

# THE HEBREW STANDARD

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### (For The Hebrew Standard.)

# THE RABBI'S DOWRY.

TRANSLATED FROM THE GERMAN.  
BY SOF-TOV.

THE Jewish community of B., a town in the northern part of Bohemia, was greatly puzzled. What had become of their new young Rabbi? He was expected to enter upon his duties on the coming Sabbath. The president of the congregation, with four of the prominent members had gone in two carriages, the finest in town, to the nearest city, ten miles away, to fetch their chosen leader. But they looked for him in vain. At his lodgings they were told that he had left the city that very day. When they returned the news soon spread and many a one sighed and prayed that night for the welfare of the young Rabbi.

Meanwhile the missing Rabbi was, unknown [to his congregation, right in their midst. He had dodged the carriages with all the reception formalities, and had walked all the distance with his wallet slung over his shoulders. On his arrival he inquired for the way to the "Hekdish," the public inn, which in those days—our story dates from about 200 years ago—was maintained by every Jewish community for the shelter of any needy wayfarer, commonly known as a *shnorrer*. There he was given the address of the president of the congregation, who distributed the *billets* for the Sabbath. The *billets* in this case had reference only to the eating, as lodging was provided for in the *Hekdish*.

But why did he come like a common *shnorrer* to the place of his future life-work?

There was something in the nature and mental make-up of the young Rabbi which we moderns call romantic. He was not satisfied with the commonplaces in life. He wanted his phantasy to have free play in the shaping of his life. Having from childhood been a student of that stupendous work, the Talmud, he had preserved within his soul that freshness of view which cares little for outward appearances, however splendid, but tries to fathom the true reality of all phenomena.

To be met in solemn procession and received with all the honors accorded a spiritual leader would have satisfied the ambition of any ordinary young man. But not so with this young Rabbi. What profit it to him to have all the honor and glory from people he did not know personally, and who, in turn, did not know him? He would rather get a good knowledge of his people than be the recipient of empty honors. Hence his resolution to travel *incognito*.

When he arrived at the house of the president of the congregation to get his *billet* he was received grumblingly. "You came rather late," a harsh voice snapped at

him, "the others have gobbled up all the good *billets*. There is only one left, and that won't make a good Sabbath." "The Sabbath is good wherever there is

a pious congregation," replied the young Rabbi, with quiet dignity.

"I mean it well with you," continued the president in a softer tone. "This *billet* assigns you to a family of eight, whose head, Leser Kollin, is a poor man and sometimes doesn't know himself how to get the wherewithal to prepare for the Sabbath. You better eat at my house."

With a grateful bow the Rabbi pocketed the *billet* and was soon standing in the open kitchen-door of the modest house of Leser Kollin.

"Who is there?" asked a voice from the dark kitchen.

"It is I," said the Rabbi, bending his head very low, out of necessity, the kitchen door being too low. "I bring a *billet* for the Sabbath."

"So late?" the voice from the kitchen said rather plaintively.

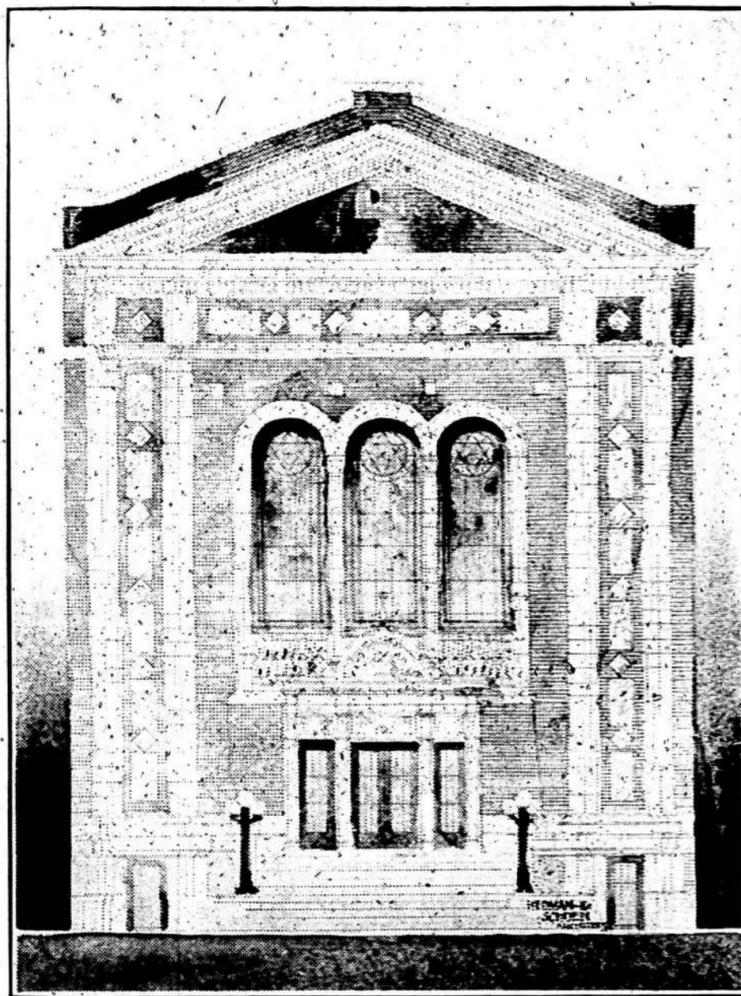
The young Rabbi could tell from the tone of the voice that he was not welcome. Yet he advanced, curious to get a look at the owner of the voice. There, in the low-ceiled, dusky kitchen they stood facing each other. She, a girl of less than 17 years, blooming as a flower, with a face all purple from the heat of the kitchen stove; he, a tall, slender young man, with the paleness of face peculiar to Talmud students.

"If I am too late," he said, after an awkward pause, "I will go. I don't want to be a burden to anybody."

"Who said that you would be a burden to us?" quickly responded the girl. "Stay, stranger, stay, there will be enough for all of us."

The young Rabbi then handed her the *billet*. She took it with a slight trembling of her hand, which did not escape his notice.

He walked back to the *Hekdish* to prepare himself for the Sabbath. Thought of a romantic turn of mind, he was nevertheless very scrupulous about his appearance. Soon the sun was declining over the distant hills and the people came from all sides to meet the princess Sabbath. In the Synagogue he sat on the bench set aside for strangers. But his neat appearance did not fail to attract the attention of the worshippers, and the president, who in the earlier part of the day had so gruffly met him, even went so far as to invite him to take a seat next to him. But this he modestly declined. Night had come. Stars twinkled in the



FROM "THE BROOKLYN DAILY EAGLE."

### BROOKLYN'S NEW SYNAGOGUE.

A NEW Synagogue for the Congregation Schaari Zedek is being built on the north side of Putnam Avenue, about 150 feet west of Reid Ave., Brooklyn. The style is to be the Italian Renaissance of the 15th century and the synagogue is to be carried out in this style.

There are to be accommodations for about 900 persons. The main body of the synagogue contains a vestry room and a choir room, while the basement, which is carried seven feet above the street, is to contain eight classrooms, with plenty of light and ventilation, together with a large meeting room for the trustees, and a kitchen for social purposes. The classrooms are so arranged that they may be thrown into one. The front of the building is to be executed in light red brick, with Italian marble trimmings, and will be about fifty feet high. The interior is to be treated on lines similar to that given to the main assembly room of Palazzo Publico of Perugia.

skies; a slight breeze played in the black locks of the young Rabbi and fanned his hot cheeks as he made his way after the service to the place he was billeted for. When he entered the house he found the whole family at the table chanting *Sholem Alechem* to the Sabbath. At the head of the table sat Leser Kollin, the poor man, but looking just now as if he had kingdoms to give away; next to him his wife, with a snowy white bonnet on her head, and by her side the girl he had talked with in the kitchen; then there came a whole row of little Kollins that were waving their heads, like stalks in a cornfield, to the Sabbath chant.

The Rabbi humbly remained standing near the door. Presently they intoned the *Eshes Chayil*, that magnificent ode to woman by King Solomon, and the listener stood as if enchanted as these familiar, yet by no means thoroughly appreciated words of the poet-king rolled forth: "Grace is deceitful and beauty is vain; but a woman that feareth the Lord, she shall be praised. Give her of the fruits of her hands; and let her works praise her in the gates."

The song ended, Leser Kollin bade the stranger welcome. After washing their hands, saying *Kidush*, and making *Motze*, a huge soup-tureen was placed on the table, and each partook of its contents in silence. Now, the next in order was the indispensable fish, which the daughter was about to fetch when her father signaled her to wait, turned to the stranger, saying:

"May I ask of you a favor, my worthy guest?"

"Speak and it shall be done."

"Give us some good word from the Thora. It is a great treat to me to hear some verse of our Holy Scriptures expounded. I think of it during my week days' toil and labor, and it brings comfort to my soul."

A strange feeling seized the young Rabbi. He was well prepared to deliver brilliant Talmudical discourses or fine homilies sparkling with wit and humor, but what could he say that would be understood by his humble host? And even if he could speak to the heart of Leser Kollins would it be intelligible to his daughter, whose lustrous eyes were fastened upon him?

In this moment of embarrassment there came to his aid that spirit of love which from the foundation of the world has been the most influential factor in man's life. He looked at Leser Kollin's daughter, and his words began to flow as they never had before. His eloquence held the company spell-

bound, and when he stopped a deep "Ah!" escaped from the lips of his hearers.

"What a pity! what a pity!" said Leser Kollin.

"What's the pity?"

"That they didn't elect you as our Rabbi. You would have suited us better than the one who lets us wait for him."

A faint smile spread over the face of the Rabbi and he dropped his eyes. When he looked up again he glanced at the girl opposite him. It seemed to him that he had never before seen anything so beautiful as her face beaming and shining, as though her whole soul had taken abode there.

"Now, Deborah," cried Leser Kollin, "bring in your fish."

Deborah fetched the big platter of fish. She placed it in front of her father, but ere he had time to help himself she nimbly and gracefully seized the plate that stood in front of the young Rabbi and placed upon it the biggest and choicest part, the head of the carp.

To fully understand the significance of this act, we must remember that by an unwritten law the head of the carp belonged to the chief person at the table, who is naturally the head of the household. It is his by right, it is the token of his supremacy. If, then, another than he gets the head, it must be because that person is considered superior to the head of the family.

It was this breach of an old-established custom which made the house-wife cry out, in fright more than in anger:

"Deborah! what are you doing? This is for your father!"

The maid, however, with fiery eyes and blushing face, replied:

"I know what I am doing, mother. I could think of nothing else whereby to honor the guest or his fine word from the Thora."

Silence fell upon the company.

Leser Kollin cried in joyous tones: "You did right, my daughter! You need not apologize. God bless you!"

And what did the stranger do?

Silently he ate the carp's head, and continued quiet throughout the evening. But within his soul a mighty tempest was brewing. Sounds of language were heard, compared with which the raging of the sea is a low whisper, the language of a passion that held him with the force of a whirlwind, and that can no longer be suppressed.

The day following the stranger came again for dinner. After a sleepless night he looked haggard and pale.

"What ails you, my dear guest?" said Mrs. Kollin, "you look different to-day from the way you looked last night."

"There is nothing the matter with me," he replied hastily, "I am feeling all right." And he glanced at Deborah standing near.

The dinner passed off quietly. Only at the conclusion of the grace after meals, beautifully intoned by the guest, Leser Kollin remarked:

"I am still of the opinion that

it's a great pity that the other Rabbi will come. None could have suited us better than you."

Again a momentary smile lit the sombre face of the young Rabbi.

Late in the evening, when the twinkling stars in the skies had smiled their farewell to the Sabbath, our young Rabbi called at Leser Kollin's to say good-bye. He found the whole household assembled, except Deborah. For the Sabbath's entertainment he addressed thanks to his host and pronounced benedictions over the heads of the little Kollins, and went his way.

But where was Deborah? As he passed the gate he saw some one standing on the street-corner. He approached, his heart beating faster.

"Is it you, Deborah?"

"It is I," said the sobbing voice.

"What makes you cry?"

"I don't know."

He seized her hand, which trembled in his.

"Deborah, dear, tell me candidly, would you like me to remain in this town?"

"Yes," she whispered into his ear.

"Will you be my wife? My true, loving wife?"

"Heavens! How can I think of that?"

"I repeat, will you be my wife?"

"I will."

"Then I will tell you who and what I am."

Ere he could finish his story she withdrew her hand from his and began to moan and sob.

"What's the matter with you, Deborah?"

"My father is a poor man. He can give me no dowry."

"And I'll take you without it," he cried, taking her in his arms.

"I want only you. Don't you know that you have given me already a dowry, more precious than silver and gold?"

"I don't understand you."

"What about that carp's head?" he said, bending his head in joyous extasy.

...

The young Rabbi remained in that little Kehillah 55 years, and whenever the carp's head was brought on the table of a Sabbath eve, he would solemnly tell his children and grandchildren: "Now, be respectful, here is my dowry!" And a beautiful old woman, with a gold-trimmed bonnet, sitting by his side, would cast down her eyes and blush like a little girl.

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Memorable Dates.

From Memorable Dates of Jewish History.  
By PROF. GOTTHARD DEUTSCH.

AUGUST 5.

- 1391 Massacre of Jews at Barcelona.
- 1620 Menahem Azariah da Fano, Talmudical and Cabbalistic author, Pisa, died.
- 1784 Isaac Samuel Reggio, Hebrew writer, Gorice, born.
- 1820 Meyer Carl v. Rothschild, member of German Reichstag, Frankfurt-on-M., born.
- 1831 Joseph Veit, Hebrew author, Berlin, died.
- 1839 Jacob Ornstein, rabbi and Talmudic author, Lemberg, died.
- 1842 Michael Creizenbach, Reform writer, Frankfurt-on-Main, died.
- 1865 Naphtali Keller, Hebrew author, Roznau, died.
- 1889 Fanny Lewald, novelist, convert, Dresden, died.

AUGUST 6.

- 1243 Massacre of Jews at Kitzingen.
- 1775 Daniel O'Connell, champion of the Jews, Ireland, born.
- 1787 Solomon L. Steinheim, M.D., and author, Altona, born.
- 1799 Marcus Eleizer Block, ichthyologist, Carlsbad, died.

AUGUST 7.

- 1776 Joseph Steinhart, rabbi and Talmudic author, Furth, died.
- 1839 Bernhard Freiherr v. Eskes, banker, Vienna, died.
- 1868 S. Rosenthal, bibliophile, Hanover, died.
- 1885 Baron Jacob Treves, financier and benefactor, Venice, died.
- 1887 Edward Goldstein, musician, Leipzig, died.
- 1898 George Ebers, novelist, descendant of Veitel Heine Ephraim, died.

AUGUST 8.

- 1820 Julius Stern, composer, Breslau, born.
- 1886 Gedalja Tiktin, rabbi, Breslau, died.

AUGUST 9.

- 1821 Heinrich Landesman, author, (Hieronymus Lorn), Nikolsburg, born.
- 1826 Meir Kurnik, chronologist, Hamburg, died.
- 1827 Mendel Hess, reformer, rabbi at Lengsfeld, died.
- 1902 Moritz Szeps, editor, Vienna, died.

AUGUST 10.

- 1728 Jehuda Mazliach Padova, rabbi, Modena, died.
- 1794 Leopold Zunz, Detmold, born.
- 1810 Simon Bloch, founder of "Univers Israelite," born.
- 1819 Julius Landsberger, rabbi and author, born.
- 1843 Jacob Fr. Fries, professor at Jena, anti-semite, died.
- 1851 H. E. C. Paulus, rationalistic theologian and anti-semite, died.
- 1861 Frederick Julius Stahl, conservative politician and convert, died.
- 1893 Naphtali Zepi Jehuda Berlin, President of the "Jeshiba" at Woloshin, died.

AUGUST 11.

- 1667 Jonah Abravanel, poet, Amsterdam, died.



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Eat not before you feed your animals.

That which is forbidden is most tempting.

When the shepherd strays, the sheep drift.

Be not ultra-righteous, and add not to the Law.

The value of light is appreciable in the dark only.

God underateth not the services of any creature.

The house wherein feud reigns is destined to ruin.

Either the sword or the book; both don't dovetail.

Withdraw not from participating in communal affairs.

God smiteth not Israel unless the remedy has been prepared in advance.

He who has no wife lives without delight, without blessing, without kindness.

Only that which he can see with his eyes should be of concern to the Judge.

Woe to him that desecrates his children, that smuts his family, that marries a woman below his dignity.

Whether you are poor or whether you are rich, even when begging at the door, honor your father and your mother.

MAN'S SUPPORT.

Customarily when a person welcomes his fellow man to his table the first day he will feast him on poultry, the next day on ordinary meat, the third day on fish, the fourth day on vegetables, until he offers peas only.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK.—To all persons interested in the estate of Eastern Sheet Steel Works, send greeting: You and each of you are hereby cited and required personally to be and appear in the New York Supreme Court, held in and for the County of New York, Special Term, Part I, thereof, in the County Court House, in the Borough of Manhattan, County and City of New York, on the 15th day of September, 1909, at 10.30 o'clock A. M., there and then to show cause why a final settlement of the accounts of Caesar Simis, assignee of above named Eastern Sheet Steel Works, insolvent debtor, should not be had, and if no cause be shown, then to attend the final settlement of the assignee's accounts. In testimony whereof, I have hereunto caused the seal of the said court to be hereunto (Seal) to be affixed.  
Witness, Hon. Henry Blachoff, Judge of the said Supreme Court, this 21st day of July, 1909.  
Peter J. Dooling, Clerk.  
John B. Coyle, Attorney for Assignee, 71 Nassau street, Manhattan, New York City.

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(For The Hebrew Standard.)

# SHLOIMEH KONINSKI.

BY RABBI L. WEISS.

## CHAPTER VIII.

HERE lived in Berlin a rich Israelite named Michael Kalischer, who was as generous, as hospitable and as philanthropic as he was rich. He had no family and as his wife had died some years ago and children he had never had, he had adopted an orphan girl, that he raised and educated. She was the only occupant of his stately residence besides himself. Dr. Kohner having been much engaged in charity work at the time, when they had no systematized charitable institutions, he was in close touch with Herr Kalischer; they were intimate friends. Seldom a day passed that the young doctor would not drop into the Kalischer residence, long enough to get one of Kalischer's Havanas.

Kalischer was not an educated man, but he had good common sense and practical ideas, and often helped Dr. Kohner in dispensing the moneys that were entrusted to him systematically and judiciously.

The city hospital was at this time hard pressed and it appealed to the good people of Berlin to come to its rescue. Dr. Kohner took it upon himself to visit personally the rich and well-to-do Jews and and solicit funds for this purpose. Kalischer, as a matter of course, was on his list. Dr. Kohner never failed in what he undertook; this time he wished to have good success, as the hospital lay very near his heart. He had collected a large amount of money. Not taking the credit all to himself, he induced the old gentleman to go with him to the hospital, and with a third to deliver the money in committee. Yet Herr Kalischer suggested:

"Oh, doctor, just go there and hand over the money to the superintendant and—*fertig!* (that's all). Why go into formalities? What they want is the money, no matter in what shape and from whom it comes. And you have it for them. You collected it, all entrusted it into your hands; so go there, doctor, and give it up, and *fertig!*"

Dr. Kohner went to the hospital and handed over the sum to the superintendant, who grasped the hand of Kohner with ecstatic joy, exclaiming:

"Ah, our Jewish friends are good stand-bys! We can depend on their generosity."

"I am glad that you find it so," remarked the doctor, "but let me tell you, you must not credit this to Jews. They gave this as men and women—that is, we Jews give as men and women ought to give. Charity has no adjective. To speak of Jewish or of Christian charity is wrong, for charity is charity no matter from whose hands it comes. If it came from the hand of an infidel, it were charity still; the same as virtue and morality. No matter in whose life, in whose character, in whose principles they

are inbedded, they are virtue and morality all the same.

"We pray as Jews in our houses or in the synagogue; we believe as Jews religiously, but in charity, in benevolence, in all our works and doings in life, we are non-sectarian. It is for the weal of all men. But, be this as it may," changing the subject to avoid a probable argument, he added, "I will take a stroll through the hospital and see how everything works, as I am still a student." As he was a frequent visitor he did not need an escort. On his prambulation he came across the head nurse and asked, "Is there anything new, out of the ordinary?"

"Nothing new," was the reply, but as Dr. Kohner was a Jew, he added, "except that a Jewish girl—I think she is Jewish—was brought in just now."

He asked in what ward she had been placed and went to see her. She was asleep from the narcotics administered to her and he stepped to the bedside to look at her. His heart gave a leap with mingled joy and pain, for he beheld in her the ideal of his heart. There lay in sickness the angelic beauty he so often craved to meet, of whom he dreamed and of whom he thought. It was Bertha Lubin, so registered at the hospital.

He stood there for a while watching her, then withdrew quietly yet happy to have come across her. He gave directions to have her moved into a pay-ward at his expense, and to give her all the attention that can be given to a pay-patient.

In a few days he visited the hospital again and his first steps led him to where Bertha was. She was aware that he had been there and that the room she occupied was given her by his direction. When she saw him approach and stand by her side her heart palpitated with delight, and sick as she was, she smiled. She clasped his proffered hand with feeble fingers and asked faintly:

"Oh, dear doctor, will I be sick long, or will I recover at all? I feel so very sick!"

"No, my child," was the doctor's assuring reply, "you will not be sick long. You will recover soon and be as well as ever."

