had misled the organization over which he presided. The concession with regard to legal representation for immigrants was made by the Home Secretary in May last, and immediately the B'nei Brith knew of this a committee was appointed to consider what facilities should be provided and the machinery to be put in motion. It was quite true that the board had given consideration to the matter, but nothing definite had been done, and he ventured to say that if there was any body that had special knowledge of the subject it was the B'nei Brith, which had organizations in all parts of the world, and had provided means of defense for immi-

grants. The B'nei Brith was not a mushroom institution. It was a body which had always considered the protection of the immigrant a matter within its purview, and notice was given of its proposal to act long before there was an intimation of the board's intention to deal with the matter.

This country has had several visits lately from Pastor Russell. Whether this amiable and advertising American preacher has had much influence over here cannot be said, but his methods strike the English public as peculiar. Having delivered several notable addresses at the Royal Albert Hall—London's biggest indoor meeting place—the pastor is now anxious to secure a hearing from Jews to whom he declares he has a message. He is taking the Albert Hall, which holds 10,000 people, for a meeting on October 23, and advertising the fact widely, especially in the Jewish press. Four of his advertising lines are: "If you are for Zionism you should be there." "If you are against Zionism you should hear this lecture." "No organization is to be formed, or appeals made for financial aid for any society or organization now in existence." "Most remarkable is this lecture." "Pastor Russell addressed a mass meeting of Jews in the New York Hippodrome on October 9th."

It will be seen that the pastor disclaims conversionism, but it is urged upon Jews that although these are the days of friendly greetings between religions the interchange of such compliments will be best appreciated if it be distinctly understood that there is a clear and unmistakable barrier between Judaism and all other faiths in general, and Christianity in particular.

Jews ask for nothing more than that for which a leading British statesman pleaded on behalf of the Celtic element in our population the other day, which was that they should be allowed to regard God and to worship Him in their own way. Jews neither admire nor understand Christian aggressiveness. They think that it should be reserved for those dark places where so-called Christians dwell.

On October 15 the distinguished Hebraist, David Yellin, of Jerusalem, delivered a lecture here on that small branch of the Jewish people known as the Samaritans, whom, the speaker said, have ever since their existence lived in a rather limited area of territory. It reached from Damascus to Egypt, and never having extended beyond that limited area, it is not to be wondered at the Samaritans having been greatly influenced by the Moslem spirit, notwithstanding that they lived separated. The result is that they are now a mixture of Jews and Moslems.

On rising in the morning the Samaritans wash their hands as well as their feet, having special prayers for each part of the face they are washing. This, as well as the form of their prayers, are totally of the Moslem character. It is while washing the mouth that the five articles of faith are uttered. The articles include belief in Moses the Son of Amram, in the Holy Law, in the Mount Gerizim, and in Reward and Punishment. The washing ceremony finished, they commence their morning prayer. The prayers on weekdays, both morning and evening, are performed while bowing and prostrating like the Moslems. After prayers they partake of food. Their blessings over bread are similar to those of the Moslem. Grace after meals includes the fine verse, "Not on bread alone, does the man live." Before the bread is removed from the table it is kissed. They are keen observers of the dietary laws. Wine prepared by others than themselves they do not drink, not even if prepared by or touched by a Jew. Nor do they eat anything that is cooked by a stranger. As to meat, they salt it and wash it in water. But their fastidious laws about meat and milk are remarkable; they go so far as not to partake of anything of a milk diet in the day they have eaten meat. After meals the men go to their work, after which they buy household sundries, it being con-

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considered a disgrace for women to purchase such trifles.

The majority of the Samaritans are shopkeepers; there are a small number of farmers, but most of them are small traders, and all of them very poor. They are distinguishable not only by their unique build, but also by the red caps they wear, which is a remnant of the dark ages, when they were obliged to wear them, and which they now consider part of their traditional dress. The laws of, cleanliness, laid down in the Torah are still prevalent with them, and they observe them very strictly. They wear special clothes while in the streets, which they throw off before entering their houses. The Sabbath they observe with great rigor; it is, in reality, a day of affliction to them, for they do not kindle light and do not eat anything warm; the day is devoted to God. Their synagogue is a low building without windows in the walls, but small windows in the roof. The law "to afflict your soul" on Yom Kippur is carried out to the letter, and is observed not only by adults, but also by infants, who are not given food. On Passover they go to Mount Gerizim, where they offer a sacrifice.

The promotion of Sir Rufus Isaacs to the office of Attorney-General puts him in the line of heirs-presumptive to the Lord Chancellorship, and the quidnuncs have been busy with possible difficulties about the succession because of the vulgar notion that "that most sacred fortalice of the Constitution, that inner sanctuary and holy of holies" is closed to subjects of the King professing the Jewish religion. There is no foundation now for this idea, for the old statutory provisions excluding Jews from certain high office of State, including those of Lord Chancellor and Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, were repealed by the Promissory Oaths Act of 1871, and there is nothing in the common law to justify such an exception to the general rule that "every subject of the King is presumably entitled to hold every office under the Crown."

KOHNSTAMM, EMANUEL H.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. John P. Cohalan, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Emanuel H. Kohnstamm, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at their place of transacting business, at the office of Guggenheimer, Untermyer & Marshall, No. 37 Wall street, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the 10th day of April next. Dated New York, the 28th day of September, 1910. EMILY L. KOHNSTAMM, Executrix. LUTHER S. KOHNSTAMM, JOSEPH KOHNSTAMM, Executors. GUGGENHEIMER, UNTERMYER & MARSHALL, Attorneys for Executors, 37 Wall street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

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SIMON, SIMON.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Simon Simon, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at their place of transacting business at the office of his attorney, Charles L. Cohn, Esq., No. 271 Broadway, in the City of New York, on or before the 15th day of December next. Dated New York, the 28th day of May, 1910. HENRY M. GOLDFOGLE, Executor. CHARLES L. COHN, Attorney for Executor, 271 Broadway, New York City.

ULLMANN, ELIZA.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. John P. Cohalan, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Eliza Ullmann, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at their place of transacting business, the office of George Hahn, No. 15 William street, Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the 20th day of April next. RALPH R. ULLMANN, MEYER H. ULLMANN, Administrators. GEORGE HAHN, Attorney for Administrators, 15 William street, Manhattan, New York City.

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From outside the city... 18

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Edited by J. P. Solomon. 1882-1909.

הַשְׁמִיעוּ אֶת קוֹלְכֶם בְּתוֹכֵי הַגּוֹיִם וְשִׁבְעוּ אֶת הַשְׁמַיִם

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Friday, November 4th, 1910 : : : Cheshvan, 2d, 5671.

Mathias Acher and Achad ha-Am are both writers. But one is a salesman, the other a manufacturer of ideas, of thoughts.

We are sorry that Judah Touro, nominated for inclusion in the Hall of Fame of New York University, received but a single electoral vote. Amos Lawrence, of Boston, who was also nominated and whose name is linked with Touro's in connection with the Bunker Hill monument for all time, did not receive a single vote from an elector. And we are curious to know who was the elector casting his vote for Touro.

The London Jewish Board of Guardians reports a deficit for its past fiscal year of \$10,000. This should not cause much, if any, anxiety to those who are responsible for the finances of the organization. The Board serves the most thoroughly-organized Jewish community in the world, a Jewry, moreover, whose purse-strings have never been knotted to any appeal by its "premier charity."

The Jewish Record, of Richmond and Washington, has shrunk to but a shadow of its former self. We sincerely trust its decrease in size does not imply that it is traveling the road recently traversed by The Temple, of Louisville. For every one of our contemporaries there is and ought to be a distinct place in the Jewish life of the country; the path to permanence, however, seems to be beset with manifold dangers and difficulties in their case.

The first annual report of the Jewish prison chaplain to the Central Jewish Committee, of Boston, for the period 1909-1910, is a neat pamphlet, describing the work the chaplain has done. This work seems to be of the usual sort engaged in by such an official, and calls for no special comment on our part. The chaplain announces that he is preparing a book dealing with the subject of criminality among the Jews in this country. Such a book will undoubtedly, if scientifically conceived and readable, be a work of considerable value.

Ex-King Manuel, of Portugal, is a descendant of King Manuel the Great, of that country, under whom, at the close of the fifteenth century, the final expulsion of the Jews from the kingdom was consummated. There are to-day a few Jews residing in the land; under the monarchy they were simply tolerated, that is to say, their presence was more or less conveniently "overlooked." The republican government will no doubt put an end to this anomalous condition of our brethren-in-faith. For them, therefore, the Portuguese Revolution can be productive of nothing but beneficial results.

Rabbi Emil G. Hirsch, in The Reform Advocate, is somewhat frequently of late devoting his editorial utterances to considerations on the Neo-Orthodoxy. This, the Neo-Orthodoxy and not the editorials, is beloved (he says) of the "prominent men in American Jewry." Rabbi Hirsch writes, of course, out of a remarkable fullness of knowledge on the subject, and thus is in refreshing contrast to the other reformed rabbinical "knights of the quill," who dilate on traditional Judaism in such a manner as to convict themselves of the (for a rabbi) grievous charge of knowing nothing whereof they brag!

How dangerous a creature the mob is, may be apparent to those who have read the news from the Province of Quebec in the last few days. At Montreal, where there is a large and constantly growing Jewish community, and at Quebec, containing but a small and insignificant kehillah, the Catholics organized processions for the purpose of burning Signor Ernesto Nathan, Mayor of Rome, in effigy. It will be at once remembered that the mayor recently vigorously attacked Pius the Tenth, who as vehemently replied to the charges. As usual, however, in such instances, the French Canadian Catholics, the Palladium of the future in the Roman Catholic communion, extended the Nathan episode to comprise all the Jews, and the position and security of our brethren-in-faith in the Canadian cities may easily be comprehended. It required but a match, as it were, to set a pogrom paralleling Kishineff and Homel in fury and destructiveness, alight. Thus, at all events, the circumstantial accounts of the "celebration" that we have seen, lead one to say. It should be added, of course, that particularly in the Province of Quebec anti-Semitism is at present, and for the past few years has been, at high-water mark. But what the Jews of that locality have to do with Nathan of Rome, we do not know. Tut nichts—der Jude wird verbrannt!

EXCELLENT

ALFRED M. HEINSHEIMER is the residuary legatee of his brother, the late Louis A. Heinsheimer, and vice-president of the New York Foundation, incorporated by the legislature last year. Our readers will no doubt remember that Mr. Heinsheimer came into possession of the one million dollars bequeathed by his brother to six of the largest Jewish charitable institutions in this city on condition that they federate. They will also recall, no doubt, that the six institutions refused to federate, and that therefore the money has come to Mr. Heinsheimer. From an item, appearing in our news columns, it will be seen that Mr. Heinsheimer has given this sum to the New York Foundation to be invested and its income employed for the promotion of any educational or charitable objects commending themselves to the trustees—Prof. Morris Loeb, Mr. Heinsheimer, Paul M. Warburg, Jacob H. Schiff, and Isaac N. Seligman.

Through this generous action on the part of Alfred M. Heinsheimer, his late brother's million is preserved to its original eleemosynary destination. Federation, as proposed in the will of the donor, failed, and failed with reason. There was no necessity two years ago, as there is no necessity to-day, for a federation of our larger charities to take place.

So much having been said on the subject of federation, it remains but for us to record our gratitude, as an exponent of Jewish public opinion, to Mr. Heinsheimer for the use he has made of this money. We do not expect the trustees of the New York Federation to make any other but the best use of it. They announce that they prefer to employ the fund to co-operate with established institutions in the work they were created to do. They will not use the money to wipe out deficits—a praiseworthy intention—for the Jewish public ought to do its full duty by every communal institution in this city, and not permit its rich members to do its charity vicariously.

Mr. Heinsheimer has probably done in one way what his brother sought to do in another. But what a difference reposes in the methods!

THE ORTHODOX MONTEFIORE

THE Reform Advocate recently printed in full the noteworthy paper by Claude G. Montefiore on "The Relations between Liberal Christians and Jews," read by him at the Berlin World Congress of Free Christians and Other Religious Liberals, on August 9 of this year. It is a paper of exceptional interest, and the Reform Advocate was well advised to thus make its complete contents known to the persons who read its pages.

Mr. Montefiore pleads in his paper for something that no Jew, be he punctiliously orthodox or merely Jewish in name, can take exception to. He simply asks that Jews and Christians should have a genuine respect for each other's opinions, and not seek to win the one over to the other's religious point of view. In this respect Mr. Montefiore's advice is a counsel of perfection: Jews do not need it, Christians will not heed it.

Wisely enough, Mr. Montefiore does not treat of the relationship between the faiths. As he tells us, he is not so much concerned with Judaism and Christianity, as with Jew and Christian. And it is only because Jew and Christian have relations

We think it was a wise move on the part of the officials of the United Hebrew Charities to invite, by means of personal letters, signed in each instance by the president, their members to attend this year's annual meeting. As a rule the annual meetings of our communal institutions are attended by nearly all the officers and directors, representatives of the Jewish papers with an occasional secular pressman thrown in, and perhaps half a dozen other individuals who usually come to "make trouble." At these meetings, very often, business of an exceedingly important nature is transacted; now and then addresses are delivered which rise far above the common level of excellence. It is a pity that these occasions are not utilized to better advantage by the members of these institutions and those interested in them. The action of the United Hebrew Charities in the present instance is to be commended; it is psychologically, too, worthy of imitation by all bodies laboring under similar conditions.

Sir Rufus Isaacs, the brilliant English barrister, the learned compeer of Judah P. Benjamin and Sir George Jessel in commercial law, is now the British Attorney-General. Will he ever sit on the Woolsack in the House of Lords as Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain? He has passed the second milestone on the road that leads to this position! Perhaps he will succeed in his laudable ambition to be the successor of Eldon, Lyndhurst and Halsbury. If he does, he will be the first professing Jew to be exalted to such a height. Lord Chancellor Herschell, who occupied the chair some dozen years back was only the son of a baptized Jew.