"Thank you, thank you! I am so happy to see you," she managed to say. "You were so kind to me when I met you first. I feel better already when I think that you will be near me in my sickness."

"I will not only be near you, charming child, but I will assist in treating you, not because you are so dangerously ill, but because it will give me pleasure to do so, and with the help of God you will be up sooner than you imagine."

"Oh, God will bless you, dear doctor!—you are so kind to me! Oh, I have nobody in Berlin to look after me and—" as it was advisable not to exert her with speaking, he interrupted her by saying: "Now, please do not talk, but lie perfectly still. I am in Berlin to look after you. Good-bye, I will be here to-morrow."

She had a fever a few days before she left Frankfort. The trip shook her nerves, and the lack of comfort on the coach, brought on a high fever. By the time she reached Berlin she was dangerously sick. She was transported to the hospital none too soon, for she could not have stood it much longer without rest and medical aid.

The following day and every day Dr. Kohner came to see her again as he had promised. All that medical science could offer was done, so ere long she was up and about.

The question that now agitated Kohner's mind was, what to do to domicile her in proper quarters. To the factory she must not go nor must she leave Berlin; but then again, it occurred to him, who was she? Could he bring her with impunity into the home of a nice family? So far as he was concerned he regarded her for her person, regardless of pedigree or antecedents, but others were not as reasonable and would have her ancestry, social standing and other formal requirements. Were he a married man he would not have hesitated to admit her into his own family, so convinced was he that she was fit and worthy, but to bring her into another family-circle was another question. Yet it must be done.

(To be continued.)

## The Silence of the Country.

BY DR. LEON ALBUM.

BY night the barking of a dog, by day the whistle of a train—these practically are the only sounds of any consequence which break the silence of life in the country town. It is sweet to sit and muse, perchance to dream, within the four laurel hedges of a garden of roses, "far from the maddening crowd." It is sweet to lie back upon the soft cushions of the gently swinging hammock and to watch the bees busily at work, it is sweet under these conditions and in these surroundings to read THE HEBREW STANDARD, or to make little confections of philosophy for one's own private refreshment. But it is not sweet, at least so sweet as some people imagine, to work with pen and ink in a silent country town. It is sometimes rather a more difficult feat than writing amid the banging of doors, the usual business hub-bub and the ringing of telephone bells in THE HEBREW STANDARD's editorial chamber.

The idea that rustic quietude is an incentive to literary labor is a wholly erroneous one. It is a twin brother to the fallacy of the undergraduate's head and the wet towel.

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The seminary student who thinks he is going to do great work during his summer vacation seldom gets further than mere contemplation. The country is too beautiful a place wherein to work when the weather is ideal. The peace of the country is too distracting for the thinker—that is, the thinker who is earning his daily bread by his thoughts. Let him spend a perfect day in it, if he will. Let him spend many perfect days in it, if he can; but the quiet country town as an ideal workroom for the writer is a delusion. It is no place for him, except as a play room. Its glories lure him artfully from the ink pot and make him fearfully late with his compositions. He cannot do anything on a lovely day in a lovely town. He can only lie there and sleep.

A sleeping man, on a train is awakened by the sudden cessation of noise. He is startled from his sleep by the silence of a stoppage between stations. He has fallen asleep to the tune of the train's rattle, and when the engine, with the signal against it, has been at a standstill for a minute or so, the sleeper suddenly starts up in his berth, aroused by the stillness of the night. And in the same way, the man who has fallen into the habit of writing compositions amid the turmoil of a bustling city is disturbed in his work by the silence of the country, by ever conspicuous, insistent peace of a soft green garden of roses, by the intrusive, elbow-jogging hush of nature. There is nothing so noisy as silence to the man who is not used to it.

ELMIRA, N. Y., July 19, '09.

Little dew-drops of celestial melody.—Carlyle.

FREUND, MAX.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. John P. Cohalan, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Max Freund, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers, at their place of transacting the business of the estate of said Max Freund, No. 8 Maiden Lane, in the City of New York, on or before the 9th day of December next.

Dated New York, the 22d day of May, 1909. EMILY FREUND, EMIL FRENKEL, SANFORD H. E. FREUND, Executors. PAGE, CRAWFORD & TUSKA, Attorneys for Emily Freund, Executrix, 26 Liberty Street, New York, N. Y.

WEILL, ADELINE.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. John P. Cohalan, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Adeline Weill, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, No. 74 Broadway, in the City of New York, on or before the 1st day of October next.

Dated New York, the 12th day of March, 1909. DAVID L. WEILL, Executor. Strausbourger, Eschwege & Schallek, Attorneys for Executor, 74 Broadway, Manhattan, New York City.

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# Items of Interest in the Jewish World.

Ground has been broken for a synagogue at Butler, Pa.

Articles of incorporation have been filed by the Cong. Thoras Emes, Newark, N. J.

A Jewish Aid Society recently organized at Glens Falls, N. Y., now has fifty-eight members.

M. Haarbleicher, Chief Engineer of the French Navy, has been appointed Chevalier of the Legion of Honor.

The 14th annual convention of the Progressive Order of the West opened at St. Louis, Mo., on the 26th ult.

The Turkish Parliamentary Delegation during their recent stay in Paris visited the offices of the Alliance Israelite.

Ground was broken on the 27th ult. for a new Hebrew Institute at Union Hill (near Hoboken), N. J., to cost \$18,000.

The Turkish Jews are arranging to celebrate in an imposing manner the anniversary of the grant of a constitution.

Professor Dr. B. Freudenthal has been elected Rector of the Academy for Social and Commercial Sciences at Frankfurt.

The Free Religious School, under the auspices of the Hebrew Educational Society, Borough Park, N. Y., has 200 pupils enrolled.

Councillor Jacob Moser, J. P., has given \$5,000 to the City of Bradford, England, towards the building fund of a new infirmary.

The Chief Justice of Victoria has awarded a contested legacy of a considerable sum to the Bikur Cholim Hospital in Jerusalem.

Jewish merchants of Norfolk have had a coreligionist arrested for violating the Sunday laws and will make a test case out of the matter.

The Sultan has intimated his desire to give a personal audience to the Chief Rabbi of Turkey, who is also to visit the British Ambassador.

Dr. Otto Brahm, Director of the Lessing Theatre in Berlin, has received from the King of Norway the Knighthood of the Order of St. Olaf.

E. F. Schiff has given \$500,000 to the Home of Recovery, London, England, the president of which is the Princess Louise, in memory of his brother, A. G. Schiff.

Through the intervention of M. Elmaleh, Headmaster of the Alliance School in Fez, the Grand Vizier of Morocco recently took immediate steps to redress Jewish grievances.

An order was recently given to expel all Jews from the district of Bacau (Roumania). Upon representations to the Minister of the Interior the order was revoked.

The King of Italy recently honored Mr. Moses Ezekiel with a visit in his studio in Rome. The object of the royal visit was to see Mr. Ezekiel's famous work "Napoleoa."

Last Tuesday evening Judge Leon Sanders, Grand Master of the I. O. B. A., was the principal speaker at a mass meeting of the order held at Bolden Hall, Boston, Mass.

Pickpockets were busy in Washington Cemetery on Tishe b'Ab when fully five thousand co-religionists visited the cemetery. The police succeeded in arresting three of the miscreants.

Sir Sassoon J. David, who was Sheriff of Bombay in 1905-6, has been elected Chairman of the Standing Committee of the Corporation which does practically all the work of that body.

The Hebrew Charity Association of Wilmington, Del., has awarded a contract for the building of a shack on the farm of the Anti-Tuberculosis Society of Delaware, near Brandywine Springs.

At the "Field Meeting" held at Marblehead, Mass., on the 20th ult., one of the principle addresses was delivered by Mr. Lee M. Friedman of Boston on "Jewish Incidents in Early Massachusetts History."

Mr. A. M. Hertzberg, President of the Brisbane, Australia, Hebrew Congregation, has been elected Grand Master of the Queensland Grand Lodge of Freemasons in succession to Lord Chelmsford, the retiring Governor of Queensland.

The Mayor of Plessis-Piquet (near Paris), speaking recently at a distribution of prizes at the Jewish Horticultural and Technical School in that district, said that he admired its philanthropic aims, and that intensely patriotic and liberal spirit which animated it. The Government of the Republic was also aware of these facts, for, as a mark of its sympathy with the institution, it had in one year decorated four of its

The officers of the Agudath Achim Congregation, Newburgh, N. Y., have had many occasions of late to complain of vandalism, and several miscreants were caught and arraigned last week.

The cornerstone of the first synagogue to be erected in the farming district of Millis, Mass., will be laid in the course of a few weeks. There are about fifty Jewish families living in the neighborhood and the new edifice will cost about \$5,000.

Lieut.-Colonel Monash, of Melbourne, and Major Cohen have, by an Order-in-Council, approved by the Governor-General of Australia, been appointed to prominent places on the Australian Intelligence Corps of the Commonwealth Military Forces.

Professor Israel Gollancz has become Dean of the Faculty of Arts of King's College, London University, for the coming year. Sir Philip Magnus, M. P., represented the University at the celebration of the quinquenary of Leipzig University this week.

The will of the late Patrick Keenan Chamberlain of the City of New York has been declared invalid because it was executed less than two months before his death. In consequence of this decision a bequest of \$2,000 to the Mt. Sinai Hospital is nullified.

The Emperor of Austria has conferred the Order of the Iron Crown, Third Class, on Professor Dr. Guido Adler, Ordinary Professor of the Theory and History of Music at the University of Vienna. Professor Adler organized the International Music Congress at Vienna.

The directors of the Chicago Hebrew Institute have announced the opening of a "People's Synagogue." The service is to be orthodox in spirit and modern in form, the ritual to be in Hebrew and addresses in the vernacular, the sexes separated, a male choir and no instrumental music. Dr. David Blaustein is the organizer.

An entertainment for the benefit of the Sanitarium for Hebrew Children was given in the Pier Theatre at Arverne last Sunday evening, under the direction of Lew Fields and Lee Shubert. It netted about \$3,000. This is the seventh year that Mr. Fields has conducted a benefit for the institution.

The appraisal of the estate of Charles Rubens, also known as Samuel Woog, who died in France in June, 1906, shows that he left a gross personal estate of \$1,185,097, which, after public bequests and administrative and other expenses are deducted, amounts to \$1,114,890. The public bequests are: The Metropolitan Museum of Art, \$2,913; the Mount Sinai Hospital, \$50,000, and the Hebrew Benevolent Society, \$50,000.

Major Moriz Jonasz, on the retired list of the Austrian Army, died recently at Sauerbrunn (Hungary), at the age of sixty. In his early years he was a pupil of Rabbi Dr. Israel Hildeshelmer, and throughout his life he remained a loyal Jew. He entered the army as a private, but by his ability he rose by degrees to the rank of major. His funeral was of a simple character, as he left instructions that military honors should not be rendered to him.

The royalist agitators who have made it their practice to mutilate the statues raised to the defenders of truth in the Dreyfus case, and who have already desecrated the monuments of Zola, Trauieux and Scheurer-Kestner, are continuing their exploits in this direction. Their latest misdeed is to mutilate the statue erected at Nimes, his native place, to the memory of Bernard Lazare. Already at the inauguration of the monument in October last anti-Semitic agitators endeavored to provoke a riot.

Rabbi L. Weiss, of Bradford, Pa., died suddenly at Rochester on the 30th ult. Rabbi Weiss was a well-known scholar and pulpit orator and at various times had occupied pulpits in Macon, Ga.; Columbus, Ohio; Chattanooga, Tenn.; Palestine, Texas, and Hamilton, Ont. He was a prolific writer and hardly a Jewish periodical appeared without containing one of his contributions. He was the author of several well-known works, including "Some Burning Questions."

Mrs. Miriam Binswanger Solis Cohen, wife of Dr. J. Solis Cohen, died suddenly on the 26th ult., at her home, Philadelphia, Pa. Mrs. Solis Cohen was very prominent in Jewish communal circles. She was born September 13, 1852. Her father was Isadore Binswanger, the philanthropist, one of the organizers of the Hebrew Education Society and also of the Jewish Hospital. He was also president of the Jewish Foster Home for many years. Mrs. Solis Cohen was a granddaughter of Hyman Pollock and a grandniece of Aaron Lev, the founder of Aaronburg Centre County, Pa., who furnished financial aid to the Continental Congress during the Revolutionary War. She was married to Dr. Solis Cohen in 1874.

The Emperor of Germany has conferred the Red Eagle Order, Second Class, on Ludvig Ritter von Gerngros, of Nuremberg, and the Grand Duke of Oldenburg has appointed him Honorary Grand Commander of the Peter Frederick Order.

The French Government, through its Consul-General here, M. Lancl, has informed Oscar Hammerstein that it has elected him an Officer of Public Instruction for his services in the cause of art and music and for his introduction and presentation of the works of the great French composers of opera to this country.

Secretary of Commerce and Labor Nagle, accompanied by Attorneys Simon Wolf of Washington, D. C., Abraham I. Elkus and Nathan Bijur, visited Ellis Island on Monday, the 26th ult., and after a long session indorsed Commissioner Williams' recent action in regard to the strict enforcement of the immigration laws.

The Grand Duke and Grand Duchess of Baden recently paid their first official visit to Heidelberg. Among those to whom His Royal Highness gave an audience was District Rabbi Dr. Pinkuss. In the course of the conversation the Grand Duke assured the Rabbi that all his subjects were equally dear to him, and he added: "I hope I have not inconvenienced you; to-day is your Sabbath."

As a memorial to his son Oscar, who died recently, Baron Albert de Rothschild, of Vienna, gave to the Jewish community of that city 10,000 kronen and a like sum to the municipal government, the amounts to be applied to charitable work. He also gave 200,000 kronen for educational purposes, in the departments of mathematics and astronomy, saying in the memorandum which accompanied the amount that these branches had been selected because the late Oscar de Rothschild had always taken a deep interest in them.

## Activities of the Jewish Community of New York City.

(Communicated.)

July 29, 1909.  
Our Committee on Jewish Education has entered into relations with the present Vaad Hachinuch, or board of education, which is made up of representatives of the leading Talmud Torahs of this city, looking towards the establishment of a general Board of Jewish Education which shall bring system into and supervise the work of the Jewish schools of New York.

Our Committee on Jewish Education has also entered into relations with Dr. Kaplan, who is to be the principal of the Jewish Teachers' College, with the object of bringing about co-operation between the proposed Board of Education and the new institution for the training of Jewish teachers. It is proposed to employ a capable educator as Superintendent of Jewish Education of New York, and the Jewish Community has undertaken to pay part of the expense of maintaining the office of the Board of Jewish Education.

The Board will organize a general system, devise a curriculum, take steps towards the preparation of proper textbooks, and also qualify teachers as to their ability and fitness to train Jewish children. It is expected that the Jewish Board of Education will take tangible shape at the beginning of the new Jewish year.

Our Committee on Social and Philanthropic work having recommended the establishment in this city of an employment bureau for Jewish immigrants, who are handicapped by their ignorance of the language and of the conditions of this country, the Executive Committee has entered into relations with the Hebrew Sheltering and Immigrant Aid Society by which a preliminary investigation will be conducted under the auspices of the society with a view of ascertaining the possibility of securing work for handicapped strangers. On finding that sufficient work can be secured to justify such an undertaking, an effort will be made by the community to aid in the establishment of such an employment bureau in connection with the Hebrew Sheltering and Immigrant Aid Society, which is already engaged on a small scale in the work of securing employment for immigrants.

It is believed, that with an adequate agency for securing work for handicapped strangers, many who do not otherwise find work would secure employment, and that, as one result, our charities would be considerably relieved. Mr. Cyrus L. Sulzberger, a member of this committee, whose plan of an employment bureau, published in the volume issued by the Sage Foundation, formed the basis of the recommendation of our Committee on Social and Philanthropic work, has kindly offered to pay the expense of this investigation.

On taking up this matter, the Jewish Community has proceeded on the principle of preventing the unnecessary multiplication of Jewish institutions and duplication of work, and of referring, wherever possible, any new undertaking to an existing organization that is already associated with that kind of work. Accordingly, the project of our committee for an employment bureau has re-

ferred to the Hebrew Sheltering and Immigrant Aid Society.

Desiring to remove, at least partially, the evil of holding religious services during the high holidays in unclean and unsuitable places, our Committee on Religious Organization is arranging a number of provisional synagogues for the coming holidays for the accommodation of those of our people living in the crowded districts who are not attached to any regular congregation. A nominal sum will be charged for admission to these services, but in order to cover the entire expense of these temporary places of worship our Committee on Religious Organization is raising a fund for the purpose, to which a number of contributions have already been received from members of the Executive Committee and the Advisory Council.

Realizing that this is only a small beginning in removing a large evil, and that much more can be done by the voluntary efforts of congregations which are affiliated with the Community, as well as others, a statement was issued to the press calling upon organizations to open extra places of worship for the coming holidays in proper places, and appealing to the public not to participate in the holding of services in buildings that are otherwise used as low dance halls, theatres, and cheap places of amusement.

The services to be held under the auspices of this committee will be conducted in the auditorium of Jewish institutions, the use of which has already been granted to us, and in other suitable buildings which it is expected to secure.

The Executive Committee has at its last meeting appointed a permanent committee on Sabbath Observance, with Dr. Drachman as chairman, and with the reassembling of the next Legislature steps will be taken looking towards the introduction of a law that will enable all those who observe the Jewish Sabbath to carry on business and perform work on Sunday.

The Executive Committee did not meet in July. The August meeting will take place on Tuesday evening, the 10th, at 8.30 o'clock, in the Trustees' Room of the Hebrew Charities Building, 356 Second avenue.

B. G. RICHARDS,  
Secretary

## A Prince Has Fallen in Israel.

With the passing away, a few days ago, of Dr. Gustav Karpeles, Judaism has sustained a great and irreparable loss, and one of the remaining few of that galaxy of great men which its German Jewry has produced during the XIXth century has passed into the hallowed pages of history and become a memory. The German ghetto, since its days of Mendelssohn, who gave the impetus to the desire for modern education among the Jews, which had been gaining in momentum till it reached its apex, its culmination, in the days of Napoleon when the ghetto walls were battered down and the Jews became emancipated if but for a brief period, has turned its superlative abilities, which hitherto had been devoted exclusively to the study of the Talmud and to the multiplication of no end of commentaries and exegeses, to the study of secular matters, with the gratifying result that Jews came to occupy quite a distinguished position both in the world of general literature as well as in the domain of Jewish arts and sciences which they have enriched greatly by their original research and discovery. And it is this latter class that is of especial interest to us, though we greatly esteem and are proud of the achievements of the former, as they, the latter, have labored to enrich their own literature and cultivated their own vineyard. Zunz, Graetz, Zachariah Frankl, Moritz Lazarus, Moritz Stenscheider and Gustav Karpeles, these were the men near and dear to the heart of the thinking Jew, to whom he is deeply grateful for their respective works, their deep studies and tireless researches, and their zeal and devotion to a science from which no rich emoluments or honor can accrue, and whose memory will long be kept green in the hearts of the people. Gustav Karpeles was possessed of a wonderful manifold soul, combining within him those virtues and a knowledge of branches of study which do but very seldom cohabit together, and it is therefore hard indeed to gauge correctly his relative position, and assign him with any degree of accuracy a suitable niche in the world of letters. For his talents were so diversified, and found expression in so many widely differing distinct avenues at one and the same time and a division of forces is ever likely to prove fatal to the hazzarding commander. His fame to the German reader rests, rather securely I should judge, upon his various histories of literature, his editorship of many popular editions of well-known German writers, including "our own" Heine and his scholarly, delightful studies of Heine's works, his time, his character, etc., etc., and to the Jew by his numerous specially Jewish works, which are indeed works of genius and justly became famous. Karpeles was born in 1848 in the town of Elmanowitz, Moravia, and also attended the lectures of the Jewish Theological Seminary of that town in which Graetz and Frankl taught. After his graduation he engaged in journalism, served his apprenticeship successively on the staffs of various newspapers, such as "Auf der Höhe," "Breslauer Nachrichten," "Breslauer Zeitung," "Deutsche Union" and "Deutsche Monatshefte." In 1870 he was associated with S. Enoch in the editing of the "Juedische Presse," his first Jewish venture, but finding the provincial field much too narrow for his abilities, and desiring to afford his genius a much wider and fuller, more appreciated field he, in 1883, removed to the German capital, which was also the capital of German letters

and art, where he engaged in a great variety and multiplicity of literary work. He established the "Allgemeine Zeitung des Judenthums," which he continued to his very death. He edited four successive editions of the works of Heinrich Heine and was the author of the following monographs: "Heinrich Heine und das Judenthum," "Heinrich Heine, biographische Skizzen," "Heinrich Heine und seine Zeitgenossen," "Heinrich Heine und der Rabbi von Bacharach," "Heinrich Heine's Autobiographie," and "Heinrich Heine aus seinem Leben und aus seinem Zeit," a monograph on "Ludwig Borne," "Goethe's Poesie," "Allgemeine Geschichte der Weltliteratur" and "Literarisches Wanderleben," and he also edited the works of Schiller, Lenau and Eichendorff. His specially Jewish works were "Die Frauen in der Juedischen Literatur," "Geschichte der Juedischen Literatur," "Die Zionsarbeit," "Ein Blick in die Juedischen Literatur," and "Other Essays," and "A Sketch of Jewish History," and was also the author of a few successful dramas and comedies and as already said, this wonderful versatility of his makes it well nigh impossible to establish his right status, to determine whether he was a heaven-endowed genius whose works would therefore defy the lapse of time and be impervious to any change of time or taste, or whether he was merely an industrious craftsman, a cunning compiler of facts, his "History of Literature," to be sure, is a great work bound to live after him, though it exhibits none of the poignant unconventional incisiveness of Nordau's criticisms nor the simple directness and logicality of Brandes, and if the feelings and actions of the great ultimate judge—the great reading public—are any criterion, then we must conclude that he was really great, for it constantly showed its appreciation of him by repeated demands for fresh editions of his works. But it is as a Jewish philosopher and inquirer that we will mostly remember and cherish him, for he invariably displayed, besides his great industry, great common sense, a calm, dispassionate temper and discretionary logic, never indulging in speculations and the whimsical, baseless assumptions of his confreres, an indefatigable, student and conscientious worker in his chosen field and a very fertile producer, and if such a personality was a rarity even amongst the children of the past generation, which was not as yet very far removed from the type of the Fathers—serious, studious, painstaking and sincere, how much more will it be so if it will exist at all—in the growing up and future generations, with their lukewarmness for Jewish studies and the lack of that earnest spirit which is so indispensable to the scholar.