The Palestine number of Die Welt is up to our anticipations. It is not a book of papers, a formal volume in fact, on Palestine; it simply designs to set before the reading public the world over what has been done, what still needs to be done, to make of Eretz Israel a fit abiding place for our people. Naturally, the Zionist aspect of things is emphasized. But the managers of Die Welt have exhibited a broad and notable catholicity in gathering their material, and so outspoken an anti-Zionist even as the English Israel Abrahams is represented by a commendable adaptation of his recent plea for the establishment of a Jewish university in Palestine. The illustrations of Jewish educational activity in Palestine are striking, and make this issue of the Zionist weekly a permanent addition to the literature of the subject.

WHEN GOD BENDS HIS BOW

"I do set My bow in the cloud, and it shall be for a sign of a covenant between Me and the earth."—(Gen. ix: 13.)

אֶת קִשְׁתִּי נִתְּחִי בְעָנַן וְהָיְתָה לְאוֹת בְּרִית בֵּינִי וּבֵין הָאָרֶץ :

WHEN God bends His radiant bow in the cloudy regions of the sky, a wonderful divine truce holds the universe spellbound. A storm had been raging but a little while ago. The heavens clothed themselves in robes of mourning, and groaned and sobbed and wept over the death of no one knew whom. The thunders crashed and seemed to quarrel with the whole world. Their boisterous din shook the earth to its foundations and even the boldest trees bent their heads low in enforced humiliation. And as finally all the preliminary noise resolved itself in a shower that pelted the crust of the earth without regard for its old age, every blade of grass lay supine in helpless agony and every fair flower looked as if she were prepared to die an untimely death rather than suffer her beauty to be thus washed away by the incomprehensible watery scourge. The birds and the beasts, too, were terrified and huddled together in fear while the proud human animal fled to his habitation, scarcely secure against the oncoming doom. But lo! a miracle of color and radiance and beauty! God bends His bow in the cloudy regions of the sky, and all at once peace settles upon the agitated scene of battle; undisturbed calm steals into plants, animals and men; a white, fleecy flag of armistice is hoisted that screens but a small portion of the heavens, allowing the rest to be bathed in the effulgence of the golden luminary. New life, new light comes into the domain of nature—when God bends His radiant bow!

When God bends His bow in the cloudy regions of the sky a happy riot of color and sound transfigures the face of the world. The earth, from bearing the crestfallen aspect of a barren woman, changes to the elated expression of a bride proud in the possession of the sweet secret of her first secularity. The trees stand more erect than ever, and the green hue of their leaves is deeper and deeper and more intense, as if they were interpreting the hopeful spirit pervading orchard and forest alike. The tiniest blade of grass points its inquisitive head toward heaven, looking almost defiantly into the sun—well knowing that now, having received ample moisture from above, with more to come from below, her hottest darts will scorch it no longer. The flowers, on the other hand, have grown more coquettish than ever, and their deepened flush betrays the love-yearning that swells their bosom; they actually seem to court the burning kisses of their polygamous love—Old Sol. And ah, the song of the birds that flit about in eager beaks through garden and woodland! If you have never heard the song of birds immediately after a storm you do not know the power, the sweetness, the charm of nature's melodies! It is as if the after-storm song of the birds were giving voice to all the tender stirrings of love, all the ardent desires of growth and expansion, all the passionate clings to life, which are present in the open field and meadow and are not absent in the darkest crevice of impassive-looking rocks. It is as if this after-storm song were a hymn of happiness; through which Nature, having conquered its momentary pessimism, preaches the doctrine of optimism, proclaims the teaching of unwavering faith and imparts the duty of the joyous acceptance of changeable existence. New songs, new joys are born into the domain of nature—when God bends His radiant bow!

* * *

Alas, when Man bends his ravaging bow—there is no peace and no joy and no happiness! There is no song but the brutal, ill-boding martial song. There are no colors but the livid hue of blanched lips, the ghastly pallidity of bloodless visages, the curdled crimson of gashing wounds. There is no growth and no expansion; there is but death and destruction. There is no flowering and no fruition; the flowers must serve to decorate wantonly dug tombs, the fruits of the field are trampled down by the hoof of war horses. There is pelting rain; but it is not the fructifying shower of clement skies—it is the fatal flow of tears bursting forth from eyes that burn in their sockets and pourish naught but the agony of bereaved hearts. And ah, the sounds that fill the world! They are not the warbling and cooing notes of nature's songsters—they are the uncanny croakings of ravens and vultures feeding upon the putrid flesh of the fallen, accompanied by the groans of the dying and the plaints of the widowed and the orphaned. Darkness, dissolution, misery, anguish, come into the accursed life of humanity—when Man bends his ravaging bow!

* * *

The period preceding the flood presents to us in the narrative of the Bible the picture of Man bending his bow to acts of violence. The cessation of the flood presents to us the picture of God bending His bow as a symbol of peace and justice. The rabbis say cunningly: קִשְׁתוֹ, דָּבָר שְׂוָהוּ מוֹשֵׁל לֵי "the rainbow is a true likeness of the essence of God." For is there anything more Godlike than peace? But does Mankind heed the "sign of the Covenant," the Call to a truce of God, the fleecy flag of armistice up there in the after-storm sky?

RABBI JOEL BLAU.

All hearts must go out in sympathy to Congressman Henry M. Goldfogle, who is compelled to conduct his campaign for well-deserved re-election from his sick bed in Mount Sinai Hospital.

The editor of The Jewish Independent, it seems, has really done yeoman service in the cause of the stage Hibernian. We are the last to deny to a man the recompense that is rightly his. We, therefore, respectfully suggest that some branch of the Ancient Order of Hibernians or of the Friendly Sons of St. Patrick elect him to membership.

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THE FAMILY.

THE family is often merely the family in name. "Family" has been defined and redefined by the courts in this country, and the grandfather and grandniece have been included in the term, and a court in one of the Eastern States went so far as to say that the fiancee might be included as a member of the family in certain instances. The term "family" is not yet fully defined, and the Lord knows whom else some courts may, by decree, yet make members of the "family," for, in another instance, it has been held that whoever is dependent for support upon the head of the "family" comes within the term, and so on, *ad infinitum*.

The dictionary gives various definitions of the term, but I mean to speak of the family, the immediate members of the house circles, binding it down to father, mother and children. This is what we ordinarily understand as "The Family."

It occurred to me the other day, as I was reading of the wrangling about an estate by the members of a family which came within my last definition, how little, in many instances, the term really signifies, so far as one is led to believe its meaning conveys.

There are many families among the members of which, from infancy to the grave, there is an affection born of the relationship which remains hallowed and sacred, which binds each member in that lovable communion in which the consanguineous relation remains the permanent bond, as it ought to be, through life; the brothers and sisters never forget-

ting that they are the creatures of the same parents, and that they owe their existence to the same common origin; families wherein peace, good will and affection prevail, and wherein all unite to honor and cherish the authors of their existence.

It is true there are family jars, not of the sweetmeat character, but some of which partake of a little acerbity. These cannot be helped; they are, perhaps, necessary now and then, to accentuate the happiness which generally prevails, just as it is necessary to endure pain in order to realize the value of pleasure. But, upon the great whole, there is peace and good will and true affection marking the course of its members.

There are, however, many families the members of which are isolated and as coldly selfish as if one was a cannibal and another a Hottentot. No feeling, no regard, no respect, and no love; wherein every member stands for himself, and, in many instances, all against the parents. It is a horrible picture, but justified by the reality which exists.

Of course, the marriage of some of the members and the introduction of alien members into the family operate strongly and frequently to bring about changes in the previous conditions. The allegiance of the wife is due to the husband, and *vice versa*, it is true, and the ties which bind the child to the parent thus become loosened, and but too frequently snap altogether—yes, too often, when the child believes that by marriage every duty to the parent is absolved, even support, if required.

A "happy family" is a treasure;

but how many are there? There are too many wherein each member stands at arm's length or at sword's point to the other; who look upon their sisters, brothers and parents as mere accidents of a consanguineous relation; it isn't their fault that they are related and they live out their life's run in that thought, and act accordingly. It's wrong.

L'AIGLON.

SCHOPENHAUER ON THE JEWS.

IT is now fifty years ago since Arthur Schopenhauer, the German philosopher of pessimism, breathed his last. He was, to put it bluntly, no friend of the Jews, but in this respect we are in good company, for he was friendly to very few people, and had the idea (horrible in these days of the militant suffragette) that every woman is mentally unsound. Schopenhauer wrote on one occasion that the Jews form a nation. They are not, said he substantially, a religious community. They can not be considered as one of the many religious denominations of our time. The Jews are an independent race. Monotheism, the great idea which they first promulgated to mankind, is a part of their nationality, their system of government and of life.

What Schopenhauer intended by the foregoing thoughts was to say that the Jews are a race. This is not strange doctrine, and indeed the philosopher was quite correct in his view in this respect. Of course, when he lived and wrote and had his being, the assimilationist view of Jewish life was in its glory; it was the period of the Jewish millennium of the nineteenth century, and Schopenhauer by his remarks rudely disturbed the day-dreams of those who believed that eventually, and that in a brief span of time, Jews would only differ are a race, a nation, and not simply from the other citizens of the State in their faith, and that even this faith itself, which it was the grand mission of Israel to proclaim to the nations, would soon be accepted by all men. So these men anathematized the name of Schopenhauer!

Yet, it must not be assumed that Schopenhauer would have been sympathetic to the ideals of modern Zionism, because he allowed that the Jews a religious community. On another occasion he declared that the Jewish

state should never be re-established. Nebuchadnezzar, and Titus as well, earned the thanks of humanity for their work on Mount Moriah! Schopenhauer was such an out-and-out pessimist, however, that his remarks must always be examined from this angle of pessimism, this refracted view of life under the influence of which he wrote down his impressions of men and things.

Schopenhauer's relations to Judaism have been considered in the past. It were, however, well worth the while of one of our scholars to make them the subject of painstaking monograph.

More Liberty for Jews Granted by the Czar.

ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 1.—Emperor Nicholas to-day approved a resolution adopted by the Cabinet opening up new sections for the residence of Jews. Heretofore legal residence of Jews has been restricted to that section of the Polish provinces and the Ukraine delimited by the original Jewish segregation law and known as "the Pale." Imperial consent is now given to unrestricted residence of Jews in twelve districts in the provinces of Vitebsk, Volhynia, Mohiley, Poltava and Kherston, and the town of Yekaterinodar, the capital of Kuban. The places affected are suburbs of towns within which Jews have already been permitted to live. The action of the Cabinet resulted from petitions of the inhabitants of the newly opened localities who desired the admission of Jewish residents as a means of improving local business conditions.

EISENKRAMER, HERMAN.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Herman Eisenkramer, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, at No. 99 Nassau Street, in the City of New York, on or before the sixth day of May next.

ADOLPH BLOCH, Executor.
HENRY BLOCH, Attorney for Executor. Office and Postoffice Address, 99 Nassau Street, Manhattan, New York City.

HERSCOVITZ, MORITZ.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Moritz Herscovitz, also known as Morris Herskovitz, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, at the office of Louis Rosenberg, No. 220 Broadway, in the City of New York, on or before the 11th day of May next.

MORITZ WEINBERGER, Executor.
LOUIS ROSENBERG, Attorney for Executor. 220 Broadway, New York City.

FRIEDMAN HYMAN.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Hyman Friedman, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at her place of transacting business at the office of her attorney, Samuel Kahan, Nos. 61-63 Park Row, in the City of New York, on or before the 6th day of May next.

Dated New York, the 2d day of November, 1910.
LIEBE FRIEDMAN, Administratrix.
SAMUEL KAHAN, Attorney for Administratrix. 61-63 Park Row, New York City.

Harlem's Busiest Dry Goods Shop
60 Departments

SUITS; early sale at reduced prices owing to the mild weather. Regular price \$35.00 sale **25.00**
SKIRTS; special sale of fine quality Panama and serge. Ten newest models at **4.98**

FUR COATS; great bargains in pony skin and near seal coats **39.50** from
 Special sale of a fine black muff and scarf; extra large pillow, at **5.98**

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Every customer purchasing for 25c. and upwards will, upon presentation of a copy of this ad., receive 10 stamps free in addition to the regular and extra stamps.

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Main Office, Flatbush and Linden Avenues. New Utrecht Office, New Utrecht Avenue and 54th street, Borough Park.
TOTAL RESOURCES OVER \$5,000,000.00.

SIMON, KLARA.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Klara Simon, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at her place of transacting business at the office of Arthur K. Wing, her attorney, No. 815 Eighth Avenue, in the City of New York, on or before the 20th day of February next.
Dated New York, the 12th day of August, 1910.
CAROLINE SOLOMON, Administratrix, C. J. A.
ARTHUR K. WING, Attorney for Administratrix, 815 Eighth Avenue, New York City.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK, BY THE GRACE OF GOD, FREE AND INDEPENDENT.
 To Doris Oelsner, Isidor Spiro, Jettchen Griefenhagen, Solon Spiro, Johanna Sachs, Zerline Spiro, Meta Levy, Heymann S. Aschheim, Dorothea Joseph, Jacob Aschheim, Alex. Fraenkel, Julius Fraenkel, Anna Birnbaum, Bruno Fraenkel, Rosa Seemann, Ida Joseph, Deborah Joseph, Alex. Aschheim, Heber Technical Institute of New York, Montefiore Home in New York, Hebrew Orphan Asylum in New York, American Surety Company of New York, Guaranty Trust Company of New York, Van Norden Trust Company and to all persons or corporations interested, either absolutely or contingently, by the terms of the will, or by operation of law to share in the estate of **MAYER S. ASCHHEIM**, late of the County of New York, deceased, as sureties, depository of estate funds, creditors, legatees, next of kin, trustee or otherwise,
SEND GREETING:
 You, and each of you, are hereby cited and required personally to be and appear before our Surrogate of the County of New York, at the Surrogate's Court of said county, held at the Hall of Records, in the County of New York, on the 25th day of November, 1910, at half-past 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, then and there to attend a judicial settlement of the account of proceedings of Martha Joseph, as Administratrix with the will annexed of said Mayer S. Aschheim, deceased, and to be and appear hereby cited, as are under the age of twenty-one years, are required to appear by your guardian, if you have one, or if you have none, to appear and apply for one to be appointed, or in the event of your neglect or failure to do so, a guardian will be appointed by the Surrogate to represent and act for you in the proceedings.
IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, we have caused the seal of the Surrogate's Court of the said County of New York to be hereunto affixed.
WITNESS, Hon. John P. Cohalan, a Surrogate of our said county, at the County of New York, on the 29th day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and ten. (Seal) **DANIEL J. DOWDNEY,** Clerk of the Surrogate's Court.
EDWARD M. BURGHARD, Attorney for petitioner, 120 Broadway, Manhattan Borough, New York City.