HAROLD BERMAN.

July, 1909.

## Zionist Answers Young Turks.

### L. J. GREENBERG DEMANDS JEWISH CENTRE IN PALESTINE.

At a dinner tendered last Sunday in London by prominent Jews to the Turkish deputation to England, Leopold J. Greenberg, editor of the Jewish Chronicle and a director of the Jewish Colonial Trust—the financial institution of the Zionist movement—answered the statements in opposition to Zionism that were made by some of the Young Turk leaders.

Mr. Greenberg, who is an executive member of the central Zionist organization, and whose utterances are regarded as official, said that if the Jews are wanted within the Turkish empire they must be allowed to concentrate in one place, as it is for their material as well as spiritual interests to form a centre and live together in Palestine.

According to the report which has been received here by the Jewish Morning Journal, Mr. Greenberg stated that the Jews will not insist upon autonomy if allowed to emigrate to settle in one definite part of Turkey.

Mr. Greenberg spoke in answer to an address of Nissim Effendi Mazliach, the Jewish deputy, who is secretary of the Turkish parliament, and who said that while the Jews from Russia and Roumania are welcome in Turkey, it would be better for them not to concentrate there in one place. The other Turkish Jewish deputy, David Sasson, made a similar reference to Zionism.

The dinner was arranged by Sir Francis Montefiore, honorary president of the Zionist Federation of England.

Herman Bernstein, the writer, who visited Constantinople recently, reports, in the Warheit, the Yiddish daily of this city, the views of a number of Young Turk leaders, who, while friendly to the Jews, are not favorably inclined toward Zionism. It is a notable fact that the first men in Turkey to suggest that Zionism is incompatible with loyalty to the Ottoman Empire are Jews. It is clear the Young Turks, who have spoken on the subject, are mistaken in thinking that the Zionist striving in any way interfere with the integrity and progress of the Empire. Zionists therefore believe that with a better understanding of the movement the powers that be in Turkey will accept the advances of Zionism.

## Austrian Jews Recognised.

A cable to the Jewish Morning Journal of this city states that according to a report received in London from Vienna, the Austrian Government has granted special recognition of the national rights of the Jews of Bukovina, who during the next election will be allowed to participate as a party, and to elect representatives to the Landtage. They will have the right to elect a number of representatives in proportion to the number of Jewish votes from each province.

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**BIRTH.**

**BITTKER.**—Mr. and Mrs. I. Bittker of 1368-70 Fifth Avenue, announce the birth of a daughter on July 28, 1909.

**BAR MITZVAH.**

**DE VRIES.**—Mr. and Mrs. Maurice De Vries, of 522 East 86th st., announce the Bar Mitzvah of their son, Lester, Saturday, August 7, 1909, at ten o'clock a. m., at the synagogue, 113-115 East 86th st. Reception at home after 3 p. m.

**GRUNAUER.**—Mr. and Mrs. Reuben Grunauer announce the Bar Mitzvah of their son, Sidney, Saturday, August 7, Congregation Anshe-Emeth, 144 West 131st st.

**ENGAGEMENTS.**

**CHOYKE-SILVERBERG.**—Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Choyke, of No. 4847 Calumet Avenue, Chicago, Ill., announce the engagement of their daughter, Esther, to Mr. Max Silverberg, also of Chicago.

**FRIEDLANDER COHN.**—Mr. and Mrs. Louis Cohn, 611 West 110th st., announce the betrothal of their daughter, Sara, to Mr. Edward L. Friedlander.

**KING-MEYERS.**—Mr. and Mrs. Edward Isaacs announce the engagement of their niece, Louise G. Meyers, to Mr. Bernard King, of New York.

**KOVALSKI-GREENWALD.**—Ella Greenwald, daughter of Edward Greenwald, 47 West 129th st., to Edward Kovalski, of Utica.

**LIEBOWITZ-MATZ.**—Mr. and Mrs. Harry Matz, Alexander Avenue, Arverne, L. I., announce the engagement of their daughter, Etta, to Mr. Harry H. Liebowitz, of New York.

**POLAKA-ZLINKOFF.**—Mr. and Mrs. M. Polaka announce the engagement of their daughter Bertha to Adolph Zlinkoff. At home Sunday, August 15, 4 to 8 p. m., 26 East 109th st.

**MARRIAGES.**

**FINK-SILVERMAN.**—At the home of the bride, 1408 Fifth Avenue, by Rev. Dr. Adolph Spiegel, Nellie Silverman to Misha Fink, on July 31, 1909.

**SCHEPS-PRINCE.**—On Sunday, August 1, 1909, Miss Antoinette Scheps to Mr. Max Prince by Rev. Adolph Spiegel.

**Ussischkin in Constantinople.**  
It is reported that M. M. Ussischkin, the noted Zionist leader of Russia, has just arrived in Constantinople. It is believed that he has come there in the interests of the Agrarian Bank that the Chovevi Zion of Russia propose to establish in Palestine. The president of the Zionist Organization, Herr David Wolffsohn, is also now sojourning in Constantinople.

**SOCIAL.**

Messrs. Ira Lewis and Selig Roggen sailed on the President Grant on Wednesday, August 4, for a six weeks' tour embracing the principal cities of Europe.

Mrs. M. Rosenzweig and Miss Rosenzweig, of No. 25 East 124th street, are summering at the Hotel Frederick, Asbury Park, N. J.

**Albert Lucas Religious Classes.**  
Last Sunday the pupils of these classes to the number of nearly five hundred were taken for an outing and spent a delightful day in Van Cortlandt Park. Races and other games were indulged in, the prizes for which were presented by the Alumni Association. The old pupils, who now comprise the Albert Lucas Boys' Club, were also present.

**Appeal by the Hebrew Day Nursery.**

The Hebrew Day Nursery, the work of which is familiar to the many friends of the institution, appeals to the general public for support. The society recently purchased the building, No. 262 Henry street, where it shelters a large number of children daily while their unfortunate mothers are enabled to work and obtain a livelihood. Funds are badly needed to extend the capacity of the institution, and it is hoped that our liberal spirited readers will donate to the cause as liberally as their circumstances will permit.

The Hebrew Day Nursery is ably officered by Mrs. Etta Fine, president; Mrs. Rosa Kahn, 1st vice-president; Mrs. Lena Schwernofsky, 2d vice-president, and Mrs. Harry Fischel, treasurer.

**Coroner Harburger's Hasty Return from His Vacation.**

Coroner Harburger recently left New York for Lake George upon what was to be a long vacation, but upon reading in the daily press of several matters of importance relating to his duties as a public official, the little coroner hastily cut his vacation to five days, and has once again buckled on the official harness.

Coroner Harburger, while greatly impressed with the beauties of Lake George as a summer resort, still has a little fellow-feeling for Manhattan Island, and expresses himself thusly: "Five days of inaction in thirty-six years is all I could stand. A born New Yorker, living in the greatest, best, healthiest, finest summer as well as winter resort, an island of unsurpassed beauty, where you can live as cheap and spend as much as your earning power can produce. In an hour's time we have country, sea, and resorts, the equal of any in the world. Outsiders who know us not speak occasionally disparagingly of us. But the millions who reside within our borders have every opportunity to learn and know. Ours is the greatest city in the best Republic that the sun ever shone on."

**Cincinnati's Late Mayor.**

The late Mayor Markbreit, of Cincinnati, never affiliated with any Jewish institution but some people who knew him well, claim that he always dodged the question when asked about his Jewish origin. A prominent Cincinnati physician who took a post-graduate course in Vienna about thirty years ago, was well acquainted with Dr. Moritz Markbreit, police surgeon of Vienna, who died 20 years ago in high old age, and says that the late mayor was a nephew of this Dr. Moritz Markbreit. The latter was the son of Kopel Markbreit, for 56 years (1792-1848) minister to the few Jewish families then permitted to reside in Vienna (Frankl: Zur Gischichter der Juden in Wien, p. 34. Vienna, 1853). Kopel Markbreit—Jewish family names of such recent origin that such small differences as Markbreit and Markbreiter are very frequent—came from Nikolsburg, where the family which originally came from Markbreit in Bavaria had settled. Gabriel Markbreiter was a communal leader in Nikolsburg about the middle of the 18th century and the patron of the afterwards so famous Landrabbiner Marcus Benedict, whom he sent to his brother-in-law, the rabbi of Oettingen for education (Leopold Loew: Gesammelte Schriften, vol. II, p. 178, Szegedin, 1890).

**Haifa Technological Institute.**

Die Welt, of Cologne, brings a further report of the progress that is being made in the work of establishing the proposed Jewish Technological Institute in Haifa, Palestine. A large and beautiful site has been chosen for the institute in the centre of the growing city of Haifa, and work on the buildings will soon be begun. The Institute, as it is known, has been endowed by the heirs of the late Wolff Wissotzky, of Odessa, the Hilfsverein der Deutschen Juden, and a number of philanthropists and prominent Jews in various parts of the world, including Mr. Jacob H. Schiff, of New York.

In answer to various inquiries, the Hilfsverein der Deutschen Juden now announces from Berlin that only such Jewish youths as have graduated from high schools, gymnasiums or colleges, will be admitted as students of the institute. Much of the instruction will be given in the Turkish language, so that the graduates will be able to secure government positions. Students will also be instructed in English, in order that they may be able to take positions in Egypt, and German will also be used, as German is employed on the Anatol and Bagdad railroads. It is further announced that Hebrew will occupy a prominent position in the studies. The founders of the Institute are committed to the principle of inculcating into the students a love of the Jewish past, and a knowledge of the religion of their forefathers, and in the high school, which is to be connected with the institute all instructions will be given in Hebrew. The promoters of the Institute also regard the Hebrew language as the best means of uniting the Jews of Palestine. The course of studies will take up from three to four years.

**Free Sons of Israel.]**

Office of the Grand Lodge of the United States and District Grand Lodge, No. 1, 21 W. 125th st.  
Office of the District Grand Lodge, No. 2, 108 La Salle Street, Chicago, Ill.  
GRAND LODGE OF THE UNITED STATES OFFICERS:  
M. S. STERN, Grand Master, New York.  
S. HOFFHEIMER, Dep. Gr. Master, New York.  
ADOLPH FINKENBERG, Second Dep. G. M., New York.  
ADOLPH PIKE, Third Dep. G. M., New York.  
ABRAHAM HAFER, Grand Secy., New York.  
E. FRANKENTHALER, Gr. Treas., New York.  
HENRY LICHTIG, Ch. Endowment Com., New York.  
EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE:  
Herman Stiebel, Julius Sinsheimer.  
Jacob A. Hirschman, Emil Tausig.  
Henry Jacobs, Raph. Rosenberger.  
Wm. Bookheim, Henry L. Weissbaum.  
Ig. S. Lurie, M. S. Meyerhoff.  
Raphael Levy, Joseph I. Hartenstein.  
Julius Harburger, Ben. H. Wasserman.  
Isaac Harburger, M. D. Rosenbach.  
Benjamin Blumenthal, Raph. Rothschild.  
DISTRICT GRAND LODGE, NO. 1.  
SAMUEL SPITZ, Grand Master.  
ABRAHAM HAFER, Grand Secretary.  
A. E. KAREISEN, Grand Treasurer.

Sharon Springs seems to be the Summer headquarters of the Free Sons and never in the history of this famous spa have there been so many present as this season. Grand Secretary A. Hafer, who is a guest at the Pavilion, was pleased to greet Bros. Goetz, Mandel, Marks, Meyers, Borg and others too numerous to mention. Manager Craig goes out of his way to attend to the comforts of his guests.

Owing to the heat most of the lodges in the district have had slim attendance at their recent meetings. Many of the lodges have adjourned until the middle of September.

The Committee on Plan and Scope are still actively engaged in working out plans for the betterment of the members and the interests of the order. The special convention will not be called until the plans have been consummated to place before the delegates.

**Young Women's Hebrew Association.**

Extensive improvements are now being made in the association building, chief among them being a dining room that is being prepared for the girls of the dormitory. As the lack of a separate dining-room has hitherto been the only drawback to the dormitory, the many friends of the association will be pleased to know of the present improvement. A new kitchen is also being built. A roof garden, attractive with potted plants and electric lights, has been opened and has proven a great boon on warm evenings.

An average of thirty-five little girls daily are taking advantage of the free shower baths in the basement.

Several children of the neighborhood enjoyed an outing in the Bronx Zoological Gardens on Friday, under the supervision of Miss Sophia Berger and Miss Rose Abramson.

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THE greatest master of the piano in the 19th century was Anton Rubinstein. His fingers swept the keyboard with a rare touch, evoking strains and melodies that thrilled the souls of men and kept them entranced with the influence of their magic.

For many years the name of Rubinstein was on every tongue and wherever he appeared he was received with acclamations of delight, his popularity exceeding that of any other great virtuosi of his time. He was the greatest giant among giant contemporaries, towering above Gluck, Handel, Meyerbeer, Beethoven, Liszt and Wagner, all of whom acknowledged his eminence by paying tribute to his surpassing genius.

This musical prodigy was a Russian Jew, born of humble parents in a Bessarabian village in the southwest part of the country.

The village, Vkhvatinetz, is still there, huddling itself among the barren steppes like some neglected animal striving to protect itself from the cold. There are not many inhabitants, just about a score of families, and they are almost all Jews and Jews of the poorest type who have to wrest a meagre living from the unproductive soil that surrounds their humble homes. They are a hardy race of men, however, who have become adapted to the stringency of their situation. Their black beards, their swarthy skin and prominent features proclaim their origin.

From the loins of these people sprang Anton Grigoryevitch Rubinstein, whom many critics regard as the music master of his time.

He was born on November 16, (28) 1829, and at an early age gave evidence of his musical precocity. Before he was eight he could play the compositions of Mozart, Hummel, Herz, Moschelles, Kalkbrenner and Czerny.

He inherited much of his musical talent from his mother, who, upon the death of her husband, became a music teacher in a private school in Moscow. Nikolai, Anton's brother, had remarkable power as a virtuoso, but his fame was overshadowed by that of his brother.

Perceiving the natural bent of the boy, the parents made a struggle to enable him to follow it. Five years under Villoing, the Moscow professor, who taught the boy gratuitously, served to make Rubenstein a master of technique on the piano. Then teacher and pupil set out to make the tour of Europe, the boy, now in his fourteenth year, being everywhere announced as the "Infant Prodigy."

During this first tour Liszt met the young virtuoso in Paris and

was charmed with his playing. He gave the boy sage advice and prophesied that at a future day his own mantle would fall on the shoulders of Rubinstein. It did, but he was then too big for the garment.

In London the boy, too, had a triumphal march. He captivated the veteran teacher, Moschelles. The old man grew enthusiastic over the lad's performance. "Here," he exclaimed, "is a young Russian Jew with fingers as light as feathers, and strong as any man's, already nearly the match of Thalberg."

The prodigy was invited to Court where he delighted royalty with his genius. At a private concert specially given for the edification and pleasure of Queen Victoria, young Rubinstein met Mendelssohn, who was then basking beneath royal smiles and was the lion of musical London.

An undying impression was made upon Mendelssohn and the friendship then formed lasted through life. To the young Jew the older one was like some God of Israel sitting by the waters of Jordan twanging the Golden harp of David. Mendelssohn with his fervid imagination and poetic soul must have likened Rubinstein to some heavenly cherub pouring strains from the sides of old Parnassus and filling the world with melody.

In mature life Mendelssohn and Rubinstein were strikingly alike in physique. Both were of an Oriental type and may have descended from some common family branch of the great Israelitish Commonwealth.

Both had the same rugged features, with compressed lips and massive chin, the same square, beetling brow, the same brooding eyes and in temperament they were strangely alike. The personality of both stood out saliently prominent and excited much comment. The very genius of the one was akin to that of the other.

Rubinstein was a human battery, the current from his finger tips making his work electric. He was not only an interpreter and artist, but a great creator and his creative passion which always vitalizes and gives a living, breathing distinction to any work.

Yet Rubinstein was more renowned as a player than as a composer and this very fact galled his sensitive nature. He threw his whole soul into his compositions; the keynote of sincerity tunes his whole work both as player and composer.

The catalogue of his compositions bear witness to the versatility of his genius, as well as to his indefatigable efforts. He provided thirteen operas, two oratorios, five symphonies, a dozen overtures, many trios and quartettes and nearly one hundred songs.

It is strange that unlike most of the great composers, Rubinstein

took few notifs for his composition from the wealth of folk-lore and mythology which clung around his own country. Though frequently Russo-Oriental in spirit there is little about them of the traditions and popular superstitions of the people. And Rubinstein was patriotic. He loved the land of his birth and revelled in the old legends. In all his views he was Pan-Slavic. Once he said: "Russian folk-songs stand alone; only those of Norway and Sweden are worthy to be compared with them for enchanting melody."

Rubinstein in his work was ever lyrical; the true object of music, according to his view, was to begin where words end. He was a stickler for classical symmetry and technique. His devotion to the classical forms kept him from developing along those lines of modernity in which the art has made the greatest progress.

Still Rubinstein's music holds the world. His concertos and sonatas are always favorites in the concert-rooms, and many of his songs are as fresh as when first written.

The best known of his operas were "Demon" and "Maccabeus," which are still much in vogue in Russia and Germany. Among his more prominent works for orchestra may be mentioned "Ivan the Terrible," "Don Quixote," and "Faust."

All his operatic work was rich in melody and wrought with orchestral mastership, though in many instances it lacked the poignant accents of dramatic passion.

The Mendelssohnian cult, which smoldered so rapidly as a vital force in music, molded Rubinstein as a composer more than any other influence.

He saw much of both Mendelssohn and Meyerbeer and these great masters took special delight in the beginning of his career to foster his talents and give them an impetus in the right direction.

The musical career of Anton Rubinstein for a long time was far from being a bed of roses. Often the thorns jagged and brambles scraped.

After his continental tour with Voilling he returned to Russia in 1846 and had to immediately launch his bark on the waters of self-support. His father died in this year and left his business affairs in a confused state. His concerts in Russia were successful, and the income helped the family. Needing more money he turned his steps to Vienna, then, as now, the most music-loving city in Europe or in the world. Here he did anything he could find; gave music lessons, played at concerts, went to house parties, and tried to pick up a ruble in the best way he could. He experienced many of the vicissitudes of fortune, champagne and truffles one day, crackers and cheese the next. There

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were more crackers than champagne, however, and on occasions even the crackers did not materialize and poor "Ruby" had to go hungry.

One day he was especially gloomy, he had nothing, had eaten nothing, did not know where to go to woo a smile from Fortune. He sauntered out on the street, with a heavy heart. Suddenly he looked ahead and saw a crowd of well-dressed gentlemen approaching. As they came nearer with a thrill of delight he recognized the leader. It was Liszt with his usual train of courtiers and he was coming for the purpose of seeking out Rubinstein in his lodgings. The great pianist carried Rubinstein off and it was champagne and truffles and the struggling young artist came back to his hall-room that night with both a full stomach and a heavy pocket.

In '48, that eventful year in which the yeast of Rubinstein was barming and leavening the mass of Europe, Rubinstein went to Berlin, but he found a colder breath in the German Capital than he did in the Austrian, so he made tracks for Russia once more where he tried his best to gain recognition. He succeeded. He was taken up by the Imperial family, the Grand Duchess, Helena Paulovna, sister of Nicholas, the Czar, becoming his enthusiastic patroness.

He became an inmate of the Winter palace, gave concerts constantly and taught the sons and daughters of the most distinguished families. His star was steadily climbing up the arch of fame to reach a zenith from which its rays dazzled the whole world.

With intervals of touring Europe, Rubinstein remained twenty years under the patronage of Russian royalty. With the heartiest backing from the Russian Court he founded the Imperial Russian Society, which in a few years became the mother of the St. Petersburg and Moscow conservatories, institutions of music, the influence of which has been felt throughout the world.

Only for prodigal liberality, Rubinstein might have settled down for the remainder of his life a wealthy man, but he had spent

most of his earnings on charity and philanthropic work, so it came about that when a very flattering offer for an American contract came to him in 1872, he accepted. His coffers badly needed replenishing and he succumbed to the temptation of American dollars.

The American tour was brilliantly successful. Never was an artist so enthusiastically received. He was hailed as a king everywhere he went. It can be truthfully said that this tour of Rubinstein gave the first great impetus to music in the United States.