SIMON, ULRICH.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Ulrich Simon, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at their place of transacting business, at the office of Wolf & Kohn, attorneys, No. 203 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the 5th day of May next.
Dated New York, the 21st day of October, 1910.
STAVELAND F. SIMON; DAVID E. SIMON, Executors.
WOLF & KOHN, Attorneys for Executors, 203 Broadway, New York City.

PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY OF NEW YORK, GUSTAV MAHLER, CONDUCTOR.

Friday afternoon, at Carnegie Hall. Bach, Suite. Schubert C. Min. Symphony. Mozart, Sallen. Music. Zarathustra. 50c. to \$2. Management, London Carlton. A few good subscription seats still available. Brooklyn series opens Sunday afternoon.

M ENDELSOHN SAT. AFT., NOV. 5, at 2:30 P. M.
 New York Debut of the Great Cellist,
BORIS HAMBURG
 and with Cecile Behrens in the Grieg Sonata. Seats \$2 to 50c. Now at Hall. Mgt. M.H. Hanson.

M ENDELSOHN FRIDAY, NOV. 11, at 8:15 P. M.
 NEW YORK DEBUT OF
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 Seats \$2 to 50c. Now at Box Office.
 Mgt. M. H. HANSON. **KNABE-PIANO**

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 By Edgar Selwyn.

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CHARLES FROHMAN PRESENTS
THE DOLLAR PRINCESS.
SAM ROTHCHILD Formerly of Mt. Sinai Hospital
UNDERTAKER AND EMBALMER.
 64 EAST 116TH ST. Tel. 151 Harlem.

NEW ODES OF SOLOMON

A recent discovery in that seemingly inexhaustible treasure house in the neighborhood of the Tigris is that of some manuscripts identified as "The Odes and Psalms of Solomon."

For example, from Ode 7:

"In His simplicity, His sweetness has made small His greatness." And Ode 34:

"No way is hard where the heart is simple. Nor is there any wound where the thoughts are upright. Nor is there any storm in the depth of illuminated thought."

Prof. James A. Montgomery describes the character of this document in the *Biblical World* for August:

"Some of these odes," he writes, "resemble closely the canonical Psalms in their expressions of trust and assurance against enemies; indeed, the latter are distinctly the models for many of them. In so far, then, we have an interesting manifestation of the survival of Jewish hymnology down into the Christian Church, something which was suspected from the charming canticles in the opening chapters of St. Luke and from the snatches of hymns scattered through the New Testament. But now we possess in these odes a very considerable collection of this desiderated material."

"However, these compositions move in spirited fields, which are distinctly different from the atmosphere of the Psalter. They possess a terminology and betray a cast of thought which make us instinctively associate them with the New Testament literature."

"A score of phrases and words can illustrate this point; such terms as faith, hope, love, grace, joy, peace, salvation, knowledge, the Word (never the law), life, light, immortality, Paradise. Several of the odes are of apocalyptic character, the singer experiences the 'ascent of the soul.' This is an idea with which we first come in contact in Enoch, and which became characteristic of the Jewish apocalyptic literature."

"The poet is led by the truth and given to see the things in heaven and hell, although all is conceived in a gentle, beautiful spirit, quite the reverse of the fierce and Pharisically righteous eschatologists of Judaism. Indeed, it is gentler than the like passages in the New Testament. But only a reading of the odes themselves can bring out the full force of this comparison with the New Testament literature."

"Are there any internal marks which will serve to date the odes, and so enable us to relate them historically with that literature? One ode fortunately gives us a clue of time; the fourth begins thus: 'No man, O my God, changeth Thy holy place; for Thy sanctuary Thou hadst designed before Thou didst make other places (with reference to the rabbinic notion of the ideal pre-existence of Jerusalem from eternity).'"

"The Temple must still have been standing when that ode was written and so the *terminus ad quem* for the collection as a whole is 70 A. D. These odes then belong to the very age of the composition of the New Testament books, and that they are Christian seems to be settled by definite theological reference to the faith of the Christian church."

"As a document belonging probably to the first century of our era and to the Judaism or Christianity of that critical age in the religious history of the world it must at once excite our interest for its possibilities of information on the period for which most of all we deserve fresh light."

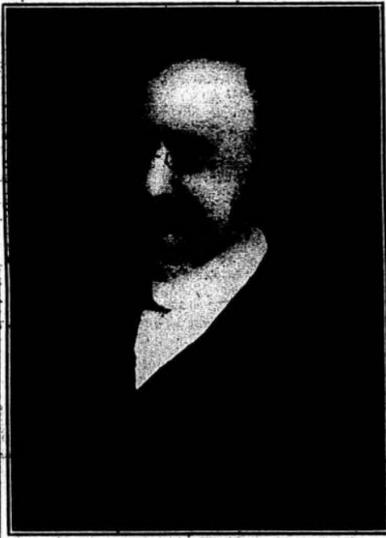
Some of the odes have beautiful analogical introductions, as of Ode 6: "As the hand moves over the harp and the strings speak, so speaks in my members, the Spirit of the Lord, at all times toward Thee" (Ode 14).

"As the sun is the joy of those that seek for its day, so is my joy the Lord because He is my Sun, and His rays have lifted me up and His light has dispelled all darkness from my face" (Ode 15).

Centenary of Dr. Leopold Stein.

Dr. Leopold Stein, the celebrated German Jewish rabbi and educator, was born on November 5, 1810, at Burgpreppach, in Lower Franconia, Bavaria. His father was a celebrated Talmid Chocham there, and in Adelsdorf, Upper Franconia, and the future reformer was profoundly versed in Talmudic lore as early as his fifteenth year. He studied in the rabbinical high school at Fuerth, in Bavaria, the alma mater of many German and American Jewish theological leaders. Stein obtained his secular education at institutions in Erlangen, Bayreuth and Wurzburg, in Bavaria.

Stein's first work as preacher was accomplished in the rural Franconian community of Diedenhofen. In 1834, on the completion of his studies, he preached a sermon at Frankfort-on-the-



DR. LEOPOLD STEIN.

Main, and the next year was chosen rabbi and preacher to the congregations of Burgkundsstadt and Altenkundsstadt, two towns in Bavaria. While here, in 1839, he entered into the bonds of matrimony, and published a liturgical work, "Chissuh habbajith." He, too, he laid the foundation of his subsequent activity as a reformer, and became a close friend and disciple of Friedrich Rueckert, the celebrated German poet.

In 1844 Stein was chosen as the religious leader of the Old Synagogue at Frankfort-on-the-Main, where he remained for eighteen years. In 1845 he presided over the Reform Rabbinical Conference held in that year in the old, free imperial city. His leanings toward reform caused Stein to resign his post as rabbi of the congregation in 1862, and led to his founding in 1866 the so-called West End Union, a reform movement. Of this organization he was the leader until 1880, when the condition of his health forced him to withdraw from active work. His educational home (pensionat), which he founded when he resigned the rabbinate of the Old Synagogue, had been closed since 1876. During the latter years of his life he devoted his attention to literary work, and published several noteworthy volumes. On November 5, 1880, his many friends honored him on his seventieth birthday anniversary, which was at the same time his golden jubilee as rabbi and preacher in Israel. He died at Frankfort-on-the-Main, Saturday, December 2, 1882. His personality and influence are still potent factors in the Jewry of the city where his life's career was in the main unfolded.

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FRANK, WILLIAM P.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against William P. Frank, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at her place of transacting business, No. 114 East Thirtieth street, in the City of New York, on or before the 1st day of February next.
Dated New York, the 20th day of July, 1910.
HONORA FRANK, Executrix.
SAMUEL D. LASKY, Attorney for Executrix, 320 Broadway, New York City.

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EXPLANATION—MATTER IN ITALICS IS NEW; MATTER IN BRACKETS [] IS OLD LAW TO BE OMITTED.

STATE OF NEW YORK, OFFICE OF THE Secretary of State, Albany, July 25, 1910.—Pursuant to the provisions of section one of article fourteen of the Constitution of the State of New York, and section two hundred and ninety-five of the Election Law, notice is hereby given that the following proposed amendment to section four of article four of the Constitution of the State of New York is referred to the Legislature to be chosen at the next general election of senators in this State to be held on the eighth day of November, nineteen hundred and ten. SAMUEL S. KOENIG, Secretary of State.

AMENDMENT NUMBER SIX. Concurrent Resolution of the Senate and Assembly, Proposing an amendment to section four of article four of the constitution, in relation to the salary of governor.

Section 1. Resolved (if the Senate concur), That section four of article four of the constitution be amended to read as follows: § 4. The governor shall be commander-in-chief of the military and naval forces of the state. He shall have power to convene the legislature, or the senate only, on extraordinary occasions. At extraordinary sessions no subject shall be acted upon, except such as the governor may recommend for consideration. He shall communicate by message to the legislature at every session the condition of the state, and recommend such matters to it as he shall judge expedient. He shall transact all necessary business with the officers of government, civil and military. He shall expedite a such measures as may be resolved upon by the legislature, and shall take care that the laws faithfully executed. He shall receive for services an annual salary of twenty [ten] thousand dollars, and there shall be provided for use a suitable and furnished executive residence. § 2. Resolved (if the Senate concur), That the foregoing amendment be referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election of senators, and in conformity with section one of article fourteen of the constitution, be published for three months previous to the time of such election.

State of New York, In Assembly, March 22, 1910.—This resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the members elected to the Assembly voting in favor thereof, three-fifths being present. By order of the Assembly, J. W. WADSWORTH, Jr., Speaker.

State of New York, In Senate, March 23, 1910.—This resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the Senators elected voting in favor thereof, three-fifths being present. By order of the Senate, HORACE WHITE, President.

State of New York, Office of the Secretary of State, Albany, July 25, 1910.—I have compared the preceding copy of concurrent resolution with the original concurrent resolution on file in this office, and I do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom, and of the whole thereof. Given under my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State at the city of Albany, this twenty-fifth day of July, in the year of our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and ten. [L. S.] SAMUEL S. KOENIG, Secretary of State.

EXPLANATION—MATTER IN ITALICS IS OLD LAW TO BE OMITTED.

STATE OF NEW YORK, OFFICE OF THE Secretary of State, Albany, July 25, 1910.—Pursuant to the provisions of section one of article fourteen of the Constitution of the State of New York, and section two hundred and ninety-five of the Election Law, notice is hereby given that the following proposed amendment to section two of article six of the Constitution of the State of New York is referred to the Legislature to be chosen at the next general election of senators in this State to be held on the eighth day of November, nineteen hundred and ten. SAMUEL S. KOENIG, Secretary of State.

AMENDMENT NUMBER SEVEN. Concurrent Resolution of the Senate and Assembly, Proposing an amendment to section two of article six of the constitution, in relation to assignment of justices of the supreme court to hold special and trial terms.

Section 1. Resolved (if the assembly concur), That section two of article six of the constitution be amended to read as follows: § 2. The legislature shall divide the state into four judicial departments. The first department shall consist of the county of New York; the others shall be bounded by county lines, and be compact and equal in population as nearly as may be. Once every ten years the legislature may alter the judicial departments, but without increasing the number thereof. There shall be an appellate division of the supreme court, consisting of seven justices in the first department, and of five justices in each of the other departments. In each department four shall constitute a quorum, and the concurrence of three shall be necessary to a decision. No more than five justices shall sit in any case. From all the justices elected to the supreme court the governor shall designate those who shall constitute the appellate division in each department; and he shall designate the presiding justice thereof, who shall act as such during his term of office, and shall be a resident of the department. The other justices shall be designated for terms of five years or the unexpired portions of their respective terms of office if less than five years. From time to time as the terms of such designations expire, or vacancies occur, he shall make new designations. A majority of the justices so designated to sit in the appellate division, in each department shall be residents of the department. He may also make temporary designations in case of the absence or inability to act of any justice in the appellate division, or in case the presiding justice of any appellate division shall certify to him that one or more additional justices are needed for the speedy disposition of the business before it. Whenever the appellate division in any department shall be unable to dispose of its business within a reasonable time, a majority of the presiding justices of the several departments at a meeting called by the presiding justice of the department in arrears may transfer any pending appeals from such department to any other department, for hearing and determination. No justice of the appellate division shall, within the department to which he may be designated to perform the duties of an appellate justice, exercise any of the powers of a justice of the supreme court, other than those of a justice out of court and those pertaining to the appellate division, or to the hearing and decision of motions submitted by consent of counsel, but any such justice when not actually engaged in performing the duties of an appellate justice in the department to which he is designated, may hold any term of the supreme court and exercise any of the powers of a justice of the supreme court in

county or judicial district in any other department of the state. From and after the last day of December, eighteen hundred and ninety-five, the appellate division shall have the jurisdiction now exercised by the supreme court at its general terms and by the general terms of the court of common pleas for the city and county of New York, the superior court of the city of New York, the superior court of Buffalo and the city of Brooklyn, and such additional jurisdiction as may be conferred by the legislature. It shall have power to appoint and remove a reporter. [The justices of the appellate division in each department shall have power to fix the times and places for holding special terms therein, and to assign the justices in the departments to hold such terms; or to make rules therefor.] § 2. Resolved, (if the assembly concur), That the foregoing amendment be referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election of senators, and in conformity with section one of article fourteen of the constitution, be published for three months previous to the time of such election.

State of New York, In Senate, April 12, 1910.—The foregoing resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the Senators elected voting in favor thereof. By order of the Senate, GEORGE H. COBB, Temporary President.

State of New York, In Assembly, May 24, 1910.—The foregoing resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the members elected to the Assembly voting in favor thereof. By order of the Assembly, J. W. WADSWORTH, Jr., Speaker.

State of New York, Office of the Secretary of State, Albany, July 25, 1910.—I have compared the preceding copy of concurrent resolution with the original concurrent resolution on file in this office, and I do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom, and of the whole thereof. Given under my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State at the city of Albany, this twenty-fifth day of July, in the year of our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and ten. [L. S.] SAMUEL S. KOENIG, Secretary of State.

EXPLANATION—MATTER IN ITALICS IS NEW

STATE OF NEW YORK, OFFICE OF THE Secretary of State, Albany, July 25, 1910.—Pursuant to the provisions of section one of article fourteen of the Constitution of the State of New York, and section two hundred and ninety-five of the Election Law, notice is hereby given that the following proposed amendment to section seven of article one of the Constitution of the State of New York is referred to the Legislature to be chosen at the next general election of senators in this State to be held on the eighth day of November, nineteen hundred and ten. SAMUEL S. KOENIG, Secretary of State.

AMENDMENT NUMBER TWO. Concurrent Resolution of the Senate and Assembly, Proposing an amendment to section seven of article one of the constitution, in relation to the drainage of lands.

Section 1. Resolved (if the senate concur), That section seven of article one of the constitution be amended to read as follows: § 7. Where private property shall be taken for any public use, the compensation to be made therefor, when such compensation is not made by the state, shall be ascertained by a jury, or by not less than three commissioners appointed by a court of record, as shall be prescribed by law. Private roads may be opened in the manner to be prescribed by law; but in every case the necessity of the road and the amount of all damage to be sustained by the opening thereof shall be first determined by a jury of freeholders, and such amount, together with the expenses of the proceeding, shall be paid by the person to be benefited. General laws may be passed permitting the owners or occupants of agricultural lands to construct and maintain for the drainage thereof necessary drains, ditches and dykes upon the lands of others, under proper restrictions, and with just compensation, but no special law shall be enacted for such purposes, and the drainage of private land for the improvement thereof is hereby constituted a public use, for which land may be acquired for just compensation and the expense assessed to the persons or property benefited, by the state or municipality, under appropriate laws. § 2. Resolved (if the senate concur), That the foregoing amendment be referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election of senators, and in conformity with section one of article fourteen of the constitution, be published for three months previous to the time of such election.

State of New York, In Assembly, March 30, 1910.—The foregoing resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the members elected to the Assembly voting in favor thereof, three-fifths being present. By order of the Assembly, J. W. WADSWORTH, Jr., Speaker.

State of New York, In Senate, April 20, 1910.—The foregoing resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the Senators elected voting in favor thereof, three-fifths being present. By order of the Senate, HORACE WHITE, President.

State of New York, Office of the Secretary of State, Albany, July 25, 1910.—I have compared the preceding copy of concurrent resolution with the original concurrent resolution on file in this office, and I do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom, and of the whole thereof. Given under my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State at the city of Albany, this twenty-fifth day of July, in the year of our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and ten. [L. S.] SAMUEL S. KOENIG, Secretary of State.

EXPLANATION—MATTER IN ITALICS IS NEW.

STATE OF NEW YORK, OFFICE OF THE Secretary of State, Albany, July 25, 1910.—Notice is hereby given that the following proposed amendment to section six of article one of the Constitution of the State of New York is referred to the Legislature to be chosen at the next general election of Senators in this State to be held on the eighth day of November, nineteen hundred and ten. SAMUEL S. KOENIG, Secretary of State.

AMENDMENT NUMBER THREE. Concurrent Resolution of the Senate and Assembly, To amend section six of article one of the constitution, in relation to taking private property for public use.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows: Section 1. Resolved (if the Senate concur), That section six of article one of the constitution be amended by adding thereto a clause to read as follows: When private property shall be taken for public use by a municipal corporation, additional adjoining or neighboring property may be taken under conditions to be prescribed by the legislature by general law. Property thus taken shall be deemed to be taken for public use. § 2. Resolved (if the Senate concur), That the foregoing amendment be referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election of senators, and in conformity with section one of article fourteen of the constitution, be published for three months previous to the time of such election.

Senate concur). That the foregoing amendment be referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election of senators, and in conformity with section one, article fourteen of the constitution, be published for three months previous to the time of such election.

State of New York, In Assembly, May 3, 1910.—The foregoing resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the members elected to the Assembly voting in favor thereof, three-fifths being present. By order of the Assembly, J. W. WADSWORTH, Jr., Speaker.

State of New York, In Senate, May 27, 1910.—The foregoing resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the Senators elected voting in favor thereof, three-fifths being present. By order of the Senate, HORACE WHITE, President.

State of New York, Office of the Secretary of State, Albany, July 25, 1910.—I have compared the preceding copy of concurrent resolution with the original concurrent resolution on file in this office, and I do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom, and of the whole thereof. Given under my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State at the city of Albany, this twenty-fifth day of July, in the year of our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and ten. [L. S.] SAMUEL S. KOENIG, Secretary of State.

The one hundred and fourteenth performance of the present bill at the New York Hippodrome will occur on Monday next, and up to this time the receipts show an increase over those of last year, which was the biggest in the history of New York's largest playhouse. "The International Cup," "The Ballet of Niagara" and "The Earthquake" have proved their popularity by the capacity audiences which they continue to attract. The great Indian ballet with its Niagara Falls scene is thought by many to be the most beautiful ever shown at the Hippodrome.

Harlem fandom will be in its element next week, when Christy Matthewson, champion twirler, and Chief Meyers, star chatcher of the Giants, appear as the stellar attraction at Percy G. Williams' Alhambra Theatre Monday afternoon. Assisted by Miss May Tully, who staged the piece, they present a playette by the baseball authority, Bozeman Bulger, entitled "Curves." Sam Chip and Mary Marble, in "In Old Edam"; James and Sadie Leonard, travestyng Bernard Shaw's "Caesar and Cleopatra"; "The Boys in Blue," Barry and Wolford, Horace Wright and Rene Dietrich, Zertho's Dogs and the Vitagraph pictures are also announced.

Nora Bayes and Jack Norworth, magnetic and debonair as of old, head an unusually attractive bill of novelty at the Colonial Theatre for the week of November 7. Miss Bayes, sartorially resplendent in a stunning green creation, sings "How Can They Tell I'm Irish?" and Jack Norworth renders his inimitable topical-songs, including his latest success, "Everyone in Favor Say 'Aye.'" "The Bandit," with F. Hawley and company; York and Adams, funny comedians; Frank Fogarty, "The Dublin Minstrel"; Bothwell Browne, Pederson Brothers, Marcel's Art Studios and Berry and Berry will contribute diversity. Sunday afternoon and evening concerts will be given as usual.

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LAKEWOOD, N. J. Mrs. Lena Frank announces that the new "BLYTHEWOOD," with all modern improvements and spacious sun parlors will open for the reception of guests on October 15, 1910. The hotel is located within one block of the Lakewood Hotel, and is conducted as a first-class winter resort. The cuisine is unexcelled. For terms address Mrs. Lena Frank, Proprietor, as above (of Blythewood, Catskill Mountains). Accommodates 100

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PROFESSIONAL ENTERTAINMENT AND BALL

HEBREW EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTE OF THE UPTOWN TALMUD TORAH ASSOCIATION AT GRAND CENTRAL PALACE LEXINGTON AVENUE AT FORTY THIRD STREET Sunday Evening, November Twenty Seventh NINETEEN HUNDRED AND TEN

If the Worst Should Happen.

(Continued from Page 1)

withdrawing my account from your bank, which consists of my entire capital, and should the worst happen it would leave me practically penniless." Receiving no reply, while the president was regarding him seriously, listening carefully to every word, the former continued, "I thought that I would see you about this personally first, in view of our past friendship and personal regard for each other." "There is no need of referring to that just now, Mr. Jacobson. The favors that your firm enjoyed from us were no greater than those that any institution of its kind would have been glad to extend to a house of your standing." Mr. Woods reflected a moment, and continued, "And as for our personal regard and confidence in each other. I can only say this, that you have my fullest assurance of the absolute safety of your account, and that the present trouble is not due to any mismanagement or unusual shortage on our part, but to the present state of nervous fear on the part of the public from which no bank is safe just now." Against accidents like this nothing could prevail. "You on your part are perfectly justified in feeling as you do, and I could offer you nothing more than my fullest assurances that every dollar deposited with us is fully accounted for and covered, and while we were not prepared for this unfortunate accident, we are nevertheless ready to pay out every depositor who presents himself, in the hope that in the meantime, the public confidence will be restored, giving us the necessary time to meet our larger customers if compelled to."

"You, Mr. Jacobson, are one of our heaviest depositors, I believe, and while we can pay you fifty thousand dollars—I believe it's about that figure—I am considering the effect it might have on the others who would undoubtedly be influenced by your decision." "However, if you desire, I shall take your book from you and personally attend to it in a few minutes, so as to spare you the inconvenience of waiting in line."

Mr. Jacobson was touched at

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the candidness and simplicity of the bank president's tone. "I have the utmost confidence in your institution, but the unforeseen is what I am afraid of. Who can tell what would happen if the heavy depositors of your bank should all or most of them call for their money? "What would you do if your creditors should all come and demand their money at once unexpectedly, Mr. Jacobson? What could you do?" Mr. Jacobson looked non-

plussed for a moment. "Well, under ordinary circumstances it would not happen, unless through some unforeseen misfortune—why then I would try to raise the necessary cash and pay them off." Mr. Woods gained his point. "Exactly, you would go to the bank and ask them to help you out; they would take your assurance, and if satisfied with your standing they would meet your demands. Let us say that you came to us in such an emergency, do you think that we would refuse to stand by you?" Mr. Jacobson answered reflectively, "No, I don't think you would," but you wouldn't be taking any chances." "Aren't there always chances in transactions of this kind? Can we ever insure against all chances? And isn't it always our opinion of one man's reliability and integrity—his word—that we mainly rely upon in extending loans? Yes, then why should we not receive similar treatment from our depositors. Your confidence in us, the very fact that you have left your entire capital with us in these trying times, will be the best possible means of allaying our probable embarrassment. It would more than anything we can do, influence the position of those other depositors whom we have mentioned. What fear can any of them feel when A. Jacobson & Son, whose entire fortune is in our hands, feel secure?"

Mr. Jacobson had evidently been thinking very seriously when the president had finished. He began to feel keenly the moral issue involved. He owed some responsibility to this bank, and it was up to him to do everything he could to save it from ruin. It was his duty to take the initiative, on account of the influence that his firm was bound to have on many others, owing to the high position that it held among his business associates and in business circles in general. As one of the oldest firms in the line and one of the most respected, both for its high standard of ethics, and for the prominence of its head in charitable and religious affairs, for there was hardly a religious or communal institution that Mr. Abraham Jacobson was not more or less of a subscriber to. In the twenty years of his manufacturing experience, Mr. Jacobson had risen from a pushcart peddler on Canal street, among his Russian Jewish co-religionists, to a leading and respected position in Broadway, and aside from his public charities no one, not even he himself, has ever stopped to count the number of men whom he had personally befriended. "A Gemiloth Chesed," a loan to a man in need, was a sacred duty imposed upon by their Jewish religion, and Mr. Jacobson was essentially a religious man, not only in letter, but also in spirit. As carefully as he could figure it out it was a clear duty that was imposed upon him just now to do his share in saving this institution, the failure of which would mean utter ruin to many of his business associates, even at the risk of his own fortune. The longer he thought it over, the more convinced he became of this, and when he arose from his chair he was fully determined not only to leave his funds with the bank, but to use his influence with the others within his reach to do likewise. "Mr. Woods," he began, "we have got to stand by each other in moments like this, and I have decided to do my share; I don't want any of my money now, but," he hesitated a moment. "I have deposited with you a year ago a small amount of a thousand dollars, which has been entrusted to me as treasurer of 'The Hebrew Free School.' I wish you would let me have this, in case—in case—well if the worst happens I must not take chances with other people's money, you know especially money contributed for a charitable

purpose." The president was too impressed for words. "I could see how you feel about that." He handed him the money, and when the latter rose to go the president led him to the door, and then they shook hands in silent confidence. When the old man was gone the president sank into a chair and reflected, "and this also is a Russian Jew."

SOCIAL.

The Halcyon Club, a popular club of Harlem, which held a successful matinee reception last Sunday afternoon at Palm Garden, will hold their second annual straw hat automobile party on election night, November 8.

The marriage of Miss Elsie Lax to Mr. Louis Hess will be solemnized on Sunday, November 6, at the Oheb Zedek Synagogue, 18 West 116th street. A reception at the Herrnsstadt will follow.

Sluzewo Eleazer Lodge, No. 89, O. E. A., will celebrate its twenty-fifth anniversary by giving a banquet at Palm Garden, East Fifty-eighth street, on Sunday, November 6, at 5 p. m. A reception and ball will follow. Arrangements are in the hands of the following committee: Leon B. Ginsburg, chairman; Samuel Harris, vice-chairman; S. J. Strauss, secretary, and Isaac Simon, treasurer.

Agadath Achim Ladies Auxiliary.

A ladies' auxiliary of the Congregation Agadath Achim, of Harlem, was organized by Dr. Leon Album last Sunday who delivered an address before the society on "Organization." The following officers were installed: Mrs. R. Myers, president; Mrs. Fannie Einhorn, first vice-president; Mrs. Leah Bauman, second vice-president; Mrs. Leah Block, treasurer, and Mrs. Esther Rosenberg, secretary.

Young Men's Hebrew Association.

Rev. Rudolph Grossman will speak this evening, and Mr. Moses Beckhardt at the children's services to-morrow afternoon. Next Friday evening the tenth anniversary services will be held. Rev. Rudolph I. Coffee, the organizer of these services, will be the speaker.

The young men of the association will tender the directors a decennial anniversary and testimonial banquet on Saturday evening, November 12.

Sunday evening the E. C. Stone Literary Society will hold a prize oratorical contest and entertainment.

Young Women's Hebrew Association.

The speaker at services on Friday evening, November 4, will be Mr. Isidore Herschfeld. The regular Sabbath afternoon services for children have begun, and are very well attended. The speaker on Saturday afternoon, November 5, will be Rabbi Elias Margolies.

The members of the Ateres Reus held a peanut contest in the Auditorium on Wednesday evening, November 2, which was greatly enjoyed by all.