He gave two hundred and fifteen concerts in this country and reaped a golden harvest which, however, was soon gone owing to his lavish benevolence. After his return he donated over three hundred thousand (300,000) rubles to various forms of charity throughout Europe.

Rubinstein did not fall in love with America, in spite of its golden showers. He suffered from ennui and nostalgia all the time. Though he was wined and dined, and feted and feasted as a royal king, he would have preferred to sit down to his old menu of crackers and cheese in Vienna, or Berlin, St. Petersburg or Moscow.

The fame of Rubinstein is not growing dim with the years, the wreaths in his crown are not withering, the bays encircling his brow are not fading.

He has taken his place in the gallery of musical immortals. North, South, East and West pay tribute to his genius and amid the universal admiration and reverence, Zion takes care that the world shall not forget that Anton Gregorievitch Rubenstein was of her House, that he was suckled at her breast, nurtured on her traditions, and reared upon the glories of her ancient faith.

His parents embraced the Greek-Orthodox religion, probably a few years after Anton's birth—finding that faithfulness to their ancient creed would interfere with the free exercise of their children's pro-

fessional careers, professing the dominant religion the Rubinsteins found, like other Jewish musicians, poets, literati, scientists and statesmen, that "conversion" at once removed every obstruction and restriction and the religious prejudice from which they would otherwise have suffered.

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O man, so cumbered daily with the blasts  
Of pessimistic thunder, why not gauge  
Thy hemisphere aright and be a man?  
Why not hold converse with the Eternal One?—  
The ONE who rounds our years, and visits makes,  
And cheers us with His sunshine—who comes oft  
In midnight hour, bids silence be our guest,  
And wraps us in His garment till the dawn.  
Who—when the maze perplexes, and the day  
Reveals new obstacles, puts stepping stones  
Where we may tread, and opens up the rock  
For cooling waters, leading us along  
With love more fervent than a mother's eye  
E'er met her child; He who so willingly,  
When we sought honor as a bosom friend,*

*Bade him consort, and cheer our varying hours,  
While passing through a world we love so well.  
As the beloved psalmist speaks of life  
When near his God, so let us daily feel  
In Civilization's chequered pilgrimage  
That with our hearty laugh and pleasant game  
We have our hours for sacredness and calm.  
For with this consciousness there comes a sense  
Of freedom, born of Him, and Him alone.  
Our souls are waked to song—and thus we go,  
Daylight and dark, to cheer the hurrying throng,  
While eyes grow redolent of newer joys,  
And hearts are moved to rapture, and from babe  
To eldest sire the lustrous truth is seen—  
That we are children of one loving God.  
This then is life worth living: first to watch  
The Hand that feeds us, then in sweetest love  
To some way help our neighbor.*

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Edited by J. P. Solomon 1893-1909.

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עקב

CORRESPONDENTS are notified that matter received after 10 A. M., Wednesday, will be too late for the current issue.

GROWTH IS NOT always in the line of progress. A cow's tail, for instance, grows backward.

LET US HOPE that the Fourth Duma will do more justice to the Jews of Russia than the Third.

THE FOND Jewish dream, Zionism, will be realized only by wide-awake, self-relying men. Snorers or *Shnorers* will never bring it about.

MESOPOTAMIA is too big a word. Hebrew-speaking Zionists probably call it *מור* (dead) for short. We wonder if Zangwill is going to make a *mess* of it?

DR. NORDAU's famous word "Luftmensch," could hardly be applied to the Wright brothers, who manage to live comfortably, even if they are up in the air.

WE ARE in receipt of a new volume of poems by Ezekiel Leavitt. Mr. Leavitt stands in the foremost rank of Yiddish poets and his latest collection is fully up to the usual Leavitt standard.

CERTAIN magazine-writers desiring to paint the town black go to the East Side for their color. Yet it is an undeniable fact that people who want to paint the town red must seek other parts of the city.

OUR CONFUSION cannot be permanently remedied by diffusion, as proposed by Mr. Jacob H. Schiff, but rather by a strong fusion of the scattered Jewish elements, to be wrought out by infusion of the Jewish national spirit.

A STRIKING illustration of the pernicious and perverting effect of race prejudice was furnished by Senator Stone when he slapped a negro waiter, and by the magistrate, who, in discharging the noble Senator, slapped justice in the face.

THE WIDE-SPREAD celebration of Dr. Max Nordau's sixtieth birthday is a healthy sign that we are beginning to learn, first, that a man may be great, even while he is yet alive; and second, that a live man is more likely to enjoy gifts of flowers than a man in the coffin.

SOME TIME since an archaeologist discovered that in Turkey the Jews were compelled at one time to wear wigs by law. This was not a specimen of unconscious humor but due simply to the fact that a vizier had made an unfortunate speculation in wigs (!) and wished to recoup his losses with the greatest ease!

SHOULD SOME aeroplane enthusiast, quoting the prophetic words, "עלו אבר כנשרים" "They shall mount up with wings as eagles" (Isa. 40: 31) attempt to find in the word אבר the initials of Orville, Wilbur, Wright, please deal with him gently. The glorious feat of the Wright brothers would justify even worse excesses of enthusiasm.

THE JEWISH literary movement seems to be moribund in England and America. That is the first impression we derive from a perusal of the report of the recent Jewish Chautauqua Assembly at Buffalo. And in England, if the press has put the matter truly, the literary conference in the end of June was but a sorry affair. What are we to do?

EXCEPTION HAS recently been taken in a German-Jewish organ to the proselytizing activity of the Salvation Army. We trust that there is some mistake about this. The Army is and always has been a fine and liberal charitable agency. Its Christian missionary work has always hitherto been confined to backsliding Christians, not to Jews.

IN THIS WEEK'S *Sidrah* we find the most solemn warning against a life based and centered in material pursuits and pleasures: "לא על הלחם לבדו יחיה האדם" "Man doth not live by bread only" (Deut. 8: 3). Human life rises above mere animal life only when the divine breath, "that which proceedeth out of the mouth of the Lord," is breathed into it.

WE COMMEND the attitude of Chief Rabbi Haim Nahoum of Turkey with reference to the service of Jews in the Ottoman army. In waiving the question of the provision of Kosher food for these prospective combatants, Rabbi Nahoum follows a long list of Jewish authorities in the past who have placed the obligations to the fatherland before everything else.

WITH much regret we are called upon to announce the sudden death of our valued contributor and friend, Rabbi L. Weiss, of Bradford, Pa. Throughout a long period of years he was an esteemed and generous collaborator with us. Following so soon the death of his friend and co-worker, the late Mr. J. P. Solomon, the editorial department of THE HEBREW STANDARD has sustained an irreparable loss. A true Jew, he was both learned and sincere, and his many superior gifts were seen to excellent advantage especially in the article treating upon the weekly portion of the Law, printed on this page, which he wrote for many years.

RABBI  
L. WEISS.

Rabbi Weiss was of the old school of Jewish teachers and ministers. This implies that he was a thorough Hebraist and of consummate learning in all branches of the science of Judaism. At the same time he was progressive and ever alert to the newest phases in theology, science, literature and art. One of the lighter creations of his mind was "Shloimeh Koninski," the graphic bit of romance now drawing to a close in our columns. Altogether, we deplore his loss greatly.

THE presidential address of Mr. Narcisse Leven, of the ICA, at its recent annual meeting, is delightfully indefinite as usual on just the point the Jewish world looks for enlightenment to the ICA: "We are disposed to make the attempt." These are Mr. Leven's few and final words on the subject of the development of (possible rather than probable) of Mesopotamia by the ICA.

THE  
INDEFINITE  
ICA.

Since Mr. Zangwill burst upon an unsuspecting public with his newest ITO dream, we have been waiting, wondering, to see how the ICA will act on it. For the ICA is the power in this case; it has the money and is experienced in large schemes where charity and other essentials are indispensable.

And now all that Mr. Leven finds himself able to say on this subject of subjects is, "We are disposed to make the attempt." "AIN'T IT AWFUL, MABEL!"

LIKE a message from the spirit-land reads the recent manifesto issued by the American Jewish Committee, and which appears in another column exactly as communicated to us. In a hazy, halting, indefinite manner the Committee claims credit for everything that was done in the Ellis Island matter. Not a move was made, not a finger lifted, not an eyelash raised, without being watched, noted, and taken cognizance of by that watchful Committee. But why has the committee been working so much in the dark? Why didn't they come out into the open and fight for justice, like men?

A  
LYNX-EYED  
COMMITTEE.

But this would be asking too much of a Committee whose very woof and warp is secrecy. It was conceived and born in secret, it multiplied itself in secret, its right to speak and act for American Jewry is a profound secret, and someday it will end its shadowy and phantom-like existence in obscurity, unwept and unsung.

A WRITER in *The Israelite* goes out of his way to say that it has now been proved, largely through the exertions and the work of Isaac M. Wise, that young men born in this country are able to master Hebrew sufficiently to fill the requirements of the rabbinical office. To read the prayers with vowel points indicated, perhaps! But *we are from Missouri* as to all the other requirements they can fill!

THAT REMARKABLE outburst of anti-Semitism by a Finnish lady in London before the recent Animal Protection Congress seems to have greatly exercised the Anglo-Jewish community. But we think that as the newest opponent of *Shechitah* should be easily disposed of, she does not seem to have advanced any arguments worth calling by that name, and her excesses seem to have fallen deservedly wide of their mark.

THE DESIGN of the Zionists to mark the 60th anniversary of the birth of Max Nordau by the establishment of a Micro-Biological Institute in Palestine deserves universal encouragement. This foundation will investigate the causes of the contagious diseases which at times devastate *Eretz Yisroel* and will undertake to provide remedies to prevent them. It is to be hoped that all Jews everywhere will give generously of their means for this.

THE LETTER from the Rev. Nachman Heller, of Harrisburg, Pa., concerning the Christological prayer recited at the recent graduating exercises of the College of the City of New York, which we print in another column, is of interest because we believe Mr. Heller is the first to call attention to the incident, and Mr. Heller's protest is by no means uncalled for. He is right in declaring that with the existing agencies for our communal defence here, the incident should never have been allowed to pass unnoticed. On the other hand, it may be illogical to expect a Christian clergyman, ever anxious to impress the nature of his priestly office on a mixed audience, to go out of his way to respect the religious prejudices of those of other faiths than his own. Here is another matter for the Kehillah to take up.

עקב השמעו

"And it shall be, because ye shall hearken to these ordinances and keep and do them, the Lord thy God will keep unto thee the covenant and kindness which He hath sworn unto thy fathers."—Deuteronomy vii, 12.

WE will not give our readers a scientific treatise on cause and effect, from Kant or Locke, but a purely religious lesson from the Scriptures as these are understood by Jewish scholars and teachers. Cause and effect exist in religious life no less than in science and philosophy. Because this was done, that ensues as a matter of course. Because this good has been accomplished that beneficial result or reward follows, or because this wrong or evil has been committed that punishment is meted out.

CAUSE  
AND  
EFFECT.

While the teachings of Moses were not meant primarily to hold out a bribe to his people as a reward for them to be good, or to threaten them with chastisement for their wrong doing, he had to deal with those who were not aware of the higher ideals of life. He had to appeal to their honor to be good and pure because it was honorable to be so; he had to hold out a reward for goodness and to threaten condign punishment for evil. Accordingly he reminds Israel here of God's keeping of His covenant and His promised kindness as He had sworn to their fathers, under the condition עקב השמעו, "because they shall have hearkened" to his ordinances.

The question arises, why is the word *ekev* (because) used instead of *ki* or *im* (if)? In Scripture nothing appears without good reason therefor. *Ekev* means not only because but also a heel of the foot, the opposite to *rosh*, head; hence *ekev tishmaun* would signify, to hearken with the heel. Keep and do God's ordinances in your walks, then will God's covenant of kindness reward you. Not in words and ceremonies alone shall ye hearken to God's statutes, but in your daily round of life, treading with your heels. This Midrashic elucidation is beautiful. It adds further, that Moses was eager to impress upon Israel, as the heel is the smallest part of the foot, so should they be particular in performing even the smallest duties in life. It is well understood that people, ordinarily, will not readily commit serious crimes for which they are apt to be severely punished by law, but they will carelessly commit insignificant misdeeds. It is a natural fact, however, that creeks form rivers and rivers swell the sea. Small ailments neglected become dangerous maladies, and small infractions lead to greater wrongs; thus little errors must be nipped in the bud or they may grow into grievous misdeeds.

Isaiah characterizes sin as a spider-web, which if not destroyed when fresh soon becomes a strong cord to use in pulling a wagon. Virtue and vice become stronger and greater with practice, "because," as the heel touches the ground to make the step, it brings the whole foot down, if the heel is not withdrawn before the step has been made. It behooves us then to consider ere the step is made to what it will lead. According to law, the step may lead to any mischief, which if undetected goes unpunished, but God's ordinance makes the very thought sinful, כמעשה. The Talmud says: מפי שאסור מפני מראית העין אסורו בהררי הרים אסור. "That which is wrong to do in public is also wrong in most hidden apartments."

This is obviously the lesson of *ekev tishmaun*. The ordinances of God are most praiseworthy performed with the heel; because it guides us in the walks of life; because it leads to the service of God; because everybody cannot afford to make rich gifts to worthy causes, a great many can go on errands for some good purpose; because it is easy to pray and utter words of seeming devotion, yet to go and do is a religion of a higher order. No matter how small it may appear, let the deed be performed, because it will have effect on God's loving kindness, who will keep unto thee the covenant and the kindness which he hath sworn unto thy fathers. So the cause will have a good effect on the rising generation, to cause them to hearken to God's ordinances, and keep and do them.

WE GLADLY CALL the attention of our readers to the fact that free scholarships for the sons and daughters of Jewish farmers have been established. These enable the holders to take courses of instruction which will be of vast benefit to the children of farmers, and the subjects taught are of special importance for them. The August, 1909, issue of *The Jewish Farmer* contains full particulars of the matter.

IT IS STRANGE that whenever a Christian clergyman expresses sympathy with the Zionist aspirations of our people he always has "an eye to the main chance." Thus the Rev. Dr. Cameron, who preached a sermon the other Sunday in a Baptist church of this city, said that Palestine would be the seat of a great and prosperous Jewish empire after the Jews had acknowledged Jesus as the Christ! "Nobody knows; nobody cares."

THAT THE JEWS in Russia have to suffer much from the whims of the bureaucrats is proved again in the case of a Jewish merchant in Zhitomir who this year was directed to present his daughter Mendel for conscription. The merchant declared that he never had a son named Mendel or otherwise, and that his only child was a girl in truth. This made no difference to the army surgeons! They reported this new case of disloyalty to and desertion from the colors to St. Petersburg. Why not? It will be only a fresh illustration to some Deputy of the Extreme Right in the Duma to prove how treacherous the Russian Jews are to the fatherland and how little they love the "little father."

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## Where Are The Men?

There is the usual scarcity of men in the mountains and summer resorts. Where are the men? There is the usual number of women at these places. No exact census can be made of the female population, but it is safe to say that they number at least thirty-five to one male, if not more.

In this emergency the growing youth becomes a valuable factor. It is amazing to witness young women—and of some pretensions—accepting as their escorts mere boys and very young men, whom they would not notice in town, but who are good enough during the summer vacation or until an adult arrives.

It is also noticeable upon what intimate terms at short notice some of the females become with some men who arrive and who are utter strangers to them. Then, again, it seems any one will do in the country, for surely some of the girls go "galavanting around" with some male specimens whom they would not invite to their homes.

Of course some allowance must be made for the life at the country resort, but there are limits which should not be overstepped. There is entirely too much *abandon* upon the part of some women, which even the freedom of the fields and the bracing atmospheric conditions will not justify.

There is probably a good reason for the absence of males from the country resorts. It is hardly right to attach oneself to one girl and

discard the other, and it is too expensive for many to entertain all.

It is not an unusual sight in the mountains to see ten girls escorted by one man. Many a man who expected to stay three weeks had his treasury depleted in the first, and generosity of this kind upon a limited treasury scares many of the sterner sex off.

The only way for the girls to do is to adopt the Philadelphia treat-system, and the mountains will again regain their male population in the summer season.

L'AIGLON.

## CORRESPONDENCE

Judah and Benjamin.

Editor Hebrew Standard:

Sir.—Dumfounded with our contemporaneous idiosyncrasies I observe that the Talmud indignantly complains: "Behold the bestowal of Judah and observe the grant of Benjamin" (Megillah f. 12, b). Historical indignities and Talmudic rebukes, likewise, repeat themselves. At Cincinnati, Ohio, a zealous Christian clergyman blessed the graduates of the high school at the recent commencement exercises, in the name of Jesus Christ, our Lord and Saviour. At the New York City College, otherwise known as the "Jewish College," because of its 90 per cent. of Jewish students, a similar incident occurred. The Jewish graduates were given hope and salvation in the name of Jesus Christ, our Lord and Saviour, by a Christian minister.

Though an insignificant minority are the Jewish students of the Cincinnati High School, a vigorous protest has been raised by Dr. Gotthard Deutsch, of the Hebrew Union College, the echo of which filled the English press, both secular and religious.

New York, however, with its millions of Jews, in a college where none are practically but Jewish students is otherwise. They were blessed in the name of a false god, in spite of the Scriptural injunction, "Thou shalt have no other gods before me" (Exodus xx.3), and there was no man to "rise up for me against the evil-doers, none to stand forward for me against the workers of wickedness" (Psalms xciv.16).

Iconoclastic and reform Cincinnati has a Jewish champion New York, reasonable, orthodox and conservative, with its Sabbath observers, Zionists, Rabbis, Orthodox Union of America and Canada, Union of Orthodox Rabbis, and last but not least, its Kehillah of Simons-pure orthodox motives. New York had no man to combat the evil!

NACHMAN HELLER.  
Harrisburg, Tishoh b'Ab, 5669.

The American Jewish Committee Seeks Credit.

Editor Hebrew Standard: Although the American Jewish Committee has not appeared publicly as taking any part in the present distressing situation at Ellis Island, it has been going on and has, on every occasion where its services could be of use, rendered efficient service. It has been fully advised of everything that has been going on at Ellis Island ever since Mr. Williams assumed office, and, in accordance with its customary policy, did not deem it proper to take any action until the evidence requiring action was before it in full. When the cases of the four Russians, in whose behalf Messrs. Kohler and Elkus procured writs of habeas corpus, first came to the notice of the Hebrew Sheltering and Immigrant Aid Society, the American Jewish Committee immediately got into communication with Messrs. Kohler and Elkus and, more than that, was familiar with everything that was going on at Wash-

ington and, by reason of information procured in person in Washington by the secretary of the committee, on July 7 was able to furnish Messrs. Kohler and Elkus with valuable data to assist them in their cause. The committee has continued to keep in full touch with everything that is going on and, as always, stands ready to co-operate with any properly authorized societies or persons whenever action is required.

The American Jewish Committee as representative of all the Jews of the United States appreciates that this is a national question, and has not for one moment lost sight of the magnitude of the issues involved, and may be relied upon to do everything in its power, at all times, to insure a legal and humane interpretation of the immigration laws.

Inasmuch as legal proceedings in behalf of the four immigrants above-mentioned had been instituted by their counsel, Messrs. Kohler and Elkus, of which the committee was fully apprised, and, inasmuch as they are the best informed attorneys on immigration affairs procurable in this country, the committee felt that the proper course was to suspend all action until the cases which they had instituted before Judge Hand were concluded. The prompt admission of these four men, through the efforts of Messrs. Kohler and Elkus, shows the wisdom of the course followed by the committee.

Moreover, it is proper to draw attention to the fact that Mr. Leon Kamaiky, who had an interview with President Taft on July 15, had been a member of the American Jewish Committee from its inception, and is also on the Executive Committee of the Jewish Community of New York City.

Very respectfully yours,  
HERBERT FRIEDENWALD, Sec.  
July 30, 1909.

## Temple Israel of Harlem.

120th St. & Lenox Ave.

RENTING OF SEATS.

The Board of Trustees will be in attendance at the Temple for the purpose of renting seats on Sundays, August 22nd, 29th, Sept. 5th and 12th, from 10 to 12 A. M., and every evening from September 7th from 8 to 10 P. M.

DANIEL P. HAYES,  
President.

LEWIS COON,  
Hon. Secretary.

## UP-TOWN BRANCH Congregation CHAARI ZEDEK

121st St. & Lenox Av.

The Congregation Chaari Zedek (Henry Street Synagogue) announces the opening of an uptown branch at the northwest corner of 121st street, and Lenox avenue.

The trustees will be in attendance on Wednesday evening, August 4 and 11, Saturday evening, August 15, and every evening (Fridays excepted) and Sunday morning thereafter, for the purpose of selling pews and renting seats for the coming Holy Days, and for the enrollment of new members.

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The number of women who have failed in their attempt to "get ahead," because they did not look "just so," is innumerable. A woman who carries a growth of hair on her face will never make the impression she would without it. How many good women are deserted or ignored by good men just for this trifling yet great reason? It is worth a great deal of money to any woman these days to appear beautiful and attractive! Here is an opportunity for you! DR. BELLIN'S WONDERSTOEN will remove your superfluous hair instantaneously, causing no burning, eruption or inflammation to the skin. The Wonderstoen is free from sulphides, is absolutely odorless and harmless. A few seconds spent at rubbing of Dr. Bellin's Wonderstone will leave your skin as clean as that of a new born baby. Price of Dr. Bellin's Wonderstone, \$1.00. If not as represented above, money refunded. Sent all over post free. Send \$1.00, stamps or money order. Address DR. BELLIN'S WONDERSTOEN, 163 EAST BROADWAY, N. Y. (Drug store.)