A dramatic and social club which has been organized and meets under the leadership of Miss Prinstein has a large registration and gives promise of accomplishing much interesting work.

On Sunday afternoon the Jenny Wren Circle, which meets under the leadership of Miss Harriet Silverman, will give an entertainment to their mothers and friends. In the evening the senior members of the association will be at home to their friends.

A large audience gathered to listen to Dr. David De Sola Pool, who gave an interesting talk on the dietary laws. A desire to hear this phase of the Bible elucidated has been felt among the club and class members for some time, and the occasion was heartily welcomed and enjoyed.

For election week at the Fifth Avenue Theatre, the management has made the boldest stroke yet attempted in engaging dual headliners for overwhelming magnitude. For once the stars will be male types, breaking the invariable Fifth Avenue rule of having a feminine artist top the bill when a week of sensational business is expected. McIntyre and Heath and William H. Thompson are the artists in question, representing the two extremes of vaudeville. On the same jubilant Election week programme will be those other two-day favorites, Homer B. Mason and Marguerite Keeler and company, Linden Beckwith, Brown and Ayer, Arthur White'law, Charles B. Lawlor and his beautiful daughter; Rice, Sully and Scott, Adonis, and motion pictures.

Kate Douglas Wiggin has arranged with Messrs. Klaw and Erlanger and Mr. David Belasco for a special performance of her play, "Rebecca of Sunnybrook Farm," this (Friday) evening, November 4, at the Republic Theatre. Her guests will be the ministers, school teachers and other persons interested in educational work in Greater New York.

"Rebecca of Sunnybrook Farm" is one of the most successful plays produced in the last decade of the history of the stage. The play promises to remain at the Republic Theatre all season. It is entirely opposite to the current phase of realistic plays and suppressed acting which has been so thoroughly rebuked by the press and public. Matinee performances for ladies and children are presented Wednesday and Saturday afternoons, with a special matinee also next Tuesday, election day.

<p>North German Lloyd</p>	<p>LONDON - PARIS BREMEN TUESDAYS 10 A. M. Express Sailings. K. Wm. d. Gr., Nov. 8 Cecilie, Nov. 15 G. Wash. new Nov. 22 K. Prinz Wm., Nov. 29</p>
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<p>GIBRALTAR - NAPLES - GENOA SATURDAYS 11 A. M. P. Irene, Nov. 5 Berlin (new), Nov. 19 K. Lutz, Nov. 12 K. Albert, Dec. 3</p>	
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Benjamin Blumenthal, Henry V. Rothschild.

DISTRICT GRAND LODGE, NO. 1.
SAMUEL SPITZ, Grand Master.
ABRAHAM HAFFER, Grand Secretary.
A. E. KARELSEN, Grand Treasurer.

Naphtali Lodge, No. 10, celebrated its fiftieth anniversary at Terrace Garden on Wednesday, October 26, 1910, by giving a banquet followed by a ball, at which over 500 participated. Bro. Myer Elsas, one of the oldest members of the lodge, was chairman of the Arrangements Committee. During the evening he was presented by the General Committee of the District with a testimonial for services rendered while a member of that committee.

The following toasts were responded to: "Our District," by Grand Master of District No. 1, Samuel Spitz; "Our Ladies," by J. Marcuson; "Financial Side of the Order," by Grand Secretary Hafer, and "Our Relation to the Government," by Emanuel M. Edelson.

Grand Master M. S. Stern, accompanied by Grand Secretary A. Hafer and Bro. J. A. Hirschman, paid an official visit to Moses Mendelssohn Lodge, No. 25, and Bay State, No. 62, at Boston, Mass., on Sunday, October 30, 1910. Upon their arrival they were met by a committee and were taken about the city in automobiles. A banquet was tendered to them, at which the Grand Officers delivered addresses.

Zionists to Hold "Palestine Evening."

A "Palestine Evening" of unusual interest is being arranged by the Federation of American Zionists. The meeting will be held in Cooper Union Monday evening, November 14, at 8 o'clock, and the speakers will be Professor Richard Gottheil, of Columbia University; Dr. Schmaryahue Lewin and Miss Henrietta Szold. Dr. Harry Friedenwald will preside.

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will find instant relief by using Dr. Bellin's WONDERSTOEN HAIR REMOVER. Destroys hair without the use of poisonous chemicals. Simply rub "Wonderstoen" on the face—off goes the hair.

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SIMON, ULRICH.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Ulrich Simon, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers, at their place of transacting business, No. 203 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the 25th day of April next.

Dated, New York the 21st day of October, 1910.

GUSTAVE F. SIMON, DAVID G. SIMON, Executors.
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MUSIC AND MUSICIANS.

William Shakespeare—not the bard, but the famous London singing teacher—has written a volume entitled "The Art of Singing." It is based on the principles of the old Italian singing masters, deals with breath control and production of the voice, and contains numerous exercises. The handsomely gotten up volume is published by the Oliver Ditson Co.

Master Pianist Josef Hofmann gives his second recital at Carnegie Hall on the afternoon of the 11th inst. Since his last appearance here three years ago Mr. Hofmann's art, always impeccable on its technical side, has broadened greatly and he now touches a depth of emotional expression which renders his Beethoven playing particularly a source of infinite pleasure.

The suggestion made in this column last week concerning Erich Korngold's trio for piano, violin and cello, was happily unnecessary, for Miss Margulies has been preparing the work of the thirteen-year-old composer for early production. It will be performed by the Adele Margulies Trio at Mendelssohn Hall on the evening of November 17. The Viennese critic, Ludwig Karpath, has this to say of it: "The development is always strictly logical; the harmony always new, sometimes extremely exaggerated, and yet always returning at once to the tonality. Notwithstanding his incredibly bold modulation he is a melodist in the most diatonic sense of the word. On every page we find those very individual bases which are characteristic of the true artistic talent. After every dramatic climax Erich Korngold indulges in the tenderest lyrical song, in which he reveals all the secrets of his music-saturated soul."

Goldmark's symphony "A Rustic Wedding," has been selected by Walter Damrosch to commemorate the composer's eightieth birthday, and will be performed at next Sunday afternoon's Symphony concert. Wallace's symphonic poem, "Villon," will be repeated, and Mme. Louise Homer will sing Gluck's "Che faro" air, and Adriano's air from "Rienzi."

The programme of the first Philharmonic Society's concert will be repeated at Carnegie Hall this afternoon. It comprises Bach's suite with Mr. Mahler at the harpsichord, Schubert's C major symphony, Mozart's ballet music from "Idomeneo" and "Deutsche Taenze," and Richard Strauss's "So Spake Zarathustra."

"After Strauss—What?" queries an English journalist, and Leonard Lieblich replies: "The critics are after him, for one thing."

"Flachsmann, the Educator," may be seen at the Irving Place to-morrow evening. One more performance of "Der Rastelbinder" will be given on Tuesday, to be followed on Wednesday by Raoul Auernheimer's new comedy, "The Happiest Day," Thursday, November 10, Schiller's birthday, "Maria Stuart."

Boris Hambourg, the distinguished cellist, will be heard for the first time here on Saturday afternoon in Mendelssohn Hall. His programme includes the Grieg sonata, Faure's "Elegie," a suite by Valentin and a group of smaller pieces by Cui, Victor Herbert and Saint-Saens. Mr. Hambourg will have the assistance of Cecile Behrens, pianist. J. M.

BROOKLYN NOTES.

Brooklyn Young Men's Hebrew Association Activities.

The November bulletin issued by the Young Men's Hebrew Association, 345 Ninth street, Brooklyn, shows that a busy month of activities has been planned and arranged for the members in all departments.

In the physical department the athletic prize tournament begun during the latter part of October will continue during the entire month, and judging from the large number of entries and participants the contest promises to be a most interesting one. In the educational department the principal events will consist in the continuation of the public speaking contest for the gold medal donated by the president, Ralph K. Jacobs, and the prize essay contest for the medal donated by Bernard J. Lebo-

witz. The penmanship class, the mandolin club and the various literary societies are meeting regularly and continue their good work. The Ciceronian Literary Society is negotiating with the E. C. Stone Literary Society of the Manhattan Young Men's Hebrew Association for challenge debate to be held during the early part of December. Rehearsals for the minstrel show, to take place during January, 1911, are held regularly on Monday nights under the direction of Mr. Isaac Tuck. On Sunday evening, November 20, Supreme Court Justice Samuel T. Maddox will address the association, and in addition an excellent musical programme will be rendered. The public is cordially invited to attend.

Dinner to Hon. Samuel S. Koenig.

Under the auspices of some independent citizens of Borough Park, a dinner was tendered to Hon. Samuel S. Koenig at the Borough Park Club House last Saturday night. The dinner was given as a testimonial by Mr. Koenig's friends in recognition of the masterful way in



which he discharged his duties while a State officer, and was largely attended. Among those who made addresses were Hon. Edward Lauterbach, Judge Otto A. Rosalsky, Samuel Hefish, Rabbi Joel Blau and the guest of the evening.

Fortieth Anniversary Banquet.

Last Sunday night the Ladies' Hebrew Benevolent Society of the Eastern District appropriately celebrated their fortieth anniversary by giving a banquet and ball at the Masonic Temple. There were 800 in attendance, and a feature of the evening were presentations to Mrs. A. Kodzelsen and Mrs. Henry Weil.

The society was organized in 1870 with eighteen members, and to-day it has 321 members enrolled.

Congregation B'nai Sholaim.

Last Friday evening, before a congregation that overflowed the synagogue, Rabbi Israel Herbert Levinthal was installed as Rabbi of Congregation B'nai Sholaim, of Brooklyn. Rabbi B. L. Levinthal, chief rabbi of the orthodox Jews of Philadelphia and father of B'nai Sholaim's new minister, opened the exercises with a Hebrew prayer. After a few appropriate remarks by the chairman, Mr. I. Brook, a letter of regret from Mr. Louis Marshall was read.

Rabbi Charles I. Hoffman, of Newark, N. J., inducted the new rabbi into office. In his installation address, which followed, Rabbi Levinthal urged the congregation to continue to walk in the path of conservatism, to continue to be loyal to Israel's God and to His Torah, and at the same time to keep on advancing with the times. "Our duty to-day," he said, "is to harmonize tradition and progress, the past and the present."

Professor Israel Friedlander, Rev. Z. H. Masliansky and Rabbi B. L. Levinthal, of Philadelphia, also delivered stirring addresses on the duties of the modern rabbi and of the modern synagogue. A special musical programme was rendered under the direction of the cantor, Rev. Freedman.

After the exercises a reception was tendered to Rabbi and Mrs. Israel Levinthal in the vestry rooms of the synagogue and the Sisterhood of the congregation.

Fifteenth Wedding Anniversary Celebration.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Gantscher celebrated the fifteenth anniversary of their wedding on Saturday evening, October 28,



MRS. E. SAGE.

Chicago, Ill. (Special).—"I highly recommend Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey. I was very sick last Spring with La Grippe and took three bottles of Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey. It cured me completely and now we keep it in the house all the time." Mrs. E. Sage, 227 Barry Ave.

Thousands, like Mrs. Sage, have been cured by Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey, which stimulates and enriches the blood, aids digestion, builds new tissues and assists in killing the disease germs. The system must be kept strong and vigorous so that it will throw off disease. It is the weak, run-down, worn-out system that contracts those diseases that so often prove fatal. Take heed, build up your body, keep your blood rich, then you need have no fear of disease.

It is sold in SEALED BOTTLES ONLY by all druggists, grocers and dealers, or direct, \$1.00 a large bottle. Look for the "Old Chemist" on the label and make sure the seal over the cork is unbroken. Medical booklet containing rare common-sense rules for health and testimonials, also doctor's advice, sent free to any one who writes. The Duffy Malt Whiskey Co., Rochester, N. Y.

at their home, No. 145 Bay Thirty-fourth street, Bensonhurst. There were a number of relatives and friends present and an evening of music and dancing was followed by a supper. Toasts were responded to by Rev. J. M. Seidel, Messrs. Drangle and Kreiger and Miss Eva Sherman. Miss Bertha Bernstein recited a poem in German which she composed for the occasion.

"The Spendthrift," Porter Emerson Browne's latest and best play of American life of to-day, will be given at the Montauk Theatre during the coming week, with matinees Wednesday and Saturday, and a special matinee on election day. Frederic Thompson, its producer, will give it here with the entire original cast from the Hudson Theatre in Manhattan, where it was first produced last spring and ran for twenty-two weeks, attracting big audiences during the hottest days of July and August. The company is headed by Edmund Breese, a sterling actor, whose creation of the leading role in "The Lion and the Mouse" brought him before the public as one of the best of American actors. Miss Thais Magrane will enact the principal feminine role, and other players of repute in the cast will be T. Dapfel Frawley, Gwendlyn Piers, Mattie Ferguson, Alice Kelly, Sumner Guard and Robert Cain. On Tuesday night election returns will be read from the stage.

Annual Meeting of American Jewish Committee.

The fourth annual meeting of the American Jewish Committee will be held in this city on Sunday, November 13, 1910, at the Hotel Astor, Broadway and Forty-fourth street. The morning session will be called to order at 11 a. m. and the afternoon session at 2.30 p. m. Luncheon will be provided for those in attendance.

A part of the order of business will be the presentation of reports of the Executive Committee and of the Executive of the New York Jewish Community (District XII).

Successors to the following officers will be chosen: President, Mayer Sulzberger; vice-presidents, Julian W. Mack and Jacob H. Hollander; treasurer, Isaac W. Bernhelm. Executive Committee, Cyrus Adler, Harry Cutler, Samuel Dorf, J. L. Magnes, Louis Marshall, Julius Rosenwald, Jacob H. Schiff, Isador Sobel and Cyrus L. Sulzberger.

Successors to the following members are also to be chosen: District IV, Elias

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Michael, St. Louis; District VI, Emanuel Cohen, Minneapolis; District VII, Julius Rosenwald, Chicago; District VIII, Louis Newberger, Indianapolis; District IX, B. L. Levinthal and M. Rosenbaum, Philadelphia; District X, Harry Friedland and Jacob H. Hollander, Baltimore; members at large (elected for one year only): Nathan Bijur and Isidor Straus, New York.

Memorial Services for Ignatius Rice.