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114th Street & 7th Ave.

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The TRUSTEES cordially invite INSPECTION of the NEW TEMPLE.

## Wanted.

WANTED.—Competent teacher for mixed grammar grades in school near New York. Must have State License. Address, with references, "TEACHER," in care Hebrew Standard.

WANTED—Married couple desire room and board about Sept. 1, in private Jewish family; references exchanged; permanent if suited; give full details. Address Home Comforts, care Hebrew Standard.

YOUNG LADY, twenty-five, would like to meet young workingman about thirty, has no objection to widower with child; object, matrimony. Address E. M., care Hebrew Standard.

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A RABBI WANTED for the People's Synagogue of the Chicago Hebrew Institute, Chicago, Ill. Graduate of the Jewish Theological Seminary of America preferred. In addition to regular duties at the Synagogue the Rabbi will be expected to direct School in Hebrew, meeting daily, and Sabbath School, holding sessions Saturdays and Sundays. Applications in writing will be received by Dr. David Blaustein, Managing Director Chicago Hebrew Institute, 485 W. Taylor St., Chicago, Ill.

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The Congregation B'nai Jeshurun, of Paterson, N. J., wishes to engage a Cantor for the Holydays Rosh Hashono, Yom Kippur, and Succoth. Jastrow prayer book used. Must be able to read English and understand music. Address communications to Mr. Isaac Bash, 99 Main street, Paterson, N. J.

ARCHITECT'S ASSISTANT—A bright young man now following an evening course in architecture desires position at any salary. My personal recommendation, W. A. Vernon-Epstein, Albert Lucas Employment Agency, 52 William street, New York city.

SHAMMAS WANTED by an uptown congregation. Address, stating qualifications and giving references, SHAMMAS, care Hebrew Standard.

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WANTED—Congregation Darch Amuno, 220 West Fourth Street, wishes to engage a cantor who is capable of speaking in English.

WANTED—Here is a very bright young fellow of eighteen who must have a job immediately; will do anything. Highest references and my personal recommendation. Address W. H. VERNON-EPSTEIN, 52 William street, New York.

WANTED—From October 1, two rooms and bath, with board, for two adults and two children, in strictly orthodox family in private house; references exchanged. Address M. M., care Hebrew Standard.

NICELY FURNISHED room to let without board with small family; no other boarders; elevator apartment, electric light, telephone, steam heat. Address NEVEL, care the Hebrew Standard.

WANTED—A middle aged woman desires position as Matron in an institution, or housekeeper for an elderly couple. Address, J. C., care HEBREW STANDARD.

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WANTED.—To buy a one family house, 6 or 7 rooms and bath; near trolley to city; will pay \$300 to \$500 down. Give full particulars, W. DAVIS, care Hebrew Standard.

Albert Lucas Free Employment Bureau for Boys.

I wish to inform Jewish men of Greater New York of the establishment of a free employment agency devoted to boys exclusively. Knowing every boy individually, in recommending him I hold myself personally responsible for his honesty, integrity and willingness to give the best that is in him for the welfare of his employer. If you are in need of the services of a boy (age from 14 to 20) I would urge your co-operation in this movement, which practically means a good start for a boy on a career along Jewish lines. Address W. H. Vernon-Epstein, Director Albert Lucas Club, 52 William street.

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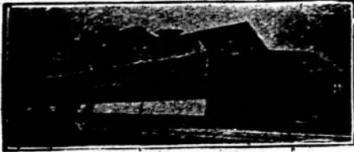
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WHOLESALE FISH DEALER. Lobsters, Soft Crabs and Terrapin Delivered Daily Except Sunday. Ocean Av., Foot of North Broadway, Long Branch, N. J.



**HOTEL COLONIAL** THE HEART OF ASBURY PARK, BELMAR, N. J.

כשר - NOW STRICTLY KOSHER - כשר  
2 SEPERATE KITCHENS. מילכיקע און פליישען

A modern hotel accommodating 100 persons. RATES REASONABLE FOR THE FIRST SEASON. Under the management of JOSEPH ZUCKERMAN, also of Lakewood, N. J. Phone 109 Belmar, N. J.

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J. Fisher, Prop. The only Jewish family hotel in Atlantic Highlands is now open for accommodation of families and vacation parties. Open until Oct. 4th Rates and booklets on application

Go to the Colonial Hotel, Belmar, N. J. All improvements, accommodate, 100. Joseph Zuckerman, Manager, also of Lakewood, N. J.

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ONE BLOCK TO THE SEA. ASBURY PARK, N. J. American and Hungarian Cuisine. Strictly כשר Apply RACHLIN AND SCHAEENEN. Telephone 544 Asbury.

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OCEAN AVENUE, LONG BRANCH, N. J. Ideal location. Strictly כשר Hungarian Cuisine. House completely renovated and refurnished. Moderate rates. New Management. SCHARER & WURTZEL.

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Mr. S. Levy begs to announce to his former patrons and to the general public that he will open his hotel for the sixth season on May thirtieth (30) under his personal supervision, and that the former high standard of this hostelry will be maintained. For rates, bookings, etc., call on or address proprietor as above.

### כשר The Ahsanto. כשר

BENDET ROSENBLUM & M. NAFT מודמז  
Announce the opening of the only strictly Kosher boarding house

AT HIGHLANDS, N. J. The most beautiful seashore resort in the country for Sea and River Bathing. Boating and Fishing. Beautiful green mountains and trees along the historic Shrewsbury River. Bowling Alleys, Dancing Pavilions, with Music Daily, and many other Amusements.

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EST. 1896. Chelsea, cor. Ocean Av., Long Branch, N. J. RS. D. POLLACK & SISTER, PROP. Newly built modern Hotel. The only Hungarian כשר Kitchen in Long Branch.

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Asbury Park, N. J. Overlooks the Ocean and Lake. Located in the centre of all attractions. Hungarian kosher cuisine. BRODER & GUTCHESTER, Prop. 323 COOKMAN AVENUE.

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### NEW, ESTHER.

In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Esther New, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, at the office of Wing, Putnam & Burlingham, No. 27 William street, in the City of New York, on or before the 18th day of August, 1909. Dated New York, the 18th day of June, 1909. WING, PUTNAM & BURLINGHAM, Proctors for Administrator, EDWARD L. ROSENFELD.

### ROSENFELD, FREDERICA.

In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Frederica Rosenfeld, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, at the office of Wing, Putnam & Burlingham, No. 27 William street, in the City of New York, on or before the 18th day of August, 1909. Dated New York, the 18th day of June, 1909. WING, PUTNAM & BURLINGHAM, Proctors for Administrator, EDWARD L. ROSENFELD.

### FRIEDMAN, LEOPOLD.

In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Leopold Friedman, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers, at their place of transacting business, at the office of Jacques R. Haas, at No. 54 Barclay street, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the 30th day of October, next. Dated New York, the 15th day of April, 1909. JACQUES R. HAAS, ROSE SCHIFF, Executors. I. B. RIPIN, Attorney for Executors, No. 123 Nassau Street, New York.

LILIENTHAL, JACOB F.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Jacob F. Lilienthal, late of the Borough of Manhattan, City and County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, at the office of Meighan & Necarsulmer, No. 38 Park Row, Manhattan Borough, City of New York, on or before the 1st day of November next. Dated New York, April 24, 1909. MEIGHAN & NECARSULMER, Attorneys for Executor, 38 Park Row, Manhattan Borough, New York City.

WOLF, LOUIS.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Louis Wolf, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, at the office of Louis Cohen, No. 320 Broadway, in the City of New York, on or before the 15th day of December, 1909. Dated New York, May 7, 1909. REBECCA WOLF, Executrix. LOUIS COHEN, Attorney for Executrix, 320 Broadway, Manhattan, New York.

DAVIS, SOPHIA.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. John F. Cohalan, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Sophia Davis, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, at the office of Julius J. Frank, No. 62 William street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 15th day of August next. Dated New York, February 6, 1909. JOHN DAVIS, Executor. JULIUS J. FRANK, Attorney for Executor, 62 William street, N. Y.

JACOBS, CLARA B.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. John F. Cohalan, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Clara B. Jacobs, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at their place of transacting business, at the office of their attorney, Louis Lande, Esq., No. 290 Broadway, Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the 16th day of August next. Dated New York, the 8th day of February, 1909. SAMUEL D. LEVY, DAVID L. PHILLIPS, Executors. LOUIS LANDE, Attorney for Executors, 290 Broadway, Manhattan, N. Y. City.

UNTERMYER, MAURICE.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. John F. Cohalan, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Maurice Untermeyer, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, No. 37 Wall street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 10th day of August next. Dated New York, the 10th day of February, 1909. ALVIN UNTERMYER, Executor. GUGGENHEIMER, UNTERMYER & MABSHALL, Attorneys for Executors, 37 Wall street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

NOCCO, ELIZABETH.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Elizabeth Nocco, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, at the offices of Sommer & Montanari, No. 277 Broadway, in the City of New York, on or before the 28th day of October, next. Dated New York, the 22d day of April, 1909. HENRY GROSS, Administrator. SOMMER & MONTANARI, Attorneys for Administrator, 277 Broadway, New York.

RICHHEIMER, CAROLINE.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Caroline Richheimer, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, No. 306 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the eighth day of November, 1909. Dated New York, the 29th day of April, 1909. MAXIS J. BNEUDAIKA, Executor. MAX KROON, Attorney for Executor, 306 Broadway, Manhattan, New York City.

HEIDELBERG, ANTON C.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. John F. Cohalan, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Anton C. Heidelberg, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, the office of Heymann & Herzman, No. 55 Nassau street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 27th day of August next. Dated New York, the 1st day of February, 1909. JACOB AFFELDER, Executor. HEYMAN & HERZMAN, Attorneys for Executor, 55 Nassau street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

LOEB, LENA.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Lena Loeb, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, at the office of Meighan & Necarsulmer, No. 38 Park Row, Manhattan Borough, New York City, on or before the 10th day of January next. Dated New York, July 2, 1909. JOSEPH E. LEMON, MARTHA LEMON, Executors. MEIGHAN & NECARSULMER, Attorneys for Executors, 38 Park Row, Manhattan Borough, New York City.

LEMON, EMANUEL J.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Emanuel J. Lemon, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at their place of transacting business, at the office of Meighan & Necarsulmer, No. 38 Park Row, Manhattan Borough, New York City, on or before the 10th day of January next. Dated New York, July 2, 1909. JOSEPH E. LEMON, MARTHA LEMON, Executors. MEIGHAN & NECARSULMER, Attorneys for Executors, 38 Park Row, Manhattan Borough, New York City.

KLINGENSTEIN, BERNHARD.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Bernhard Klingenstein, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers, at their place of transacting business, at the office of M. S. and I. S. Isaac, No. 63 William street, in the City of New York, on or before the 1st day of November next. Dated New York, the 17th day of April, 1909. M. S. and I. S. ISAAC, Attorneys for executor, 63 William street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

# SUMMER RESORTS

## THE FROOKS MOUNTAIN HOUSE *Central House*

SAUGERTIES, ULSTER COUNTY, NEW YORK.



Strictly  
Kosher  
Schochat  
on  
Premises

Good Accommodations. Reasonable Terms. Electric Lights.

The most delightful summer resort in Catskill. Fare \$1.75 round trip. Bathing, fishing and outdoor sports. Write for books and photographs.

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All modern improvements. Delightful location. One mile from Hunter village. Jewish dietary laws strictly observed. Guests met at Kaaterskill Junction. For terms apply to S. EPSTEIN, PROP.

## Central House

HUNTER, GREENE COUNTY, N. Y.

STRICTLY KOSHER

Under the personal management of MR. and MRS. ABRAMSON.

The Hotel is newly renovated, is a Modern Structure. Baths, Electric Lights, Hot and Cold Water, Separate Children's Dining Room, elegantly furnished. Milk supplied from Our Own Farm. Long distance telephone. For terms apply to E. ABRAMSON, New York Office until June 15, 140 Henry St., telephone 3306 Orchard.

A. ZUCKER. MAX STEINBERG. STRICTLY KOSHER.

## Hotel Colonial

PINE HILL, N. Y.

For information apply to Bernstein's Dining Rooms, 191 MERCER ST. AND 89 W. 17TH ST., N. Y.

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OPEN ALL THE YEAR.

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G. BYCK, Proprietor. Newly built, modern furnished. In the centre of the village. Tannersville, Greene County, N. Y. Transients accommodated.

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PARKSVILLE, SULLIVAN CO., N. Y. The Holland House is commanding situated 125 miles from New York; the elevation 2,200 feet above the sea level, the highest point in the Catskill Mountains. Directly overlooking a beautiful stream flowing below in majestic grandeur and the mountain and views from every room in the house are magnificent. A capacity of 175 guests; refurnished and redecorated. Fishing, boating, bathing, riding, driving, lawn tennis, walking and mountain climbing; orchestral concert, afternoon and evening; billiards, pool, dances and diversions, bowling alley regulation size. Gas illumination furnished by our own lighting plant, abundant supply of the purest mountain spring water, sun parlors; rooms single and en suite, with baths and running spring water, perfect sanitary arrangements; fresh vegetables, milk, cream and poultry from its own and nearby farms; everything strictly kosher; liberal management and unexcelled cuisine; first-class livery connection.

## UNION HOTEL

SHARON SPRINGS, N. Y. CH. SAUER & SON, PROPRIETOR. R. V. Hubbard, M. D. Office Hours 10 to 12 a. m.; 6 to 8 p. m. TANNERSVILLE, N. Y. Opp. Dr. Haner.

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HAINES FALLS, GREENE CO., N. Y. Open for the Season 1909. Situated at an elevation of 2,500 feet and commanding a view of the surrounding country, unexcelled in the Catskills, and entirely free from mosquitoes. An up-to-date house of modern improvements and perfect sanitation. Every room large, light, airy and electric lighted, and as for comfort and convenience can compare with the finest city hotel. All forms of amusement. For rates and further particulars, apply to W. WOLFF, Haines Falls, Greene Co., N. Y.

## Norman House

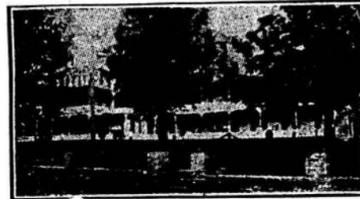
Opens June 1. A SELECT KOSHER HOUSE, with all modern improvements—running water, baths, gas, laundry, telephone, etc. All dairy and farm products from our farm. Outdoor and indoor amusements. Boating, bathing. S. RENISH, MAPLEWOOD, SULLIVAN CO., N. Y. Between Monticello and White Lake.

OPEN ALL THE YEAR ROUND. 5% HUNGARIAN HOUSE. M. WEISS, Prop. Mountain-Summer Resort. FIRST CLASS HUNGARIAN CUISINE. Monticello, Sullivan County, N. Y. LOCK BOX 490.

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TANNERSVILLE, GREENE CO., N. Y.

Improved for the season of 1909, beginning May 15. Enlarged by twenty-two additional rooms, en suite, with bath. Cafe, billiards, croquet, tennis. New artesian well, giving the purest spring water in the Catskills. First-class Hungarian cuisine. Strictly kosher. For rates apply to L. BIEBER, Proprietor.



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Newly constructed, with every improvement and convenience, including baths, toilets, etc. Famous Hickory Spring Water. Strictly kosher table supplies from our own farm. Bakery and pastry cooking by expert. Outdoor bathing, boating, fishing, etc. Accommodates 200. KARP, RUBINSOHN & ZAKROVSKY, Props. S. FALLSBURGH, SULLIVAN CO., N. Y. New York Office: S. ZAKROVSKY, 148 LENOX AVE.

## Hotel New York

Fleischmann's, N. Y. The hotel is new, modern in every particular; most desirably situated in the heart of Catskill Mountains; elevation, 2,000 ft.; most delightful as a health and pleasure resort; fishing, bathing and boating; cuisine unexcelled; livery attached. Booklet. J. H. SUGARMAN, Prop.



## Hotel New Tuxedo,

FLEISCHMANN'S, N. Y. Newly built and newly furnished this season. Suites of rooms with baths. Sanitary plumbing. Outdoor bathing. Boating and fishing on the premises. Vienna cuisine. F. DEUTSCH, Prop. Formerly of the Hotel St. Charles, Hunter, N. Y., and the Washington Hotel, Fleischmann's, N. Y. New York Office: Vienna Restaurant, 124 West 34th St., opposite Macy's.



## THE BREEZY HILL HOUSE

A Strictly Kosher Modern Boarding House. FLEISCHMANN'S, N. Y. An ideal Summer Resort in every particular. For further information and rates address MILBERT & GREENBAUM, Griffin Corners, N. Y.

## THE ANTLERS

HAINES FALLS, GREENE CO., N. Y. Special Rates to Parties of Young People. Variety of entertainments. Orchestra. Boating, fishing, tennis and golf. Just the place for an enjoyable Summer vacation. In the heart of the Catskills. Elevation 2,300 feet. Table in charge of expert chef. Reached via West Shore and Ulster & Delaware Railroad. For rates and booklet address S. FRIEDBERG, Haines Falls.



## THE BLYTHEWOOD



BLYTHEWOOD PARK, CATSKILL MOUNTAINS. STATION AT TANNERSVILLE, GREENE COUNTY, N. Y. OPENS FOR THE TWENTY-THIRD SEASON ON JUNE 15, 1909. The Blythewood affords a delightful Summer home, accommodating about two hundred guests. It is an ideal place for rest and comfort. The house faces a beautiful lawn of eight hundred feet in width and is over three hundred feet from the road. There are fifteen acres of woods surrounding the premises, affording unlimited shade. Spacious Sun Parlors, Bowling Alleys, Western Union Telegraph office upon the premises; also Long Distance Telephone. Electric Lighting system installed. There is an unlimited supply of water from the town reservoir throughout the building. The excellent CUISINE is well known and has made this hotel deservedly popular. There is also a well-appointed livery. Express trains from New York in three and one-half hours. Special rates for months of June and September. Address applications to MRS. LENA FRANK, Blythewood Hotel, Tannersville, N. Y.

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CITY DRUGGIST. CITY EXPERIENCE. CITY PRICES. HERE YOU GET THINGS RIGHT, OR NOT AT ALL. PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY AND ACCURATELY COMPOUNDED BY GRADUATES IN PHARMACY ONLY.

YOUR DOCTOR RELIES UPON US. YOU MAY SURELY DO SO.

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## THE MANHATTAN HOTEL

SAMUEL KLEIN

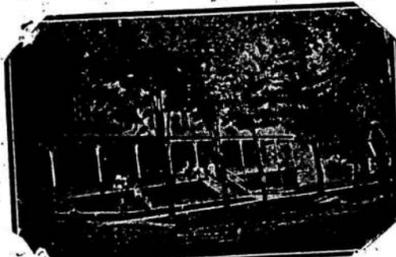
announces that he will be ready for the reception of guests for season 1909 from June 10 to Sept. 10, at

MANHATTAN HOTEL

SHARON SPRINGS, N. Y.

Hungarian Cuisine

I desire to call the attention of my patrons and guests to the fact that the Kitchen this year will be under the personal supervision of Mrs. Klein. I have also entirely renovated the Hotel and have installed Bell Boy service in conjunction with many other special features and improvements that will surpass my former successes and shall leave nothing undone for the comfort and pleasure of my patrons.



## HILLER HOUSE

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Strictly Kosher. Schochet in the house. Large airy rooms. Excellent table. Homelike comfort. We desire to inform our patrons that the house has been enlarged for the accommodation of our guests. All improvements, gas, sanitary plumbing and long distance telephone, also PRIVATE COTTAGES for accommodations. JOSEPH & IDA GARSONY, Props.

Sharon Springs is the health resort for rheumatism and all kinds of diseases. With its famous Sulphur Magnesia Springs, it is the Baden Baden of America.



## Hotel Washington

Fleischman, N. Y. DAVID FREEDMAN, Prop.



## Mansion House

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Now Strictly Kosher

The Mansion House is in the centre of the village, accessible to every city convenience.

For terms apply to

L. BLUMENTHAL, PROP.



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We have secured for the accommodation of our patrons the beautiful Hotel Neversink, ideally located in the heart of the Catskill Mts., overlooking the stately and majestic Neversink River, whose fame for beauty is worldwide. The hotel is modernly constructed at an enormous expenditure, with all city improvements, gas, electric light, hot and cold running water throughout the house. Baths and lavatories on each floor. Telephone, library and reading room. Large dancing hall, also bathing, boating and fishing. Fine baseball field and croquet grounds. Vegetables from our own 400-acre farm. Quiet concerts. Accommodations for 150. Cuisine under supervision of Hungarian Chef. Jewish Dietary Laws strictly observed. Address HERMAN ARON, NEVERSINK, SULLIVAN CO., N. Y.



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**Second Season—Open June 1st.**  
 Built like a hotel with home conveniences. Situated directly on Jamaica Bay. Building of brick construction, modern equipment throughout. Weekly concerts by Nahas Franko and his world famous orchestra.  
 For further particulars, address  
**EDGAR LEHMAN, Prop.**  
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 Or **AUGUST WEHN,**  
 Elstone Park Hotel, Bays water, Far Rockaway, L. I.  
 On and after May 1st.

Note—The management of this hotel also have in the course of completion a number of beautiful furnished cottages, ready for occupancy June 1st.

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104-110 Meredith Avenue, Between Ocean Avenue and the Beach  
**SPECIAL RATES FOR JUNE AND SEPTEMBER**

Large airy rooms. Table boarders taken. Strict observance of the Dietary Laws under the personal supervision of **CHARLES WOLFSON**, Reference: Rabbi M. S. Margolies, of the Congregation Kehilath Jeshurun, 85th Street, near Lexington Avenue. Telephone 932 Hammels.

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Now and During Season.  
**Regular Dinner 50 Cents. Home Cooking.**  
 Steaks, Chops and all kinds of Sea Food served at all hours. Popular Prices. The Best Cooking and Service. **HERZ & WITKOWSKI.**  
 BETWEEN MEREDITH AND GASTON AVE., BOULEVARD, one block from Arverne, L. I. R. R. station. formerly Groh's Bakery.



**PORTABLE HOUSES \$260 UP.** **PORTABLE GARAGES \$190 UP.**  
 Call and See Them.  
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 Send for Illustrated Catalog.

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 Repairs and Supplies of All Kinds. West End, N. Y.  
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 HANDWORK ONLY ON CUFFS, COLLARS AND SHIRTS—A SPECIALTY.  
 Having installed a complete mangling outfit, we are prepared to do the laundering of that work for cottages, hotels, etc., at the lowest prices. Work called for and delivered.

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 CIVIL ENGINEER AND CITY SURVEYOR.  
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**C. B. EBBERT, Vice-President and Treasurer.**  
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 HUNTER, GREENE COUNTY, N. Y.

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 BOARDWALK AT JESSICA AVE., ARVERNE, L. I.

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**EISEN & WANDER, Prop.**  
 City Dress & Coat, Freshly killed Poultry. Game in Season.  
 25 Mott Avenue, Far Rockaway, L. I. Next to Postoffice.

We make a specialty of reliable seashore merchandise at popular prices.

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 OUTFITTERS  
 FOR THE WHOLE FAMILY.  
 284 Central Avenue, FAR ROCKAWAY, N. Y.

**Dr. Herman Grüber, DENTIST.**

**"HOTEL MAJESTIC"**  
 Cor. Boulevard and Remington Ave. Arverne, L. I.

Under new management.  
**The HOLLYWOOD**  
 Boulevard and Carlton Ave., Arverne, L. I.

Arverne's most select cottages now open; remodeled and refurnished throughout; one block from ocean front; unexcelled cuisine under personal supervision of the proprietress, who has had 25 years' experience. Special rates for June and September.  
**H. BRETTNER, Phone 975 Hammels.**

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 (100 Feet from the Surf.)  
 Select private boarding house. Elegant rooms with hot and cold running water. Excellent cuisine. **HEYMAN & GOTTHOLD, Props.**  
 Inquire at above address and also until July 1 at 226 W. 116th St., New York City. Telephone 5613 Morningside.

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**MRS. M. WEINBERG, Prop.**  
 Accommodates 150.  
 A first-class hotel, with every modern convenience. Hungarian Cuisine. Situated Near the Beach.  
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 Bath Houses to rent for the Season. No Transient Bathers. All Houses Clean and Neat and Exposed to the Sun. Excellent Service and one of the Best Life Savers on the Coast.

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**GEORGE E. STULTS, Prop.** Bath Houses Rented by the Season, Month or Week. Transient Guests Cared for at Usual Rates.  
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**FRY, ISAAC.**—In pursuance of an order of Hon. John P. Cohalan, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Isaac Fry, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscriber, at her place of transacting business, at the office of Davis & Kaufmann, Nos. 49 and 51 Chambers Street, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the 1st day of October next.  
 Dated New York, the 8th day of March, 1909.  
**CLARA BERTUCCI, Administratrix.**  
**DAVIS & KAUFMANN, Attorneys for Estate**  
 Nos. 49-51 Chambers Street, New York City.

**BERTUCH, MOE.**—In pursuance of an order of Hon. John P. Cohalan, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Moe Bertuch, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscriber, at her place of transacting business, at No. 153 Nassau Street, in the City of New York, on or before the 30th day of September next.  
 Dated New York, the 9th day of March, 1909.  
**CLARA BERTUCH, Administratrix.**  
**JACOBS & LIVINGSTON, Attys. for Adm'rs,**  
 Nassau St., Manhattan, New York City.

**BENNETT, SARAH.**—In pursuance of an order of Hon. John P. Cohalan, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Sarah Bennett, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscriber at his place of transacting business, No. 87 Nassau Street, in the City of New York, on or before the 1st day of September next.  
 Dated New York, the 16th day of February, 1909.  
**LEE W. BENNETT, Administrator.**  
**MOSES COWEN, Attorney for Administrator.**  
 No. 87 Nassau Street, New York City.

**KAPLON, ISAAC.**—In pursuance of an order of Hon. John P. Cohalan, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Isaac Kaplon, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscriber, at her place of transacting business, at the office of H. M. and S. Solomon, her attorneys, at No. 119 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the 1st day of February next.  
 Dated New York, the 20th day of July, 1909.  
**ANNIE KAPLON, Administratrix.**  
**H. M. and S. SOLOMON, Attorneys for Administratrix,**  
 119 Nassau Street, Manhattan, New York City.

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**SONN, ABRAHAM H.**—In pursuance of an order of Hon. John P. Cohalan, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Abraham H. Sonn, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers therefor to the subscribers at their place of transacting business, No. 322 East Forty-fourth Street, in the City of New York, on or before the 1st day of February next.  
 Dated New York, the 18th day of July, 1909.  
**SAMUEL SONN, MOODY SONN, Executors.**  
**JACOB MARX, Attorney for Executors,**  
 10 Wall Street, New York City.

**ERDMANN, SARAH.**—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Sarah Erdmann, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscriber at his place of transacting business, viz., the office of Kurzman & Frankenhaimer, No. 25 Broad Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before November 10, 1909.  
 Dated New York, May 7, 1909.  
**MARTIN ERDMANN, Executor.**  
**KURZMAN & FRANKENHEIMER, Attorneys for Executor,**  
 No. 25 Broad Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

**HUTTER, LEOPOLD.**—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Leopold Hutter, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscribers, at their place of transacting business, at the office of Arnstein & Levy, No. 128 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 22d day of September next.  
 Dated New York, the 24th day of February, 1909.  
**ERANUEL ARNSTEIN, BENJAMIN WERTHEIMER, HENRY LEIPZIGER, ALFRED HUTTER, Executors.**  
**SAMUEL LEVY, Executor.**  
**128 Broadway, Manhattan, New York City.**  
**FREDERICK F. EISEMANN, 41 Park Row, Manhattan, New York City.**  
**MAX ARNSTEIN, 116 Nassau Street, Manhattan, New York City, Attorneys for Executors.**

**ANGELAKIS, LOUIS,** also known as LOUIS ANGELAKIS and LOUIS ANGELAKY.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. John P. Cohalan, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against LOUIS ANGELAKIS, also known as LOUIS ANGELAKES and LOUIS ANGELAKY, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscriber at his place of transacting business, at the office of Marks & Marks, No. 63 Park Row, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 14th day of February next.  
 Dated New York, the 4th day of August, 1909.  
**JOHN A. ANGELAKIS, Administrator.**  
**MARKS & MARKS, Attorneys for Administrator,**  
 No. 63 Park Row, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

**WOLF, LOUIS.**—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Louis Wolf, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscriber, at her place of transacting business, at the office of Albert W. Veninon, 59 Wall Street, in the City of New York, on or before the 15th day of February, 1910.  
 Dated New York, August 24, 1909.  
**REBECCA WOLF, Executrix.**  
**ALBERT W. VENINON, Attorney for Executrix,**  
 59 Wall Street, Manhattan, New York.

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are constantly attracting increased numbers desiring to escape the heat and discomfort of the city.  
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 reach the heart of the Catskills at high elevation, thus affording beautiful mountain views superior to any other route. Direct connection with the N. Y. Central trains leaving New York at 7.54 and 11.11 A. M. Also the "HUDSON RIVER SPECIAL" at 4.02 P. M.; the West Shore trains leaving New York, West 42d St., at 7.30 and 11.30 A. M. and 2.15 P. M. Also direct connections with the HUDSON RIVER DAY LINE and the CATSKILL EVENING LINE steamers, who will forward on application list of boarding houses located in the Catskills.  
**PURCHASE TICKETS VIA CATSKILL.**

**DORMITZER, KAROLINE.**—The people of the State of New York, by the grace of God Free and Independent, to Frederick Hirsch, Jeanette Reeb, Josephine Levin, Caroline Mayer, Emma Kiefer, Isaac Mayer and Bernard N. Schwartz, the heirs and next of kin of Karoline Dormitzer, deceased, send greeting:  
 Whereas, Alice W. Williams, of the City of New York, has lately applied to the Surrogate's Court of our County of New York, to have a certain instrument in writing, relating to both real and personal property, lawfully proved as the last will and testament of Karoline Dormitzer, late of the County of New York, deceased, therefore you and each of you are cited to appear before the Surrogate of our County of New York, at his office in the County of New York, on the 22d day of September, one thousand nine hundred and nine, at half-past ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, then and there to attend the probate of the said last will and testament.  
 And such of you as are hereby cited, as are under the age of twenty-one years, are required to appear by your guardian, if you have one, or if you have none, to appear and apply for one to be appointed, or in the event of your neglect or failure to do so, a guardian will be appointed by the Surrogate to represent and act for you in the proceeding.  
 In testimony whereof, we have caused the seal of the Surrogate's Court of the County of New York to be hereunto affixed.  
 Witness, Hon. John P. Cohalan, a Surrogate of our said County of New York, at said County, the 29th day of July, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and nine.  
**DANIEL J. DOWNEY, Clerk of the Surrogate's Court.**  
**LEOPOLD B. POLIAK, Attorney for Petitioner,**  
 41 Park Row, New York City.

**BAMBERGER, PAULINE.**—In pursuance of an order of Hon. John P. Cohalan, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Pauline Bamberger, late of the County of New York, to present the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscribers, at their place of transacting business, at the office of Blumenstiel & Blumenstiel, 27 Pine Street, City of New York, on or before the 15th day of February next.  
 Dated New York, August 2, 1909.  
**IRVING W. BAMBERGER, LEON J. BAMBERGER, Executors.**  
**BLUMENSTIEL & BLUMENSTIEL, Attorneys for Executors,**  
 27 Pine Street, New York City.

**WALTER, PHILIP.**—In pursuance of an order of Hon. John P. Cohalan, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Philip Walter, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, viz., the office of Messrs. Kurzman & Frankenhaimer, No. 25 Broad Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, the City of New York, on or before the 14th day of February, 1910.  
 Dated New York, the 31st day of July, 1909.  
**LOUIS S. FRANKENHEIMER, WILLIAM FRANKENHEIMER, Executors.**  
**KURZMAN & FRANKENHEIMER, Attorneys for Executors,**  
 25 Broad Street, Manhattan, New York City.

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Correspondence.

In the Religious Melting-Pot.

Editor Hebrew Standard:—In a recent number you published the remark of your London correspondent that at a time when the English Jew has been convinced that America can do community work in many ways better than he can, it is rather confusing to get from an interview with the Rev. Prof. Asher some pessimistic views with regard to American Judaism. Anticipating that fact, I wrote to the Jewish Chronicle on the subject, and as the matter concerns our own community even more than the English, it must interest your readers to learn the contents of that letter. I therefore request the courtesy of your finding place for it in your next issue.

Yours respectfully,  
A FOUNDER OF THE OLD SEMINARY.

New York, Aug. 1, 1909.

To the Editor of the Jewish Chronicle, Sir:—Coming so soon after the laudations of the Hebrew Union College and its graduates by "I. A." and similar glorifications of American Reform Judaism and its Rabbis, by "Tattler," your readers must have suffered a rude awakening on noticing the disastrous effects of irreligion in New York, as portrayed by the Rev. Prof. Asher in an interview with your representative. "Tattler" had an opportunity to correct his error when his attention was called by Lord Swathling to a criticism of it in the Hebrew Standard, but he could not overcome his predilection, and preferred to repeat it by extolling the activities of the Union of American Hebrew Congregations. He overlooked that its very life depends on its recruiting activities, to repair the losses by desertions in the third generations.

An incorrect impression that may be suggested by the interview is one contained in your comment thereon, that "the transplanting was so extensive that philanthropy was not equal to the religious equipment of the newcomers." What the information contained in the Hebrew Standard distinctly brought out was the fact that the present condition was primarily caused by all philanthropic aid to the newcomers having been made dependent on their rejection of every rite that distinguishes the Jew from his fellow-citizens of other faiths or no faith. This is how Americanization came to mean de-Judaization. While exonerating the Amsterdam Portuguese Jews of exclusiveness in the matter of the "bar" which marked the limit beyond which non-members of their synagogue were not permitted to pass during divine service, "Tattler" could not resist the temptation to censure the intolerance those orthodox Jews manifested in their cruel treatment of Uriel Acosta and Spinoza, although it is improbable that anybody in the wide world within the reach of his pen was not already familiar with the cases of those two martyrs to the persecution of the Synagogue. Yet, who is willing to speak of the continuous course of years of despotism of "Liberal" Judaism, which has spread demoralization, bringing heathenism in its train, and entailing misery on unborn generations? At last, to take the place of prevention—which has always been the aim of orthodox Judaism—at the dedication of a protector which can provide but for a small fraction of the juvenile delinquents, Mr. Louis Marshall found it obligatory to recommend a return to Judaism as indispensable for the Jewish Chronicle remarks, "whether certain remedies that are being applied will enable Judaism in America to offer an effective resistance to the disruptive influences there at work."

Every Jew that has witnessed the consequences of Reform Judaism must know that they are too grave not to call for iteration and reiteration of the subject if he would be mindful of his duty to God and of the welfare of his fellow-creatures. So the object of the present writing is not to descend on the past, which cannot be recalled, except as a warning. Dr. Asher speaks hopefully of Mr. Jacob Schiff's two contributions of \$50,000 each to found training colleges for teachers in New York and Cincinnati which will be connected with the theological seminaries in those cities. It must be added that they are to work in unison. Now, considering that the New York Seminary is professedly an orthodox institution, and that American Reform Judaism stands to-day for the negation of every doctrine that until the last century was regarded as an essential of Judaism, it is impossible for an unsophisticated commoner to understand how they are to reconcile their differences. It must not be forgotten that the New York Seminary was established on account of the "Pittsburg Convention" whose platform denounced some of the most vital Biblical—no Rabbinical—precepts; that Dr. Kohler was the spokesman or most prominent figure of that convention; and that the same unrepentant Dr. Kohler is now president of the Cincinnati Theological College. In the late Rev. Dr. S. Morais's (published) letter of November, 1885, to the writer advocating the establishment of a rival college in the East, he said: "The history of the last decade has revealed the sad fact the college now existing in the West will unavoidably continue to give us teachers and preachers of a mind-antagonistic to the faith which our fathers preserved at the cost of their lives. We need not possess extraordinary acumen to foresee the consequences—vulgar compromises which will lower Sinai and exalt Calvary—or to say it plainly, the Christianization of the religion of Moses will be the final issue." We must then prepare to fight the destroyers with intellectual weapons. Therefore allowing that the New York Seminary were academically, even ultra-orthodox,

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as long as there is no line of demarcation between religion and irreligion, the majority of the people will follow the path of least resistance. Add to this the fact that wealth is honored as the source of all benevolence, and, to my mind, the end of the training colleges must be to seat materialism more firmly in the saddle. Only the present preponderance of foreign Jews subdues the blatancy of Reform.

I cannot close this letter without expressing the hope that Zionists will see to it that the gifts of German or German-American Reform Jews be not used to influence instruction in Palestine in antagonism to the doctrines of the Messianic Law. Reform will not promote the "Messianic era" spoken of in Rev. Isidore Harris's recent sermon; and the work of the true Zionist is to fulfil the Word of God.

Yours respectfully,  
A FOUNDER OF THE OLD SEMINARY.  
New York, July 12, 1909.

Hebrew Ladies' Auxiliary of Bath Beach.

The charity whist given Wednesday afternoon, July 28, one of the series that the society has been giving all season, was quite successful. It was well attended, and the prizes were very pretty and attractive. The committee in charge, Mrs. A. Assenheim and Mrs. Schwarzeich, were unsparring in their efforts to make the afternoon as pleasant as possible.

Arverne Notes.

The social activities in Arverne are at their zenith. Benefit performances, balls, beach parties and lawn fetes vie with each other in supplying entertainment for the visitors. For those who prefer a stroll after dinner, there is the board walk with its panorama of ever changing faces and costumes.

Last Thursday night a prize waltz was held at the Shore Annex, adjoining the Arverne Hotel, which was attended by a tremendous crowd of friends and relatives of the participants. The judges, after a lengthy deliberation, awarded the first prizes to Rita Simon and Milton Simpson. The second was captured by Laura Levine and Harold Dessar.

Saturday night a benefit performance for the Daughters of Jacob Home, was held at the Arverne Pier Theatre. The house was well filled and a large sum was realized.

Sunday night the Pier Theatre was thrown open for a similar purpose, in aid of the Sanatorium for Hebrew Children. Headliners from the legitimate and the vaudeville stages tendered their services in behalf of a worthy cause. The proceeds will greatly assist in maintaining the institution for some time to come.

The voting contest for the Queen of the Arverne Carnival, to be held late this month, is progressing rapidly. The rivalry is spirited—yet kindly—and the girls have a fine opportunity for judging their popularity. As the amount of votes change every day it is impossible to give the exact figures when this issue appears. The most active entries are Misses Rene Salvin, Elsie Van Praag, Sophie Glemby and Juliette Robinson.

On August 7, 1909, a masque ball and entertainment will be held at the Majestic Hotel for the benefit of the Har Moriah Hospital.

With the advent of August and its accompanying "dog days" the hotels are kept crowded with heated New Yorkers seeking a cool spot. Among the recent arrivals at the leading hotels are the following:

The Beth Israel Hospital subscription dance will be held at the Arverne Hotel Shore Annex Casino Wednesday evening August 18, 1909.

Colonial Hall.—Jacob Fox, Mrs. S. Fox, Miss Fox, Mr. Sam Kenberg, Mr. Philip Gross, Mrs. H. Bach, Misses H. and T. Bach, Miss Olga Schreiber, Miss Alice Colat.

Majestic Hotel.—Mr. J. Fleischer, Miss Rose Lesser, Mrs. Marcus Schiff, Miss Mabel Schiff, Miss Clara Schiff, Mr. S. Greenberg, Mrs. L. Kleeman, Mr. I. E. Roth.

A Correction.

In Alter Abelson's poem "Liberal of Graves," printed recently, a typographical error made the line intended to read "A Hebrew Payeth for His Grave," was published as "A Hebrew Payeth for His Grave," conveying a meaning altogether different from that intended by the author.

Belmar, N. J.

Following is a list of recent arrivals at the Hotel Colonial: Messrs. H. Meyerson, E. Schept, M. Rosenberg, S. Schept, J. Lipps, of Brooklyn; M. Felsen, J. Felsen, W. Glickman, M. Neufeld, S. Peshep, J. Peshep, of New York; Dr. Meyers and family, E. S. Annin and wife, E. Payne and wife of New York; the Misses L. Ferber, A. Weiman, Rosenberg, L. Rosenband, P. Ober and Mrs. W. Weinreb, of New York.

NEWS FROM ENGLAND.

(Special and exclusive to the Hebrew Standard. From our Correspondent.)

Itoists in Convention, at Dinner and in Public Assembly.

The very brief reference to the special meetings of the International Council of the Ito which we added to our letter last week may now be rather expanded. Delegates were present from England, Austria, Belgium, France, Germany, Holland, Russia, South Africa, and Switzerland.

Mr. Zangwill in welcoming the delegates devoted special mention to the death of Louis Loeb, the celebrated American painter, who was also a member of the American Council. Dealing with the labors of himself and his colleagues of the British section, he pointed out that the dispatch of the Cyrenaica expedition was only a small part of their work. Without talking in any way egotistically, he said that he had interviewed four Prime Ministers and a large number of Cabinet ministers and business men with a view to making the situation and prospects of the Jewish community here clear to people of all beliefs.

He concluded his address by electrifying his audience with an offer to resign, although the Ito constitution contains no provision for a change of president. He urged the delegates to accept his resignation, both with a view to honoring the democratic principle and to disassociate their great movement from any single personality, especially a personality such as his, which, unfortunately, had aroused considerable enmity in certain quarters.

Mr. Zangwill's special report to the Council dealt with the Mesopotamian and other territorial schemes, and also with the projects and proposals for the co-operation of the Ito with other associations. From a survey of various geographical and territorial schemes the Ito has drawn to and concentrated upon Mesopotamia, and he went on to show how the successful acquisition of that territory would call for help both from the capitalist and the laborer, the former being the engineer of the financial part and the latter of the colonizing portion.

It is in connection very largely with the financing of the scheme that co-operation with other organizations becomes an essential, indicated Mr. Zangwill, and he showed further with regard to the colonization portion of the scheme that two phases could be passed through, one being an earlier stage existing so long as the Jewish emigrants were in the minority in the country selected (even though it were autonomously governed) and the latter one where the Jews had become the predominant people.

Mr. Zangwill sat down in a torrent of applause, and Mr. H. M. Kisch, C. S. I., and Dr. Jassinowski (a venerable and picturesque figure with snow-white hair and flowing white beard) tendered the meeting's warmest thanks of Mr. Zangwill and pressed him to withdraw his resignation. In a scene of great enthusiasm, Mr. Zangwill consented.