A memorial service in honor of the late Ignatius Rice, ex-president of the District Grand Lodge, No. 1, I. O. B. B., Home for Aged and Infirm, at Yonkers, will be held at the home on Sunday afternoon, November 6, 1910, at 3 p. m.

Anshe Emeth Congregation Elects Assistant Rabbi.

Mr. Julius J. Price, at present a student at the Jewish Theological Seminary, has been elected assistant to Rabbi L. Zinsler, of the Anshe Emeth Congregation, 131st street, between Lenox and Seventh avenues. Mr. Price, who was born in Worcester, Mass., twenty-three years ago, is a son of Rabbi Abraham D. Price, of Baltimore, Md. He has had a thorough talmudic education under the tuition of his father and is a graduate of several American universities. He is a powerful speaker and a strong Zionist.

The Hebrew League.

On Saturday evening, October 22, at the annual election of the Hebrew League, Harlem Branch, the following officers were elected: Abraham A. S. I. son, president; Samuel Wolbarst, vice-president; Jesse Blenenfeld, recording and corresponding secretary; Leo Brilliant, financial secretary; Bennett H.owitz, treasurer; Barnett Levy, Abraham Benjamin and Albert Rhine, trustees.

This society, which was organized to propagate a stricter belief in Jewish religion and to strengthen its hold on Jewish young men, will this winter resume the work it has been doing thus far. Classes will be held regularly in Talmud-Schulchun Arouch, etc. Lectures will be delivered every Sunday evening on subjects dear to the Jewish heart.

The first lecture of the season will be delivered by Abraham Nowak, B. S., on Sunday evening, November 6, at 8 p. m., in the clubrooms of the organization, 53 East 107th street. The subject will be "The Debt of Nations to the Jews." The public is cordially invited.

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Montefiore Home.

The annual meeting of the donors, patrons and members of the Montefiore Home will be held at the home, corner of Broadway and 138th street, on Sunday morning, November 6, 1910, at 11 o'clock, when the election of officers will take place and the reports of the president and committees will be submitted.

Manchester, N. H.

The Hebrews of Manchester are very desirous of getting a synagogue, and have already acquired a suitable site for this purpose. They are now making every effort to secure the funds necessary to build a synagogue—the first synagogue to be built in New Hampshire—and accordingly earnestly solicit whatever contribution your kindness, generosity and good will for them may permit. They will sincerely appreciate and truly be grateful for any donation by their friends. This appeal by the Manchester Hebrews is made necessary because, being so few in number (about 130 families) they are of themselves unable to provide the necessary funds.

Donations may be sent to J. Levenson, 213 Laurel street, Manchester, N. H., and will be promptly acknowledged.

Wanted.

Lessons given in Hebrew and Talmud by a theological student at pupils residence. Best references. For particulars apply to B. H., care Hebrew Standard.

WANTED—A TEACHER; one who is able to lecture each Saturday and teach daily at the Hebrew Talmud Torah, Lakewood, N. J.; salary \$700 a year. Address THE LILLIAN COURT, Lakewood, N. J.

TO CLOSE ESTATE, 44-acre farm, 2-story attic house, barn and outbuilding at Stillwater, N. J.; only \$2,750. H. J. SACHS & CO., 28 W. 22d st., N. Y.

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MONEY WANTED ON MORTGAGES AT 6% 407 Boulevard, Rockaway Beach, N. Y.

SOLOMON, ABRAHAM.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Abraham Solomon, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers therefor to the subscriber, at her place of transacting business, at the office of her attorneys, Mannheim & Mannheim, No. 302 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the first day of May next.

Dated New York, the 24th day of October, 1910. REBECCA SOLOMON, Administratrix. MANHEIM & MANHEIM, Attorneys for Administratrix, 302 Broadway, New York City, Manhattan Borough.

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CHILDREN'S PAGE.

THE ARCHITECT AND HIS PLAN.

Dear Children:

YOUNG as you are, you have yet seen something of the world; you have seen the sun rise and set, the moon and stars make their nightly appearance; you have seen the bright and happy sky looking at you through its big blue eyes, with such joy as only the golden sunshine can give it; you have seen a dark and angry frown upon its pale face, as one black cloud after another hid its beauty from the eyes of men, you have been to the country and have seen field and farm, one, wildly beautiful, the child of nature, the other, the mute but eloquent tribute to the toil of man.

"The child of nature!" "The toil of man!" What is Nature and what is Man?

We will leave all the beauties that the world is showing us and we will go into yonder house to watch the children at play. I love to see children playing, especially young children. See! There is the little girl with her doll; watch her face; see the love-light in her eye as she fondly presses the doll to her bosom. She is making believe she is a mama, but the love-light is a *real* love-light. It is God's mirror of the future that is held up to the child of nature, and it matters not whether it is the most expensive French doll or just a doll of stuffed rags—she loves it just as dearly, for she is destined to be a mother some day, and, rich or poor, she will love her child just as much. And there is the little boy with his building blocks building a house. See how earnest he is about it. He is also a child of nature, picturing the toil of man in the years to come. Do you know, dear children, that God loves playing. If he would not have loved it he would not have implanted that nature within you. The Medrash Bereshith tells us that he, too, has his toy, and that toy is the Torah. The great rabbi who wrote the Medrash Rabba, whose name was Rabbi Hashaya Rabbah, thus tells us about it in his introduction to the Medrash Bereshith: "Then (before the world was created) I was," says the Torah, "near him (near God) as a nursling, and I was day by day his delight" (Proverbs 8), as the nursling of an Instructor, as a protected nursling, as a hidden nursling; "yea," say others, "as the nursling of a great Lord," he then quotes several passages from the Scriptures to prove how all this is expressed in the one word "Amon" nursling.

Alas! dear children, we are far from nature; we hear not the warbling of the birds nor the humming of the brook nor the babbling of the stream; we live in a big city, with buildings, buildings, buildings; nothing but buildings on all sides! but, then, some of these buildings are very beautiful and they make us proud of the toil of man; we admire the patient labor of the stonecutter, bricklayer, carpenter and plasterer,

but, more than all, we admire the wonderful skill of the architect, and we marvel that this immense structure, combining beauty and strength, designed to last many decades, even centuries, was conceived in the small space of a man's brain. But let us not be so surprised. Do you know what is man? Man is the image of God, the Great Architect of the Universe! Thus the Medrash continues to tell us, "Another meaning of 'Amon' is 'Omane' Architect. The Torah says, "I was the tool of the Holy One, blessed be he!" It is the custom of the world that when a king of flesh and blood builds a palace he does not build it of his own mind, but of the mind of an architect; and the architect does not build it of his own mind, but he has parchment scrolls of figures and designs in order to know how to arrange the rooms, where to place the alcoves, and so forth. Thus it was with the Holy One, blessed be He! He looked in the Torah and created the world; and the Torah says: "Bereshith bara Elohim," with "Reshith." God created and "Reshith" means only the Torah, as it is said, "The Lord created me as the beginning, "Reshith," of His way" (Psalms 8).

This beautiful world and all that it contains was created by the Great Architect, God, by His plan, the Torah, and it can only be maintained by the good men, who is the image of God, who lives according to his plan, the Torah. This is proven by the Sedrah Noach, of which the Medrash says as follows: "These are the generations of Noah. Noah was a just, perfect man." This is what is meant by the proverb, "As the whirlwind passeth by the wicked is no more, but the righteous is an everlasting foundation" (Proverbs 10). "As the whirlwind passeth by the wicked is no more," refers to the generation that perished in the flood, "but the righteous is an everlasting foundation" refers to Noah. "The wicked are suddenly overthrown and are no more, but the house of the righteous will endure" (Proverbs 12). "The wicked are suddenly overthrown" refers to the generation that perished in the flood; "but the house of the righteous will endure" refers to Noah. Another meaning of the words "These are the generations of Noah" is as follows. It is written: "The house of the wicked will be destroyed, but the tent of the upright will flourish" (Proverbs 14). "The house of the wicked will be destroyed" refers to the generation that was destroyed by the flood; "but the tent of the upright will flourish" refers to Noah.

בן אהרן
 "Did Merger inherit his money?"
 "Indirectly. He inherited the ability to get the best of others."—*Life*
 "Popley's looking bad. What's the matter with him?"
 "Lungs."
 "You don't say! Weak, eh?"
 "No; strong. There's a new baby

at his house that keeps him awake nights."—*Philadelphia Press.*

The editor wrote: "Dear Madam—The verses entitled 'The Kiss' are very clever. Can you assure me that they are original?"

The authoress answered: "Sir—Not quite. 'The Kiss' was a collaboration."—*Cleveland Leader.*

Admiring Young Listener: "And how did you lose your leg?"

Old Salt: "Well, young man, one night in the dogwatch, while I was carryin' the baby jib, I stepped on a starboard tack and blood pisin ensued."—*Pittsburg Dispatch.*

"Don't you know that wine is a mocker?"

"Well, answered Colonel Stilwell, "I hadn't thought of it in some time. But as a thirst quencher I have always regarded it as a hollow mockery."—*Washington Star.*

CONUNDRUMS.

When is a clock like a dissatisfied man? When ready to strike.

What shape is a kiss? Elliptical (a lip tickle).

Why is a hen supposed to be immortal? Because her sun (son) never sets.

What flowers are always under a person's nose? Tulips.

What trade would you recommend to a small man? Grocer (grow-sir).

Why do they preserve vegetables more than they used to? Because they can.

When is a chair like a lady's dress? When it is satin.

What has only one foot? A stocking.

How would you get a duck for dinner? Jump into the river.

When does a window pane blush? When it sees the weather strip.

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FROMME, JACOB.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. John P. Cohalan, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Jacob Fromme, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at her place of transacting business, No. 50 Church street, in the City of New York, Borough of Manhattan, on or before the 11th day of March, next.
 Dated New York, the 1st day of September 1910.
ADDIE FROMME, Executrix.
FROMME BROTHERS, Attorneys Executrix
 50 Church street, New York City.

HERZOG, SIGMUND.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Sigmund Herzog, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, No. 27 William street, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the 7th day of February next.
 Dated New York, the 30th day of July, 1910
PAUL M. HERZOG, Executor.

TINTNER, MORITZ.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Moritz Tintner, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, at the office of S. Edmund Sladkus, No. 115 Broadway, in the City of New York, on or before the 19th day of December next.
 Dated New York, the 8d day of June, 1910.
BENJAMIN A. TINTNER, Administrator.
S. EDMUND SLADKUS, Attorney for Administrator, 115 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

TISSOT, ALINE.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Aline Tissot, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, at the office of Messrs. Kantrowitz and Esberg, No. 220 Broadway, in the City of New York, on or before the 15th day of December next.
 Dated New York, June 1, 1910.
HARRY TISSOT, Administrator.
KANTROWITZ & ESBERG, Attorneys for Administrator, No. 220 Broadway, New York City.

SONDHEIM, SAMUEL.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. John P. Cohalan, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Samuel Sondheim, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, at the office of Jacob Levy, 302-304 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the 31st day of December next.
 Dated New York, the 21st day of June, 1910.
DAVID WOLFF, Executor.
Jacob Levy, Attorney for Executor, 302-304 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

Regents Examinations

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PLONSKY, CARRIE.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. John P. Cohalan, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Carrie Plonsky, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, at the office of his attorney, Isaac Cohen, No. 141 Broadway, in the City of New York, on or before the 24th day of April next.
 Dated New York, the 17th day of October, 1910.
LEWIS SAMUELS, Executor.
ISAAC COHEN, Attorney for Executor, 141 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

STERNFELS, BERNARD.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Bernard Sternfels, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers to the subscriber, at her attorney's place of transacting business, No. 61-63 Park Row, in the City of New York, on or before the 1st day of December next.
 Dated New York, the 16th day of May, 1910.
SETTIE STERNFELS, Executrix.
HARVEY J. COHEN & BENJ. I. SHIVERTS, Attorneys for Executrix, 61 Park Row, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

LIGHTHILL, PAULINE.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. John P. Cohalan, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Pauline Lighthill, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at her place of transacting business, at the office of her attorney, No. 115 Broadway, in the City of New York, on or before the 6th day of January next.
 Dated New York, the 24th day of June, 1910.
MARTHA GLUCK, Administrator.
MORRIS BERKOWITZ, Attorney for Administrator, 115 Broadway, New York City.

WEILL, ALEXANDER.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. John P. Cohalan, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Alexander Weill, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, at the office of Herman B. Goodstein, No. 38 Park Row, in the City of New York, on or before the 8th day of March, 1911.
 Dated New York, the 2d day of September, 1911.
SOLOMON WEILL, Administrator.
HERMAN B. GOODSTEIN, attorney for administrator, 38 Park Row, Manhattan, New York City.

LEVENTRITT, GEORGE M.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against George M. Leventritt, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at her place of transacting business, No. 111 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the 1st day of March next.
 Dated New York, the 19th day of August, 1910.
BERNICE LEVENTRITT, executrix.
LEO L. LEVENTRITT, attorney for executrix, 111 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

HOFFMAN, DAVID L.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. John P. Cohalan, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against David L. Hoffman, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers, at their place of transacting business, at the office of Charles L. Hoffman, No. 31 Nassau Street, in the City of New York, on or before the 17th day of April next.
 Dated New York, the 10th day of October, 1910.
BENJAMIN HOFFMAN, HERMAN HEINEMAN, Executors.
CHARLES L. HOFFMAN, Attorney for Executors, 31 Nassau Street, N. Y. C.

BLACKMAN.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. John P. Cohalan, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Morris Blackman, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at her place of transacting business, at the office of Nicholas Aleinikoff, No. 93 Nassau street, in the City of New York, on or before the 10th day of April next.
 Dated New York, the 30th day of September, 1910.
ESTHER BLACKMAN, Administrator.
NICHOLAS ALEINIKOFF, Attorney for Administrator, 93 Nassau street, N. Y. City, Borough of Manhattan.