In later sessions, the meeting was invited to once more study the Cyrenaica scheme. Dr. N. Slousch and Engineer N. M. Tropp being great upon this. Engineer Lipetz made a thoughtful contribution to the proceedings when he pointed out that the Jewish question could not be considered wholly as a hunger question. Other gentlemen brought up the East African project, whilst Herr Schmidt, of Austria, would hand over both the East African and the Cyrenaica schemes to the Ica, to which organization he said they were more suitable than to the Ito.

Dr. Wunderlich, in his paper on organization questions, declared that it would be sufficient to have everywhere representatives of headquarters who should not have their hands tied by an excess of application of democratic principles. "In order that the president should not be over-burdened with work," said Dr. Wunderlich, "he should be authorized to select several associates at his own discretion."

Engineer S. Ginsburg, in the debate which followed, attacked Zangwill for insufficient concessions to democracy, whilst Mr. Kisch, of Amsterdam, supported Dr. Wunderlich and said it should be made clear to the public that the great financial and political negotiations that now lay before the Ito would necessarily entail waiting, during which period only emigration work could be pushed on. The masses must be made to understand this.

Dr. Goldberg said that the Ito should avoid the mistake of Baron Hirsch who had not the masses behind him and the mistake of the Zionists who had not the rich with them.

The final resolutions practically embody the actual work of the gathering, and they are as follows:

1. The Conference has received with satisfaction the President's report on colonization possibilities in Mesopotamia and other countries, as well as on co-operation with other organizations and persons.

2. The Conference considers the present moment to be opportune for suitably developing the Ito organization.

3. In view of the favorable results of the Galveston emigration, the Conference resolves to turn its attention to the regulation of general Jewish emigration and recommends to the Ito branches to take into consideration that field of activity.

At the dinner of the Council which followed, Mr. Zangwill said the Ito was ready to co-operate with anyone to further its cause, and he specified Zionists,

Christians and Mohammedans. Dr. Jassinowski, in German, said he had worked for the Zionism and now he was working for the Ito. The work was sacred, and he trusted the Ito and its president would live to see its objects perceived.

Dr. Wunderlich, also in German, regretted that the Ito was not so strong in Germany as it should be, and he hoped as they were under Herzl so they would be under Zangwill. Herr Schmidt said the Ito was now four years old. After the seventh Zionist Congress at Basle they were all dispirited, but Zangwill had raised the banner again, and in a very short space of time a vast organization had been called into being and was carrying out valuable negotiations and expeditions.

Andre Spire, in French, remarked that there were fewer Itoists in France than in England, and he hoped Zangwill would visit France and help the movement there.

Joseph Fels, in English, said if there was to be an Itoland it must be a free land, and that he stood for free land free men and free trade. Itoland must be a land of the people, and if they were to have the capitalist they must have him only as a money-lender, not as an owner of men. Private ownership of land would bring poverty, crime and sadness to Itoland, as it had brought them everywhere else. Amidst the scene of remarkable enthusiasm which signified the closing sentences of Joseph Fels' speech, he declared that when Itoland came he would give it half of whatever he was then worth.

Marion H. Spielmann had charge of the toast of "Art and Literature," and remarked wittily that after two days talk on the art of cultivation it was only right they should have two minutes on the cultivation of art. He paid a further tribute to the late Louis Loeb and coupled the name of Solomon J. Soloman, R. A., with the toast, and asked him to give them a great historic picture. The Chief Rabbi already figured on one of the frescoes representing law at the new Old Bailey.

Mr. Soloman, in responding, spoke in highest praise of Louis Loeb who, he declared, was one of the greatest black-and-white artists in America and also one of the foremost American painters.

Mrs. Zangwill's speech was very witty, and she foreshadowed a dinner in Itoland which would comprise only two courses—roast quail and manna—but she hoped it would be Kosher.

Lastly there came the Sunday night demonstration at the Pavilion Theatre, Mile End, when the speeches were delivered in five different languages. In the course of his speech there, Zangwill said that Mesopotamia was perhaps marshy and unpromising, but not more so than the mud islands on which Venice was eventually established. On unpromising grounds a beautiful, famous, and mighty city had been erected.

To illustrate the position of Zionism to the Ito, Zangwill told a story which vastly amused the gathering. A froom Jew and a link Jew decided to dine together, and the latter said as the place was immaterial to him he would go to a Kosher restaurant. But it was closed, and, of course, the froom Jew would not go to a trifa restaurant. There was, however, a way out—a vegetarian restaurant. If, explained Zangwill, East Africa was trifa, and Palestine was closed, Mesopotamia was at least vegetarian. He went on to regard the circular issued by Herr Wolffsohn asking for funds to "colonize in the Orient" as an indication that it meant co-operation with the Ito. It was not their money that was wanted as much as their sympathy. The principles of the Ito had penetrated everywhere; people had quite turned round from their impractical ideas. The principle of the Ito was concentration, which was a natural law. But concentration was not enough it must be under self-government, and on a basis of agriculture. This brought him to the question of autonomy, to which there had been a good deal of opposition. "But our programme does not speak of autonomy," declared Mr. Zangwill, "because we know autonomy at the beginning is almost an impossible ideal. No Jews have only to become predominant in a land by settling there. Then by obtaining votes they will secure autonomy. But this will take years."

"The House Next Door" Re-opens.  
J. E. Dodson, who scored the greatest personal triumph of his histrionic career as Sir John Cotswold in "The House Next Door" last season, will resume his part in this clever comedy, which re-opens at the Gaiety Theatre next Monday night. Mr. Dodson will be supported by the entire original cast. "The House Next Door" has as its main theme the question of race prejudice, but so cleverly is this theme handled and with such sparkling humor and satire as to make the idea for the very existence of this prejudice ridiculous.

Thousands have already seen and enjoyed this masterpiece by Hartley Mann, last season, and its re-opening at the Gaiety Theatre again will undoubtedly be looked for with delight.

Plainfield, N. J.

The sixtieth birthday of Dr. Max Nordau will be celebrated at the Y. M. H. A. Building, Grove street, under the auspices of the Bnei Zion, Sunday, August 8, at 8 p. m. A. H. Fromson will deliver the oration of the evening.

Jews Accept Christianity.

The Hebrew paper, Had Hazman, which appears in Wilna, Russia, reports an unusual number of conversions to Christianity, which recently took place in Elizabethgrad. Most of the apostates are young students who embrace Christianity in order to be admitted into the universities and other educational institutions. Strange as it may seem, many of these youths secured the consent of their parents in the step which they took. Within one week six young men became converts with the consent of their parents. The newspaper tells of a Jewish father who himself suggested conversion to his children in order that they may be able to advance in their studies.

Long Branch, N. J.

A grand charity whist was held at the Atlantic Hotel last week, under the auspices of Mrs. Harry Fischel. The affair was a financial as well as a social success and the proceeds are to be divided evenly between the Hebrew Day Nursery and the Home of the Daughters of Jacob. Among the ladies who assisted Mrs. Fischel were Mrs. Silberblatt, Mrs. Polansky, Mrs. Siff and Mrs. Goldman. Mrs. Simon Glaser, proprietress of the Atlantic Hotel, furnished refreshments gratis.

A very interesting sermon was delivered to the residents of Long Branch by the Rev. Dr. M. M. Kaplan at the West End Villas, Cottage Place, on Saturday afternoon, July 24. The subject related to the observance of the "ninth day of Ab" in three various spheres of observances. Rabbi Kaplan also spoke regarding the orthodox Jewish residents building a synagogue, which is a necessity in Long Branch. Quite a number of guests from the various hotels and neighboring cottages attended and highly appreciated the sermon.

At the Brighton Beach Music Hall the stellar attraction next week will be Charmion, the "perfect woman," and acknowledgedly the greatest of women gymnasts and athletes now before the public. Augusta Glöse will be heard in a "pianologue," and Clarence Wilbur and his "Phunny Pholks" will present a musical skit showing the funny side of life in a "deestric" school. Howard and Howard, Hilariion and Rosalia Ceballos, with their nine "Phantastic Phantoms," Walsh, Lyncen and Company, in "Huckins' Run"; "Job," the clown, and his funny dog, "Tip"; Grace Garner and company, and new importations in motion photography, shown for the first time by the kinetograph, will complete the bill.

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WHAT ABOUT THE POOR?

OUR WORK

During the year 1908 we have given burial to 1690 dead of the Jewish poor:

Removed from residences... 753  
Bellevue Hospital and the morgues... 210  
Other hospitals and institutions... 697  
From outside the city... 28  
Reinterred from Non-Jewish Cemeteries... 4

Provide for proper burial of the dead of our poor, in your wills, by donations and memberships in

Agudath Achim Chesed Shel Emeth, THE HEBREW CHARITABLE BURIAL ASSOCIATION, 245 Grand Street, NEW YORK.

CHILDREN'S PAGE.

Good-Children Street.

By Eugene Field.

There's a dear little home in Good-Children Street— My heart turneth fondly to-day Where tinkle of tongues and patter of feet Make sweetest of music at play; Where the sunshine of love illumines each face And warms every heart in that old-fashioned place.

For dear little children go romping about With dollies and tin tops and drums, And, my! how they frolic and scamper and shout Till bedtime too speedily comes! O, legions of soldiers you're certain to meet— Nice make-believe soldiers—in Good-Children Street.

See, here comes an army with guns painted red, And swords, caps, and plumes of all sorts; The captain rides gaily and proudly ahead On a stick-horse that prances and snorts! Oh, legion of soldiers you're certain to meet— Nice make-believe soldiers—in Good-Children Street.

And yonder Odette wheels her dolly about— Poor dolly! I'm sure she is ill, For one of her blue china eyes has dropped out And her voice is asthmaticly shrill, Then, too, I observe she is minus her feet, Which causes much sorrow in Good-Children Street.

'Tis so the dear children go romping about With dollies and banners and drums, And I venture to say they are sadly put out When an end to their jubilee comes; O, days they are golden and days they are fleet With little folks living in Good-Children Street.

But when falleth night over river and town, Those little folks vanish from sight, And an angel all white from the sky cometh down And guardeth the babes through the night, And singeth her lullabies tender and sweet To the dear little people in Good-Children Street.

Though elsewhere the world be o'erburdened with care, Though poverty fall to my lot, Though toil and vexation be always my share, What care I—they trouble me no! This thought maketh life joyous and sweet: There's a dear little home in Good-Children Street.

The Guardian And His Ward.

DEAR CHILDREN:

THIS Sabbath we read the Sedrah called Aykeb. It begins from the 12th paragraph, 7th chapter, and ends with the 25th paragraph, 11th chapter of Deuteronomy. The Holy One, blessed be He, promised the Jews a great reward if they would obey his commandments. That reward would consist in the fulfillment of the promise He made to our fathers, Abraham, Isaac and Jacob.

The Dubner Maggid very properly asks, "Why must the Jewish people depend upon the promise made to their fathers when they keep the commandments and ought to receive the reward for their own sakes?"

But our great Preacher never asks a question just to puzzle people. He simply calls your attention to the question you are likely to ask and then gives you the answer in the way you like it best, that is, a nice story.

An old man had a young child for whom he saved up one thousand dollars; however, he was such a little lad! How could he be trusted with so much money? He would either lose it, or it would be stolen from him, or else he would spend it in a short time for childish trifles.

The old father therefore called upon his best friend and begged him to keep the money for his child and to become his guardian, to raise him up in his house, let him eat at his table and take good care of the fortune he had left for him. When the boy grew old enough his guardian took him in to his place of business and gave him a position in his office as book-keeper, paying him a certain amount as his yearly salary.

Thus several years passed by. One day the little lad, who had grown into a youth, discovered that

here was a thousand dollars, which he had inherited from his father, in his master's keeping. Said he to himself: "Why shall I work for others and eat at a stranger's table?" He went to his master and said: "Please let me have my money, so that I will have it to live on and will not have to work any more." "Yes," said the guardian to his ward, "You may have your money if you want it, but if you will take my advice you will not touch it yet, because if you take it now you will surely spend it all in a short time, and you will remain penniless; it is therefore best for you to keep on working at whatever occupation you like and live from your earnings whilst your money lies safely in my care; you will be glad to have it at a later day when you will need it most." Thus it is with us.

Our pious ancestors, the Patriarchs, have given the merit of their good deeds to the Holy One, blessed be He to keep for us, their children, that we should have the enjoyment thereof in the future. Now, if He would let us have our inheritance now, we would use it up little by little until nothing would remain of the reward of merit for our Patriarch's good deeds. Therefore did the Guardian of Israel tell us:

"And it shall come to pass in reward for that ye will hearken to these ordinances, and keep, and do them (then will ye have the profit) that the Lord thy God will keep unto thee the covenant and the kindness which He hath sworn unto thy fathers"—that is, He will keep it for thee as a guardian keeps a trust for his ward, that nothing should fail therefrom.

The lesson your loving grandpa wishes you to learn, my dear children, is this:

It is true we have a great and glorious future, but we must work in

the present as true children of Abraham, Isaac and Jacob, in order to enjoy that future. We must love God as Abraham loved Him, be as obedient as Isaac and as steadfast as Jacob, then will we deserve our name Israel the Conqueror, and Jeshurun, the Upright, and then will we get our reward.

TRAITTEL, BERNARD P.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. John P. Cohalan, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Bernard P. Traitte, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at their place of transacting business, viz.: the office of Messrs. Kurzman & Krankelheimer, No. 22 Broad Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, on or before the 21st day of August, 1909.

VEIT, JULIAN NELSON.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. John P. Cohalan, a Surrogate of the County of New York, dated March 10, 1909, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Julian Nelson Veit, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers at their place of transacting business at the offices of their attorneys, Messrs. Cardozo and Nathan, No. 128 Broadway, in the City of New York, on or before the 15th day of October next.

KLEIN, SARAH.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. John P. Cohalan, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Sarah Klein, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at their place of transacting business, at the office of Armetz, Levy & Pfeiffer, No. 128 Broadway, in the City of New York, on or before the 20th day of November next.

GABRIEL, MAX.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. John P. Cohalan, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Max Gabriel, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at their place of transacting business, at the office of Heyn & Covington, No. 60 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the 4th day of January next.

BARNETT, MOSES.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Moses Barnett, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers at their place of transacting business, No. 11 East 124th Street, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the 1st day of January, 1910.

EDUCATIONAL, INSTRUCTION, &c. THE KOHUT SCHOOL FOR BOYS. Successor to the Weingart Institute City School, 2041-2045 SEVENTH AVENUE. The only Home and Day Schools for Jewish Boys in the United States, Elementary, Intermediate and Academic Departments. OPENS SEPTEMBER 28.

PHILLIPS & LUNEVSKY'S Hebrew School for Boys and Girls. BERNHEIMER BLDG., 116TH STREET AND LENOX AVENUE. Pupils are taught everything pertaining to the Hebrew language, Jewish religion and history. Five classes. Expert teachers. Best methods.

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FRIEDLANDER, ALBERT.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Albert Friedlander, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers at their place of transacting business, at the office of Edmond E. Wise, No. 15 William Street, in the City of New York, on or before the 28th day of December next.

BORN, EMIL.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. John P. Cohalan, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Emil Born, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business at the office of his attorney, Nos. 93-99 Nassau Street, in the City of New York, on or before the 4th day of September next.

SPIRO, CAROLINE.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Caroline Spiro, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, at the office of Ross & Finkel, No. 128 Broadway, in the City of New York, on or before the 15th day of January, 1910.

WOLFSOHN, HENRY.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Henry Wolfsohn, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, at the office of Benno Loewy, Esq., Nos. 206 and 208 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the first day of January next.

STEINMAN, KARL.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. John P. Cohalan, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Karl Steinman, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, at the office of Maurice Marks, No. 41 Park Row, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the 1st day of December next.

KEAN, LOUIS.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. John P. Cohalan, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Louis Kean, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers at their place of transacting business, at their place of transacting business, viz.: the office of Lewkowitz & Schaap, No. 73 Nassau Street, in the City of New York, on or before the 15th day of October next.

ROSENTHAL, SAMUEL.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Samuel Rosenthal, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, Nos. 61-65 Park Row, in the City of New York, on or before the 1st day of December next.

BROWN, BERTHA.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Bertha Brown, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, at No. 280 Broadway, in the City of New York, on or before the 25th day of October next.

New York University Law School. 78th Year opens Sept. 23. Morning Class, 9-12. Afternoon Class, 4-6. Evening Class, 8-10. Degrees LL. B., LL. M., J. D. Address L. J. Tompkins, Sec., Washington Sq., N. Y.

CARD. Summer Vacation School of the WEINGART INSTITUTE. HIGHMOUNT, CATSKILL MTS., N. Y. June 1, 1909. I hereby wish to inform my friends and patrons that there are no more vacancies for this term. Applications for the summer of 1910 should be directed to Highmount during this summer, and to 593 Broadway, New York, after September 15.

CASWELL ACADEMY. Healthy, situated at the foot of historic Mount Beacon. Up-to-date Gymnasium, ample grounds. Desirable place for boys to spend their summer vacations. Swimming, rowing, field sports, mountain climbing, camping. Address T. J. KENNEDY, Fishkill-on-Hudson, N. Y.

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EXPLANATION—MATTER IN ITALICS IS NEW; MATTER IN BRACKETS [ ] IS OLD MATTER TO BE OMITTED.

STATE OF NEW YORK, OFFICE OF THE Secretary of State, Albany, July 24, 1909.—Pursuant to the provisions of section one of article fourteen of the Constitution of the State of New York, and section two hundred and ninety-five of the Election Law, notice is hereby given that the following proposed amendment to section twelve of article six of the Constitution of the State of New York, is to be submitted to the people for approval at the next general election in this State to be held on the second day of November, nineteen hundred and nine. SAMUEL S. KOENIG, Secretary of State.

AMENDMENT NUMBER ONE. Concurrent Resolution of the Senate and Assembly, proposing an amendment to section twelve of article six of the constitution, in relation to the compensation of justices of the supreme court.

Section 1. Resolved (if the Assembly concur), That section twelve of article six of the constitution be amended to read as follows: § 12. [The judges and justices hereinbefore mentioned shall receive for their services a compensation established by law, which shall not be increased or diminished during their official terms, except as provided in section five of this article.] No person shall hold the office of judge or justice of any court longer than until and including the last day of December next after he shall be seventy years of age. [No judge or justice elected after the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-four, shall be entitled to receive any compensation after the last day of December next after he shall be seventy years of age; but the compensation of every judge of the court of appeals or justice of the supreme court elected prior to the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-four, whose term of office has been, or whose present term of office shall be, so abridged, and who shall have served as such judge or justice ten years or more, shall be continued during the remainder of the term for which he was elected; but any such judge or justice may, with his consent, be assigned by the governor, from time to time, to any duty in the supreme court while his compensation is so continued.] Each justice of the supreme court shall receive from the state the sum of ten thousand dollars per year. Those assigned to the appellate divisions in the third and fourth departments shall each receive in addition the sum of two thousand dollars, and the presiding justices thereof the sum of two thousand five hundred dollars per year. Those justices elected in the first and second judicial departments shall continue to receive from their respective cities, counties or districts, as now provided by law, such additional compensation as will make their aggregate compensation what they are now receiving. Those justices elected in any judicial department other than the first or second, and assigned to the appellate divisions of the first or second departments shall, while so assigned, receive from those departments respectively, as now provided by law, such additional sum as is paid to the justices of those departments. A justice elected in the third or fourth department assigned by the appellate division or designated by the governor to hold a trial or special term in a judicial district other than that in which he is elected shall receive in addition ten dollars per day for expenses while actually so engaged in holding such term, which shall be paid by the state and charged upon the judicial district where the service is rendered. The compensation herein provided shall be in lieu of and shall exclude all other compensation and allowance to said justices for expenses of every kind and nature whatsoever. The provisions of this section shall apply to the judges and justices now in office and to those hereafter elected. § 2. Resolved (if the Assembly concur), That the foregoing amendment be submitted to the people for approval at the general election to be held in the year nineteen hundred and nine, in accordance with the provisions of the election law.

State of New York, In Senate, February 16, 1909.—The foregoing resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the Senators elected, voting in favor thereof. By order of the Senate, HORACE WHITE, President.

State of New York, In Assembly, February 17, 1909.—The foregoing resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the members elected to the Assembly voting in favor thereof. By order of the Assembly, J. W. WADSWORTH, Jr., Speaker.

State of New York, Office of the Secretary of State, Albany, July 24, 1909.—I have compared the preceding copy of concurrent resolution with the original concurrent resolution on file in this office, and I do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom, and of the whole thereof. Given under my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State at the city of Albany, this twenty-fourth day of July, in the year of our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and nine. [L. S.] SAMUEL S. KOENIG, Secretary of State.

FORM FOR SUBMISSION OF AMENDMENT NUMBER ONE. Shall the proposed amendment to section twelve of article six of the Constitution, in relation to the compensation of Justices of the Supreme Court, be approved?

EXPLANATION—MATTER IN ITALICS IS NEW. STATE OF NEW YORK, OFFICE OF THE Secretary of State, Albany, July 24, 1909.—Pursuant to the provisions of section one of article fourteen of the Constitution of the State of New York, and section two hundred and ninety-five of the Election Law, notice is hereby given that the following proposed amendment to section twenty-seven of article three of the Constitution of the State of New York, is to be submitted to the people for approval at the next general election in this State to be held on the second day of November, nineteen hundred and nine. SAMUEL S. KOENIG, Secretary of State.