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PROPOSITION NUMBER ONE. STATE OF NEW YORK, OFFICE OF THE Secretary of State, Albany, July 25, 1910.—Pursuant to the provisions of section four of article seven of the Constitution of the State of New York, and section two hundred and ninety-five of the Election Law, and of section four of chapter three hundred and sixty-three of the Laws of nineteen hundred and ten, notice is hereby given that chapter three hundred and sixty-three of the Laws of nineteen hundred and ten, of which the following is a copy, will be submitted to the people for the purpose of voting thereon at the next general election in this state, to be held on the eighth day of November, nineteen hundred and ten. SAMUEL S. KOENIG, Secretary of State.

CHAPTER 363. AN ACT making provision for issuing bonds to an amount not exceeding two million five hundred thousand dollars, for the use of the commissioners of the Palisades Interstate park in the extension and improvement of the park under their jurisdiction as from time to time such park may exist, and providing for a submission of the same to the people, to be voted upon at the general election to be held in the year nineteen hundred and ten.

Became a law May 26, 1910, with the approval of the Governor. Passed by a two-thirds vote. The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. There shall be issued, in the manner hereinafter recited, bonds of this state in an amount not exceeding two million five hundred thousand dollars, which bonds shall be sold by this state and the proceeds thereof paid into the state treasury, and so much thereof as shall be necessary shall be expended by the commissioners of the Palisades Interstate park in the extension and improvement of the park under their jurisdiction as from time to time such park may exist. The said bonds when issued shall be exempt from taxation. § 2. The comptroller is hereby directed to cause to be prepared the bonds of this state to an amount not exceeding two million five hundred thousand dollars, said bonds to bear interest at the rate of not to exceed four per centum per annum, which interest shall be payable semi-annually in the city of New York; said bonds shall be issued for a term of fifty years from their date of issue and shall not be sold for less than par. The comptroller is hereby charged with the duty of selling said bonds to the highest bidder, after advertising for a period of twenty consecutive days (Sundays excepted) in at least two daily newspapers printed in the city of New York, and one in the city of Albany; said advertisements shall contain a provision to the effect that the comptroller in his discretion may reject any or all bids made in pursuance of said advertisements, and in the event of such rejection the comptroller is authorized to re-advertise for bids in the manner above described, as many times as in his judgment may be necessary to effect a satisfactory sale. There is hereby imposed for each year after this act goes into effect, until provision is fully made for the payment of the interest and principal of said bonds, a direct annual tax sufficient to pay the interest on such bonds, or the debt represented by such bonds, as it falls due, and also to pay and discharge the principal of such bonds, or the debt represented thereby, within fifty years from the time of the issuance of such bonds, to wit: A tax of one hundred and twenty-five ten thousandths of a mill upon each dollar of valuation of real and personal property in this state, subject to taxation, which taxes shall be assessed, levied and collected by the annual assessment and collection of taxes in each of said years in the manner prescribed by law, and shall be paid by the several county treasurers into the treasury of the state. The proceeds of said tax shall be invested by the comptroller, and together with the interest arising therefrom, any premiums received on the sale of said bonds and interest accruing on deposits of money received from the sale of said bonds or from miscellaneous sources, if any, shall constitute a sinking fund which is hereby created for the payment of the interest on and the extinguishment of the principal of such bonds or the debt represented thereby. Such sinking fund shall be separately kept and safely invested by the comptroller and together with the interest arising therefrom shall be devoted and used solely for the purpose of paying the principal and interest of bonds issued in accordance with the provisions of this act as aforesaid, and shall not be appropriated or used in any other manner whatever; provided, however, that when such sinking fund shall equal in amount the debt for which it was created, no further direct tax shall be levied on account of said sinking fund and the tax hereinafter provided for shall be reduced to an amount equal to the accruing interest on said debt. § 3. The sum of two million five hundred thousand dollars (\$2,500,000), or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated, payable out of the moneys realized under the sale of bonds as provided by section two of this act, to be expended by the commissioners of the Palisades Interstate park for the extension and improvement of the park under their jurisdiction as from time to time such park may exist. Said sum of two million five hundred thousand dollars shall be paid by the treasurer on the warrant of the comptroller to the treasurer of such commissioners of the Palisades Interstate park, upon requisition of such commissioners upon the comptroller for the payment of the whole of such sum or of such portions thereof as from time to time such requisitions may require, and such moneys shall be deposited by such commissioners in one or more banks or trust companies in the city of New York, to be designated by the comptroller, and shall be paid out as directed by such commissioners by their proper officers. Such commissioners shall furnish to the comptroller itemized vouchers for all expenditures made from the moneys hereby appropriated and shall report to the legislature during the month of January in each year a detailed statement of all expenditures, together with a statement of the proceedings of such commissioners. § 4. This law shall take effect until it shall have been submitted to the people of this state at the general election to be held in November, nineteen hundred and ten; the ballots to be furnished for the use of voters upon the submission of this law shall be in the form prescribed by the election law, and the proposition or question to be submitted shall be printed thereon in substantially the following form, to-wit: "Shall chapter (here insert the number of this chapter) of the laws of nineteen hundred and ten, entitled 'An act making provision for issuing bonds to an amount not exceeding two million five hundred thousand dollars, for the use of the commissioners of the Palisades Interstate park in the extension and improvement of the park under their jurisdiction as from time to time such park may exist, and providing for a submission of the same to the people, to be voted upon at the general election to be held in the year nineteen hundred and ten,' be approved?"

dred thousand dollars, for the use of the commissioners of the Palisades Interstate park in the extension and improvement of the park under their jurisdiction as from time to time such park may exist, and providing for a submission of the same to the people, to be voted upon at the general election to be held in the year nineteen hundred and ten, be approved?" State of New York, Office of the Secretary of State, Albany, July 25, 1910.—I have compared the preceding with the original law on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom, and the whole of said original law. Given under my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State, at the City of Albany, this twenty-fifth day of July, in the year one thousand nine hundred and ten. [L. S.] SAMUEL S. KOENIG, Secretary of State.

FORM FOR SUBMISSION OF PROPOSITION NUMBER ONE.

"Shall chapter three hundred and sixty-three of the laws of nineteen hundred and ten, entitled 'An act making provision for issuing bonds to an amount not exceeding two million five hundred thousand dollars, for the use of the commissioners of the Palisades Interstate park in the extension and improvement of the park under their jurisdiction as from time to time such park may exist, and providing for a submission of the same to the people, to be voted upon at the general election to be held in the year nineteen hundred and ten,' be approved?"

EXPLANATION—MATTER IN ITALICS IS NEW. STATE OF NEW YORK, OFFICE OF THE Secretary of State, Albany, July 25, 1910.—Pursuant to the provisions of section one of article fourteen of the Constitution of the State of New York, and section two hundred and ninety-five of the Election Law, notice is hereby given that the following proposed amendment to section seven of article six of the Constitution of the State of New York is to be submitted to the people for approval at the next general election in this State to be held on the eighth day of November, nineteen hundred and ten. SAMUEL S. KOENIG, Secretary of State.

AMENDMENT NUMBER ONE. Concurrent Resolution of the Senate and Assembly, Proposing an amendment to section seven of article six of the constitution, in relation to judges of the court of appeals and justices of the supreme court.

Section 1. Resolved (if the senate concur), That section seven of article six of the constitution be amended to read as follows: § 7. The court of appeals is continued. It shall consist of the chief judge and associate judges now in office, who shall hold their offices until the expiration of their respective terms, and their successors, who shall be chosen by the electors of the state. The official terms of the chief judge and associate judges shall be fourteen years from and including the first day of January, next after their election. Five members of the court shall form a quorum, and the concurrence of four shall be necessary to a decision. The court shall have power to appoint and to remove its reporter, clerk and attendants. Whenever and as often as a majority of the judges of the court of appeals shall certify to the governor that said court is unable, by reason of the accumulation of causes pending therein, to hear and dispose of the same with reasonable speed, the governor shall designate not more than four justices of the supreme court to serve as associate judges of the court of appeals. The justices so designated shall be relieved from their duties as justices of the supreme court and shall serve as associate judges of the court of appeals until the causes undischarged in said court are reduced to two hundred, when they shall return to the supreme court. The governor may designate justices of the supreme court to fill vacancies. No justice shall serve as associate judge of the court of appeals except while holding the office of justice of the supreme court, and no more than seven judges shall sit in any case. There shall be elected at the next general election to be held after the adoption of this amendment, and thereafter as vacancies may occur, two additional associate judges of the court of appeals, of the judges of which court not more than seven shall sit on the hearing of any appeal, except that the court may, in its discretion, direct a reargument to be had before the entire court. Upon the entry of the judges so elected upon their respective offices the existing provision for designating justices of the supreme court as associate judges of the court of appeals shall cease and determine. The salary of the associate judges of the court of appeals shall be the sum of fifteen thousand dollars a year, and that of the chief judge the sum of fifteen thousand five hundred dollars a year, which salary shall be in lieu of and shall exclude all other compensation and allowances for expenses of every nature and kind whatever. § 2. Resolved (if the senate concur), That the foregoing amendment be submitted to the people for approval at the general election to be held in the year nineteen hundred and ten in accordance with the provisions of the election law.

State of New York, In Senate, April 6, 1909.—The foregoing resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the Senators elected voting in favor thereof. By order of the Senate, HORACE WHITE, President.

State of New York, In Assembly, April 6, 1909.—The foregoing resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the members elected to the Assembly voting in favor thereof. By order of the Assembly, J. W. WADSWORTH, Jr., Speaker.

State of New York, Office of the Secretary of State, Albany, July 25, 1910.—I have compared the preceding copy of concurrent resolution with the original concurrent resolution on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom, and of the whole thereof. Given under my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State at the city of Albany, this twenty-fifth day of July, in the year of our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and ten. [L. S.] SAMUEL S. KOENIG, Secretary of State.

FORM FOR SUBMISSION OF AMENDMENT NUMBER ONE.

"Shall the proposed amendment to section seven of article six of the constitution, designated in the election notice as amendment number one providing for the election of two additional Associate Judges of the Court of Appeals; also providing for the termination of the provision for the designation of Justices of the Supreme Court to serve as Associate Judges of the Court of Appeals; and also providing for the increase of the salary of the Chief Judge of the Court of Appeals from ten thousand five hundred dollars to fifteen thousand five hundred dollars, be approved?"

dollars in lieu of expenses), to fifteen thousand five hundred dollars per annum, and for the increase of the salary of the Associate Judges of the Court of Appeals (now ten thousand dollars per annum and three thousand seven hundred dollars in lieu of expenses), to fifteen thousand dollars per annum, which salaries shall be paid in lieu of and shall exclude all other compensation and allowances, being an increase of one thousand three hundred dollars over present compensation, and the Legislature being prohibited hereafter from increasing said salaries, be approved?"

EXPLANATION—MATTER IN ITALICS IS NEW. STATE OF NEW YORK, OFFICE OF THE Secretary of State, Albany, July 25, 1910.—Pursuant to the provisions of section one of article fourteen of the Constitution of the State of New York, and section two hundred and ninety-five of the Election Law, notice is hereby given that the following proposed amendment to section seven of article one of the Constitution of the State of New York is referred to the Legislature to be chosen at the next general election of Senators in this State to be held on the eighth day of November, nineteen hundred and ten. SAMUEL S. KOENIG, Secretary of State.

AMENDMENT NUMBER FOUR. Concurrent Resolution of the Senate and Assembly, Proposing an amendment to section seven of article one of the constitution, in relation to condemnation proceedings.

Section 1. Resolved (if the Senate concur), That section seven of article one of the constitution be amended to read as follows: § 7. When private property shall be taken for any public use, the compensation to be made therefor, when such compensation is not made by the state, shall be ascertained by a jury, by the supreme court with or without a jury or by not less than three commissioners appointed by a court of record, as shall be prescribed by law. Private roads may be opened in the manner to be prescribed by law; but in every case the necessity of the road and the amount of all damage to be sustained by the opening thereof shall be first determined by a jury of free-holders, and such amount, together with the expenses of the proceeding, shall be paid by the person to be benefited. General laws may be passed permitting the owners or occupants of agricultural lands to construct and maintain for the drainage thereof, necessary drains, ditches and dikes upon the lands of others, under proper restrictions and with just compensation, but no special laws shall be enacted for such purposes. § 2. Resolved (if the Senate concur), That the foregoing amendment be referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election of senators, and in conformity with section one, article fourteen of the constitution, be published for three months previous to the time of such election.

State of New York, In Assembly, April 29, 1910.—The foregoing resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the members elected to the Assembly voting in favor thereof, three-fifths being present. By order of the Assembly, J. W. WADSWORTH, Jr., Speaker.

State of New York, In Senate, May 27, 1910.—The foregoing resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the Senators elected voting in favor thereof, three-fifths being present. By order of the Senate, HORACE WHITE, President.

State of New York, Office of the Secretary of State, Albany, July 25, 1910.—I have compared the preceding copy of concurrent resolution with the original concurrent resolution on file in this office, and I do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom, and of the whole thereof. Given under my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State at the city of Albany, this twenty-fifth day of July, in the year of our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and ten. [L. S.] SAMUEL S. KOENIG, Secretary of State.

EXPLANATION—MATTER IN ITALICS IS NEW; MATTER IN BRACKETS [] IS OLD LAW TO BE OMITTED.

STATE OF NEW YORK, OFFICE OF THE Secretary of State, Albany, July 25, 1910.—Pursuant to the provisions of section one of article fourteen of the Constitution of the State of New York, and section two hundred and ninety-five of the Election Law, notice is hereby given that the following proposed amendment to section six of article three of the Constitution of the State of New York is referred to the Legislature to be chosen at the next General Election of Senators in this State to be held November eighth, nineteen hundred and ten. SAMUEL S. KOENIG, Secretary of State.

AMENDMENT NUMBER FIVE. Concurrent Resolution of the Senate and Assembly, Proposing an amendment to section six of article three of the constitution, in relation to the compensation of members of the legislature.

Section 1. Resolved (if the Senate concur), That section six of article three of the constitution be amended to read as follows: § 6. Each member of the legislature shall receive for his services an annual salary [of one thousand five hundred dollars] as follows: Each member of the senate the sum of three thousand five hundred dollars and each member of the assembly the sum of three thousand dollars. The members of either house shall also receive the sum of three cents for each mile [one dollar for every ten miles] they shall travel in going to and returning from their place of meeting, once in each week of actual attendance of the session, on the most usual route. Senators, when the senate alone is convened in extraordinary session, or when serving as members of the court for the trial of impeachments, and such members of the assembly, not exceeding nine in number, as shall be appointed managers of an impeachment, shall receive an additional allowance of [ten dollars a day]. § 2. Resolved (if the Senate concur), That the foregoing amendment be referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election of senators, and in conformity with section one, article fourteen of the constitution, be published for three months previous to the time of such election.

State of New York, In Senate, April 7, 1910.—The foregoing resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the Senators elected voting in favor thereof, three-fifths being present. By order of the Senate, GEORGE H. COBB, Temporary President.

State of New York, In Assembly, April 11, 1910.—The foregoing resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the members elected to the Assembly voting in favor thereof, three-fifths being present. By order of the Assembly, J. W. WADSWORTH, Jr., Speaker.

State of New York, Office of the Secretary of State, Albany, July 25, 1910.—I have compared the preceding copy of concurrent resolution with the original concurrent resolution on file in this office, and I do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom, and of the whole thereof. Given under my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State at the city of Albany, this twenty-fifth day of July, in the year of our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and ten. [L. S.] SAMUEL S. KOENIG, Secretary of State.

of an file in this office, and I do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom, and of the whole thereof. Given under my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State at the city of Albany, this twenty-fifth day of July, in the year of our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and ten. [L. S.] SAMUEL S. KOENIG, Secretary of State.

EXPLANATION—MATTER IN ITALICS IS NEW; MATTER IN BRACKETS [] IS OLD MATTER TO BE OMITTED.

STATE OF NEW YORK, OFFICE OF THE Secretary of State, Albany, July 25, 1910.—Pursuant to the provisions of section one of article fourteen of the Constitution of the State of New York, and section two hundred and ninety-five of the Election Law, notice is hereby given that the following proposed amendment to section eight of article seven of the Constitution of the State of New York is referred to the Legislature to be chosen at the next general election of Senators in this State to be held on the eighth day of November, nineteen hundred and ten. SAMUEL S. KOENIG, Secretary of State.

AMENDMENT NUMBER TEN. Concurrent Resolution of the Senate and Assembly, Proposing an amendment to article seven, section eight, of the constitution, in relation to canals.

Section 1. Resolved (if the Assembly concur), That section eight of article seven of the constitution be amended to read as follows: § 8. The legislature shall not sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the Erie canal, the Oswego canal, the Champlain canal, the Cayuga and Seneca canal, [or] the Black River canal [; or any part of said canals; or any lands, slips, docks, or other structures, basins, harbors, or terminals connected with and appurtenant to said canals hereafter provided, acquired or constructed by the state to aid commerce upon said canals, or upon tide waters, lakes, or canalized waterways, including all that portion of the Erie canal in the city of Buffalo from the guard lock therein to and including Commercial Slip and the slips leading from the canal to the Erie basin, but they shall remain the property of the state and under its management forever. The word "canal," as used herein, includes slips, harbors and the canals as constructed and improved under and pursuant to chapter one hundred and forty-seven of the laws of nineteen hundred and three, as heretofore amended, and under and pursuant to chapter three hundred and ninety-one of the laws of nineteen hundred and nine. No part of any of the said canals nor of said lands, slips, docks, or other structures, basins, harbors or terminals, shall be abandoned, until the same shall have ceased to be a portion thereof and shall have been declared a abandoned by an act of the legislature, based upon a certificate of the canal board, that it is no longer a portion thereof. All funds that may be derived from any lease, sale or other disposition of any canal not above mentioned, or of any part of the canals, lands, slips, docks, or other structures, basins, harbors or terminals, which shall have ceased to be a portion thereof and declared abandoned, as above provided, shall be applied to the improvement, superintendence or repair of the remaining canals. [The prohibition of lease, sale or other disposition herein contained, shall not apply to the canal known as the Main and Hamburg street canal, situated in the city of Buffalo, and which extends easterly from the westerly line of Main street to the westerly line of Hamburg street. All funds that may be derived from any such lease, sale or other disposition of any canal shall be applied to the improvement, superintendence or repair of the remaining portions of the canals.] § 2. Resolved (if the Assembly concur), That the foregoing amendment be referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election of senators, and in conformity with section one, article fourteen of the constitution, be published for three months previous to the time of such election.

State of New York, In Assembly, May 27, 1910.—The foregoing resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the members elected to the Assembly voting in favor thereof, three-fifths being present. By order of the Assembly, J. W. WADSWORTH, Jr., Speaker.

State of New York, In Senate, May 27, 1910.—The foregoing resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the Senators elected voting in favor thereof, three-fifths being present. By order of the Senate, HORACE WHITE, President.

State of New York, Office of the Secretary of State, Albany, July 25, 1910.—I have compared the preceding copy of concurrent resolution with the original concurrent resolution on file in this office, and I do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom, and of the whole thereof. Given under my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State at the city of Albany, this twenty-fifth day of July, in the year of our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and ten. [L. S.] SAMUEL S. KOENIG, Secretary of State.

EXPLANATION—MATTER IN ITALICS IS NEW; MATTER IN BRACKETS [] IS OLD MATTER TO BE OMITTED.

STATE OF NEW YORK, OFFICE OF THE Secretary of State, Albany, July 25, 1910.—Pursuant to the provisions of section one of article fourteen of the Constitution of the State of New York, and section two hundred and ninety-five of the Election Law, notice is hereby given that the following proposed amendment to section fourteen of article six of the Constitution of the State of New York is referred to the Legislature to be chosen at the next general election of Senators in this State to be held on the eighth day of November, nineteen hundred and ten. SAMUEL S. KOENIG, Secretary of State.

AMENDMENT NUMBER EIGHT. Concurrent Resolution of the Senate and Assembly, Proposing an amendment to section fourteen of article six of the constitution, in relation to the county court of Kings county.

Section 1. Resolved (if the Senate concur), That section fourteen of article six of the constitution be amended to read as follows: § 14. The existing county courts are continued, and the judges thereof now in office shall hold their offices until the expiration of their respective terms. In the county of Kings there shall be [two] few county judges and the additional county judges shall be chosen at the [next] general election held in an odd-numbered year after the adoption of [this article] the amendment to this section for the term of six years from and including the first day of January, next after their election. The members of the county court judges shall be chosen by the voters of the county for the term of six years.

State of New York, In Senate, May 19, 1910.—The foregoing resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the Senators elected voting in favor thereof, three-fifths being present. By order of the Senate, HORACE WHITE, President.

State of New York, In Assembly, May 23, 1910.—The foregoing resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the members elected to the Assembly voting in favor thereof, three-fifths being present. By order of the Assembly, J. W. WADSWORTH, Jr., Speaker.

State of New York, Office of the Secretary of State, Albany, July 25, 1910.—I have compared the preceding copy of concurrent resolution with the original concurrent resolution on file in this office, and I do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom, and of the whole thereof. Given under my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State at the city of Albany, this twenty-fifth day of July, in the year of our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and ten. [L. S.] SAMUEL S. KOENIG, Secretary of State.

County courts shall have the powers and jurisdiction they now possess, and also original jurisdiction in actions for the recovery of money only, where the defendants reside in the county and in which the complaint demands judgment for a sum not exceeding two thousand dollars. The legislature may hereafter enlarge or restrict the jurisdiction of the county courts, provided, however, that their jurisdiction shall not be so extended as to authorize an action therein for the recovery of money only, in which the sum demanded exceeds two thousand dollars, or in which any person not a resident of the county is a defendant. Courts of sessions, except in the county of New York, are abolished from and after the last day of December, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five. All the jurisdiction of the court of sessions in each county, except the county of New York, shall thereupon be vested in the county court thereof, and all actions and proceedings then pending in such courts of sessions shall be transferred to said county courts for hearing and determination. Every county judge shall perform such duties as may be required by law. His salary shall be established by law, payable out of the county treasury. A county judge of any county may hold county courts in any other county when requested by the judge of such other county. § 2. Resolved (if the Senate concur), That the foregoing amendment be referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election of senators and, in conformity with section one of article fourteen of the constitution, be published for three months previous to the time of such election.

State of New York, In Senate, May 12, 1910.—The foregoing resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the Senators elected voting in favor thereof, three-fifths being present. By order of the Senate, HORACE WHITE, President.

State of New York, In Assembly, May 19, 1910.—The foregoing resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the members elected to the Assembly voting in favor thereof, three-fifths being present. By order of the Assembly, J. W. WADSWORTH, Jr., Speaker.

State of New York, Office of the Secretary of State, Albany, July 25, 1910.—I have compared the preceding copy of concurrent resolution with the original concurrent resolution on file in this office, and I do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom, and of the whole thereof. Given under my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State at the city of Albany, this twenty-fifth day of July, in the year of our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and ten. [L. S.] SAMUEL S. KOENIG, Secretary of State.

EXPLANATION—MATTER IN ITALICS IS NEW.

STATE OF NEW YORK, OFFICE OF THE Secretary of State, Albany, July 25, 1910.—Pursuant to the provisions of section one of article fourteen of the Constitution of the State of New York, and section two hundred and ninety-five of the Election Law, notice is hereby given that the following proposed amendment to section seven of article seven of the Constitution of the State of New York is referred to the Legislature to be chosen at the next general election of Senators in this State to be held on the eighth day of November, nineteen hundred and ten. SAMUEL S. KOENIG, Secretary of State.

AMENDMENT NUMBER NINE. Concurrent Resolution of the Senate and Assembly, Proposing an amendment to section seven of article seven of the constitution, in relation to the disposition and use of lands in the forest preserve.

Section 1. Resolved (if the Senate concur), That section seven of article seven of the constitution be amended to read as follows: Forest preserve. § 7. The lands of the state, now owned or hereafter acquired, constituting the forest preserve as now fixed by law, shall be forever kept as wild forest lands. They shall not be leased, sold or exchanged, or be taken by any corporation, public or private, nor shall the timber thereon be sold, removed or destroyed. But the legislature may provide by general laws for the construction and maintenance of reservoirs under state control on such lands whenever the storage of water is necessary for municipal water supply, for the canals of the state or to regulate the flow of streams. No reservoir shall be erected under any such law until after the appellate division of the supreme court for the department in which it is to be located shall after a hearing adjudge the use of state land therefore necessary for the public welfare. The people and, with the consent of the court, private persons may come in as parties to the proceeding and the court may impose such conditions as in its judgment the public interest requires. The judgment may be reviewed by the court of appeals. If rights or property of the state be taken or used for any such improvement other than for the canals, the value thereof or of their use shall be a charge upon the property or municipality directly benefited and must be paid into the state treasury in gross or by annual fixed charge as shall be provided by law. The expense of any such improvement to regulate the flow of streams shall so far as it improves private property be borne by such property to the extent of the benefits received. Unsanitary conditions shall not be created or continued by any such reservoir. A violation of this section may be restrained at the suit of the people or with the consent of the supreme court in appellate division on notice to the attorney-general at the suit of a citizen. § 2. Resolved (if the Senate concur), That the foregoing amendment be referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election of senators, and in conformity with section one, article fourteen of the constitution, be published for three months previous to the time of such election.

State of New York, In Senate, May 19, 1910.—The foregoing resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the Senators elected voting in favor thereof, three-fifths being present. By order of the Senate, HORACE WHITE, President.

State of New York, In Assembly, May 23, 1910.—The foregoing resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the members elected to the Assembly voting in favor thereof, three-fifths being present. By order of the Assembly, J. W. WADSWORTH, Jr., Speaker.

State of New York, Office of the Secretary of State, Albany, July 25, 1910.—I have compared the preceding copy of concurrent resolution with the original concurrent resolution on file in this office, and I do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom, and of the whole thereof. Given under my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State at the city of Albany, this twenty-fifth day of July, in the year of our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and ten. [L. S.] SAMUEL S. KOENIG, Secretary of State.

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5 inch All-Wool Suitings and Fancy Broadcloths—hairlines, checks and plaids—worth \$1.20	.89	50 inch All Wool Storm Serges—Black and Navy—were .98	.79
Camel's Hair and Bird's-Eye Cheviots—54 inch—black and colors—value \$1.50	1.29	54 inch Black and White Checks—shepherd and broken checks—worth .98	.69
Lupin's Fine French Serge—navy and black—54 inch—others ask \$1.75	1.49	50 inch French Serges—Gray, Smoke, Catawba, Seal, Burgundy, Myrtle, Cadet Navy and Black; value \$1.19	.89
Fine Coatings and Dress Serges—54 inch—extra quality—Others ask \$1.98	1.69	New loose weave Cheviots and Granites—variety of popular shades and black—others ask .98	.89
Others ask \$2.25	1.98	Silk and Wool Eolennes—42 inches wide—Cream, Black, Violet and other day and evening shades, also Black—worth \$1.39	1.19
50 and 54 inch Imported Broadcloth—sponged and shrunk—black and newest fall colorings—worth \$1.75	1.39	Imported Silk and Wool Plaids—38 inch, newest color combinations—elsewhere .79 and .89	.69
Finer Broadcloths—sponged and shrunk—54 inch—worth \$1.79	1.98	20 inch Cheviots—rough surface—the latest for suits—stylish Black and gray mixtures—54 inch—also Black and Gray Diagonals of elegant quality	1.50 to 1.98
Other Broadcloths as low as worth .98	(69 cts.)		
Black and White Stripe Zibelines—54 inch—Camel's hair surface gives softening effect—so that while exceedingly stylish they are not too striking	1.79		

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Styles for the luxurious. Prices for the economical. Black Trimming Bandings—Spangled Jet Bugle and Beadwork— 1 to 2 inch—usually .60— .49 Gold and Silver Yoke Garnitures—set with Pearls or Rhinestones—worth \$2.49— 1.98 Fur Trimmings—Brown Sable Coney, Marmot, Nutria, and Alaska Sable and others—1 to 3 inch— .19 to 1.98 Swansdown—1 to 3 inch— .25 to .49 Marabout—black and natural— Extra quality .69 Colors .59 Embroidered Net Bandings—White Black, Persian—plain, combination and two-tone colorings—some with gilt or silver tinsel—wide widths— elsewhere .59 .49 Hat Bindings—Tapestry, Persian and Tinsel—millinery widths— .15 to 1.49

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