AMENDMENT NUMBER TWO. Concurrent Resolution of the Senate and Assembly, proposing an amendment to section twenty-seven of article three of the constitution, in relation to the powers of the boards of supervisors and county auditors or other fiscal officers.

Whereas, the legislature, at its regular session in nineteen hundred and seven, duly adopted a resolution proposing an amendment to section twenty-seven of article three of the constitution, in relation to the powers of the boards of supervisors and county auditors or other fiscal officers; and Whereas, such resolution has been duly published in accordance with law and the constitution and referred to this legislature for action; therefore: Section 1. Resolved (if the assembly concur), That section twenty-seven of article three of the constitution be amended as follows: Article III. Section 27. The legislature shall, by general laws, confer upon the boards of supervisors of the several counties of the state such further powers of local legislation and administration as the legislature may, from time to time, deem expedient, and in counties which now have, or may hereafter have, county auditors or other fiscal officers, authorized to audit bills, accounts, charges, claims or demands against the county, the legislature may confer such powers upon said auditors or fiscal officers, as the legislature may, from time to time deem expedient. § 2. Resolved (if the assembly concur), That the foregoing amendment be submitted to the people for approval at the general election to be held in the year nineteen hundred and nine, in accordance with the provisions of the election law.

State of New York, In Senate, March 31, 1909.—The foregoing resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the Senators elected voting in favor thereof. By order of the Senate, J. RAINES, Temporary President.

State of New York, In Assembly, April 12, 1909.—The foregoing resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the members elected to the Assembly voting in favor thereof. By order of the Assembly, J. W. WADSWORTH, Jr., Speaker.

State of New York, Office of the Secretary of State, Albany, July 24, 1909.—I have compared the preceding copy of concurrent resolution with the original concurrent resolution on file in this office, and I do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom, and of the whole thereof. Given under my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State at the city of Albany, this twenty-fourth day of July, in the year of our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and nine. [L. S.] SAMUEL S. KOENIG, Secretary of State.

FORM FOR SUBMISSION OF AMENDMENT NUMBER TWO. Shall the proposed amendment to section four of article seven of the Constitution, permitting the legislature to alter the rate of interest on debts authorized pursuant to said section, be approved?

EXPLANATION—MATTER IN ITALICS IS NEW. STATE OF NEW YORK, OFFICE OF THE Secretary of State, Albany, July 24, 1909.—Pursuant to the provisions of section one of article fourteen of the Constitution of the State of New York, and section two hundred and ninety-five of the Election Law, notice is hereby given that the following proposed amendment to section ten of article eight of the Constitution of the State of New York, is to be submitted to the people for approval at the next general election in this State to be held on the second day of November, nineteen hundred and nine. SAMUEL S. KOENIG, Secretary of State.

AMENDMENT NUMBER THREE. Concurrent Resolution of the Senate and Assembly, proposing an amendment to section ten of article eight of the constitution, relating to the limitation of the indebtedness of cities and excepting certain kinds of bonds from computation of the debt of a city for purposes of such limitation.

Whereas, the legislature at its regular session in nineteen hundred and eight duly adopted a resolution proposing an amendment to section ten of article eight of the constitution, relating to the limitation of the indebtedness of cities and excepting certain kinds of bonds from computation of the debt of a city for purposes of such limitation; and Whereas, such resolution has been duly published in accordance with law and the constitution and referred to this legislature for action; therefore: Section 1. Resolved (if the assembly concur), That section ten of article eight of the constitution be amended to read as follows: Article VIII. § 10. No county, city, town or village shall hereafter give any money or property, or loan its money or credit to or in aid of any individual, association or corporation, or become directly or indirectly, the owner of stock in, or bonds of, any association or corporation; nor shall any such county, city, town or village be allowed to incur any indebtedness except for county, city, town or village purposes. This section shall not prevent such county, city, town or village from making such provision for the aid or support of its poor as may be authorized by law. No county or city shall be allowed to become indebted for any purpose or in any manner to an amount which, including existing indebtedness, shall exceed ten per centum of the assessed valuation of the real estate of such county or city subject to taxation, as it appeared by the assessment rolls of said county or city on the last assessment for state or county taxes prior to the incurring of such indebtedness; and all indebtedness in excess of such limitation, except such as now may exist, shall be absolutely void, except as herein otherwise provided. No county or city whose present indebtedness exceeds ten per centum of the assessed valuation of its real estate subject to taxation, shall be allowed to become indebted in any further amount until such indebtedness shall be reduced within such limit. This section shall not be construed to prevent the issuing of certificates of indebtedness or revenue bonds issued in anticipation of the collection of taxes for amounts actually contained, or to be contained in, the taxes for the year when such certificates or revenue bonds are issued and payable out of such taxes; nor to prevent the city of New York from issuing bonds to be redeemed out of the tax levy for the year next succeeding the year of their issue, provided that the amount of such bonds which may be issued in any one year in excess of the limitations herein contained shall not exceed one-tenth of one per centum of the assessed valuation of the real estate of said city subject to taxation. Nor shall this section be construed to prevent the issue of bonds to provide for the supply of water; but the term of the bonds issued to provide the supply of water, in excess of the limitation of indebtedness fixed herein, shall not exceed twenty years, and a sinking fund shall be created on the issuing of the said bonds for their redemption, by raising annually a sum which will produce an amount equal to the sum of the principal and interest of said bonds at their maturity. All certificates of indebtedness or revenue bonds issued in anticipation of the collection of taxes, which are not retired within five years after their date of issue, and bonds issued to provide for the supply of water, and any debt hereafter incurred by any portion or part of a city if there shall be any such debt, shall be included in ascertaining the power of the city to become otherwise indebted; except that debts incurred by the city of New York after the first day of January, nineteen hundred and four, and debts incurred by any city of the second class after the first day of January, nineteen hundred and eight, and debts incurred by any city of the third class after the first day of January, nineteen hundred and ten, to provide for the supply of water, shall not be so included, and except further that any debt hereafter incurred by the city of New York for a public improvement owned or to be owned by the city, which yields to the city current net revenue, after making any necessary allowance for repairs and maintenance for which the city is liable, in excess of the interest on said debt and of the annual installments necessary for its amortization may be included in ascertaining the power of said city to become otherwise indebted, provided that a sinking fund for its amortization shall have been established and maintained and that the indebtedness shall not be so excluded during any period of

in sections two and three of this article, no debts shall be hereafter contracted by or in behalf of this state, unless such debt shall be authorized by law, for some single work or object, to be distinctly specified therein; and such law shall impose and provide for the collection of a direct annual tax to pay, and sufficient to pay, the interest on such debt as it falls due, and also to pay and discharge the principal of such debt within fifty years from the time of the contracting thereof. No such law shall take effect until it shall, at a general election, have been submitted to the people, and have received a majority of all the votes cast for and against it at such election. On the final passage of such bill in either house of the legislature, the question shall be taken by yeas and noes, to be duly entered on the journals thereof, and shall be: "Shall this bill pass, and ought the same to receive the sanction of the people?" The legislature may at any time after the approval of such law by the people, if no debt shall have been contracted in pursuance thereof, repeal the same; and may at any time, by law, forbid the contracting of any further debt or liability under such law; but the tax imposed by such act, in proportion to the debt and liability which may have been contracted in pursuance of such law, shall remain in force and be irrevocable, and be annually collected, until the proceeds thereof shall have made the provision hereinbefore specified to pay and discharge the interest and principal of such debt and liability. The money arising from any loan or stock creating such debt or liability shall be applied to the work or object specified in the act authorizing such debt or liability, or for the payment of such debt or liability, and for no other purpose whatever. No such law shall be submitted to be voted on within three months after its passage or at any general election when any other law, or any bill shall be submitted to be voted for or against. The legislature may provide for the issue of bonds of the state to run for a period not exceeding fifty years in lieu of bonds heretofore authorized but not issued and shall impose and provide for the collection of a direct annual tax for the payment of the same as hereinbefore required. When any sinking fund created under this section shall equal in amount the debt for which it was created, no further direct tax shall be levied on account of said sinking fund, and the legislature shall reduce the tax to an amount equal to the accruing interest on such debt. The legislature may from time to time alter the rate of interest to be paid upon any state debt, which has been or may be authorized pursuant to the provisions of this section, or upon any part of such debt, provided, however, that the rate of interest shall not be altered upon any part of such debt or upon any bond or other evidence thereof, which has been, or shall be created or issued before such alteration. In case the legislature increase the rate of interest upon any such debt, or part thereof, it shall impose and provide for the collection of a direct annual tax to pay and sufficient to pay the increased or altered interest on such debt as it falls due and also to pay and discharge the principal of such debt within fifty years from the time of the contracting thereof, and shall appropriate annually to the sinking fund moneys in amount sufficient to pay such interest and pay and discharge the principal of such debt when it shall become due and payable. § 2. Resolved (if the assembly concur), That the foregoing amendment be submitted to the people for approval at the general election to be held in the year nineteen hundred and nine, in accordance with the provisions of the election law.

State of New York, In Senate, April 20, 1909.—The foregoing resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the Senators elected voting in favor thereof. By order of the Senate, HORACE WHITE, President.

State of New York, In Assembly, April 27, 1909.—The foregoing resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the members elected to the Assembly voting in favor thereof. By order of the Assembly, J. W. WADSWORTH, Jr., Speaker.

State of New York, Office of the Secretary of State, Albany, July 24, 1909.—I have compared the preceding copy of concurrent resolution with the original concurrent resolution on file in this office, and I do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom, and of the whole thereof. Given under my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State at the city of Albany, this twenty-fourth day of July, in the year of our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and nine. [L. S.] SAMUEL S. KOENIG, Secretary of State.

FORM FOR SUBMISSION OF AMENDMENT NUMBER THREE. Shall the proposed amendment to section twenty-seven of article three of the Constitution, in relation to the powers of the boards of supervisors and county auditors or other fiscal officers, be approved?

EXPLANATION—MATTER IN ITALICS IS NEW. STATE OF NEW YORK, OFFICE OF THE Secretary of State, Albany, July 24, 1909.—Pursuant to the provisions of section one of article fourteen of the Constitution of the State of New York, and section two hundred and ninety-five of the Election Law, notice is hereby given that the following proposed amendment to section ten of article eight of the Constitution of the State of New York, is to be submitted to the people for approval at the next general election in this State to be held on the second day of November, 1909. SAMUEL S. KOENIG, Secretary of State.

AMENDMENT NUMBER FOUR. Concurrent Resolution of the Senate and Assembly, proposing an amendment to section ten of article eight of the constitution, relating to the limitation of the indebtedness of cities and excepting certain kinds of bonds from computation of the debt of a city for purposes of such limitation.

Whereas, the legislature at its regular session in nineteen hundred and eight duly adopted a resolution proposing an amendment to section ten of article eight of the constitution, relating to the limitation of the indebtedness of cities and excepting certain kinds of bonds from computation of the debt of a city for purposes of such limitation; and Whereas, such resolution has been duly published in accordance with law and the constitution and referred to the legislature for action; therefore: Section 1. Resolved (if the Assembly concur), That section ten of article eight of the constitution be amended to read as follows: Article VIII. § 10. No county, city, town or village shall hereafter give any money or property, or loan its money or credit to or in aid of any individual, association or corporation, or become directly or indirectly, the owner of stock in, or bonds of, any association or corporation; nor shall any such county, city, town or village be allowed to incur any indebtedness except for county, city, town or village purposes. This section shall not prevent such county, city, town or village from making such provision for the aid or support of its poor as may be authorized by law. No county or city shall be allowed to become indebted for any purpose or in any manner to an amount which, including existing indebtedness, shall exceed ten per centum of the assessed valuation of the real estate of such county or city subject to taxation, as it appeared by the assessment rolls of said county or city on the last assessment for state or county taxes prior to the incurring of such indebtedness; and all indebtedness in excess of such limitation, except such as now may exist, shall be absolutely void, except as herein otherwise provided. No county or city whose present indebtedness exceeds ten per centum of the assessed valuation of its real estate subject to taxation, shall be allowed to become indebted in any further amount until such indebtedness shall be reduced within such limit. This section shall not be construed to prevent the issuing of certificates of indebtedness or revenue bonds issued in anticipation of the collection of taxes for amounts actually contained, or to be contained in, the taxes for the year when such certificates or revenue bonds are issued and payable out of such taxes; nor to prevent the city of New York from issuing bonds to be redeemed out of the tax levy for the year next succeeding the year of their issue, provided that the amount of such bonds which may be issued in any one year in excess of the limitations herein contained shall not exceed one-tenth of one per centum of the assessed valuation of the real estate of said city subject to taxation. Nor shall this section be construed to prevent the issue of bonds to provide for the supply of water; but the term of the bonds issued to provide the supply of water, in excess of the limitation of indebtedness fixed herein, shall not exceed twenty years, and a sinking fund shall be created on the issuing of the said bonds for their redemption, by raising annually a sum which will produce an amount equal to the sum of the principal and interest of said bonds at their maturity. All certificates of indebtedness or revenue bonds issued in anticipation of the collection of taxes, which are not retired within five years after their date of issue, and bonds issued to provide for the supply of water, and any debt hereafter incurred by any portion or part of a city if there shall be any such debt, shall be included in ascertaining the power of the city to become otherwise indebted; except that debts incurred by the city of New York after the first day of January, nineteen hundred and four, and debts incurred by any city of the second class after the first day of January, nineteen hundred and eight, and debts incurred by any city of the third class after the first day of January, nineteen hundred and ten, to provide for the supply of water, shall not be so included, and except further that any debt hereafter incurred by the city of New York for a public improvement owned or to be owned by the city, which yields to the city current net revenue, after making any necessary allowance for repairs and maintenance for which the city is liable, in excess of the interest on said debt and of the annual installments necessary for its amortization may be included in ascertaining the power of said city to become otherwise indebted, provided that a sinking fund for its amortization shall have been established and maintained and that the indebtedness shall not be so excluded during any period of

State of New York, In Senate, April 13, 1909.—The foregoing resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the Senators elected voting in favor thereof. By order of the Senate, HORACE WHITE, President.

State of New York, In Assembly, April 27, 1909.—The foregoing resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the members elected to the Assembly voting in favor thereof. By order of the Assembly, J. W. WADSWORTH, Jr., Speaker.

State of New York, Office of the Secretary of State, Albany, July 24, 1909.—I have compared the preceding copy of concurrent resolution with the original concurrent resolution on file in this office, and I do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom, and of the whole thereof. Given under my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State at the city of Albany, this twenty-fourth day of July, in the year of our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and nine. [L. S.] SAMUEL S. KOENIG, Secretary of State.

FORM FOR SUBMISSION OF AMENDMENT NUMBER FOUR. Shall the proposed amendment to section ten of article eight of the Constitution, relating to the limitation of the indebtedness of cities and excepting certain kinds of bonds from computation of the debt of a city for purposes of such limitation, be approved?

EXPLANATION—MATTER IN ITALICS IS NEW. STATE OF NEW YORK, OFFICE OF THE Secretary of State, Albany, July 24, 1909.—Pursuant to the provisions of section one of article fourteen of the Constitution of the State of New York, and section two hundred and ninety-five of the Election Law, notice is hereby given that the following proposed amendment to section ten of article eight of the Constitution of the State of New York, is to be submitted to the people for approval at the next general election in this State to be held on the second day of November, 1909. SAMUEL S. KOENIG, Secretary of State.

AMENDMENT NUMBER FIVE. Concurrent Resolution of the Senate and Assembly, proposing an amendment to section ten of article eight of the constitution, relating to the limitation of the indebtedness of cities and excepting certain kinds of bonds from computation of the debt of a city for purposes of such limitation.

Whereas, the legislature at its regular session in nineteen hundred and eight duly adopted a resolution proposing an amendment to section ten of article eight of the constitution, relating to the limitation of the indebtedness of cities and excepting certain kinds of bonds from computation of the debt of a city for purposes of such limitation; and Whereas, such resolution has been duly published in accordance with law and the constitution and referred to this legislature for action; therefore: Section 1. Resolved (if the assembly concur), That section ten of article eight of the constitution be amended to read as follows: Article VIII. § 10. No county, city, town or village shall hereafter give any money or property, or loan its money or credit to or in aid of any individual, association or corporation, or become directly or indirectly, the owner of stock in, or bonds of, any association or corporation; nor shall any such county, city, town or village be allowed to incur any indebtedness except for county, city, town or village purposes. This section shall not prevent such county, city, town or village from making such provision for the aid or support of its poor as may be authorized by law. No county or city shall be allowed to become indebted for any purpose or in any manner to an amount which, including existing indebtedness, shall exceed ten per centum of the assessed valuation of the real estate of such county or city subject to taxation, as it appeared by the assessment rolls of said county or city on the last assessment for state or county taxes prior to the incurring of such indebtedness; and all indebtedness in excess of such limitation, except such as now may exist, shall be absolutely void, except as herein otherwise provided. No county or city whose present indebtedness exceeds ten per centum of the assessed valuation of its real estate subject to taxation, shall be allowed to become indebted in any further amount until such indebtedness shall be reduced within such limit. This section shall not be construed to prevent the issuing of certificates of indebtedness or revenue bonds issued in anticipation of the collection of taxes for amounts actually contained, or to be contained in, the taxes for the year when such certificates or revenue bonds are issued and payable out of such taxes; nor to prevent the city of New York from issuing bonds to be redeemed out of the tax levy for the year next succeeding the year of their issue, provided that the amount of such bonds which may be issued in any one year in excess of the limitations herein contained shall not exceed one-tenth of one per centum of the assessed valuation of the real estate of said city subject to taxation. Nor shall this section be construed to prevent the issue of bonds to provide for the supply of water; but the term of the bonds issued to provide the supply of water, in excess of the limitation of indebtedness fixed herein, shall not exceed twenty years, and a sinking fund shall be created on the issuing of the said bonds for their redemption, by raising annually a sum which will produce an amount equal to the sum of the principal and interest of said bonds at their maturity. All certificates of indebtedness or revenue bonds issued in anticipation of the collection of taxes, which are not retired within five years after their date of issue, and bonds issued to provide for the supply of water, and any debt hereafter incurred by any portion or part of a city if there shall be any such debt, shall be included in ascertaining the power of the city to become otherwise indebted; except that debts incurred by the city of New York after the first day of January, nineteen hundred and four, and debts incurred by any city of the second class after the first day of January, nineteen hundred and eight, and debts incurred by any city of the third class after the first day of January, nineteen hundred and ten, to provide for the supply of water, shall not be so included, and except further that any debt hereafter incurred by the city of New York for a public improvement owned or to be owned by the city, which yields to the city current net revenue, after making any necessary allowance for repairs and maintenance for which the city is liable, in excess of the interest on said debt and of the annual installments necessary for its amortization may be included in ascertaining the power of said city to become otherwise indebted, provided that a sinking fund for its amortization shall have been established and maintained and that the indebtedness shall not be so excluded during any period of

State of New York, In Senate, April 13, 1909.—The foregoing resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the Senators elected voting in favor thereof. By order of the Senate, HORACE WHITE, President.

State of New York, In Assembly, April 27, 1909.—The foregoing resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the members elected to the Assembly voting in favor thereof. By order of the Assembly, J. W. WADSWORTH, Jr., Speaker.

State of New York, Office of the Secretary of State, Albany, July 24, 1909.—I have compared the preceding copy of concurrent resolution with the original concurrent resolution on file in this office, and I do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom, and of the whole thereof. Given under my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State at the city of Albany, this twenty-fourth day of July, in the year of our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and nine. [L. S.] SAMUEL S. KOENIG, Secretary of State.

FORM FOR SUBMISSION OF AMENDMENT NUMBER FIVE. Shall the proposed amendment to section ten of article eight of the Constitution, relating to the limitation of the indebtedness of cities and excepting certain kinds of bonds from computation of the debt of a city for purposes of such limitation, be approved?

EXPLANATION—MATTER IN ITALICS IS NEW. STATE OF NEW YORK, OFFICE OF THE Secretary of State, Albany, July 24, 1909.—Pursuant to the provisions of section one of article fourteen of the Constitution of the State of New York, and section two hundred and ninety-five of the Election Law, notice is hereby given that the following proposed amendment to section ten of article eight of the Constitution of the State of New York, is to be submitted to the people for approval at the next general election in this State to be held on the second day of November, 1909. SAMUEL S. KOENIG, Secretary of State.

AMENDMENT NUMBER SIX. Concurrent Resolution of the Senate and Assembly, proposing an amendment to section ten of article eight of the constitution, relating to the limitation of the indebtedness of cities and excepting certain kinds of bonds from computation of the debt of a city for purposes of such limitation.

Whereas, the legislature at its regular session in nineteen hundred and eight duly adopted a resolution proposing an amendment to section ten of article eight of the constitution, relating to the limitation of the indebtedness of cities and excepting certain kinds of bonds from computation of the debt of a city for purposes of such limitation; and Whereas, such resolution has been duly published in accordance with law and the constitution and referred to this legislature for action; therefore: Section 1. Resolved (if the assembly concur), That section ten of article eight of the constitution be amended to read as follows: Article VIII. § 10. No county, city, town or village shall hereafter give any money or property, or loan its money or credit to or in aid of any individual, association or corporation, or become directly or indirectly, the owner of stock in, or bonds of, any association or corporation; nor shall any such county, city, town or village be allowed to incur any indebtedness except for county, city, town or village purposes. This section shall not prevent such county, city, town or village from making such provision for the aid or support of its poor as may be authorized by law. No county or city shall be allowed to become indebted for any purpose or in any manner to an amount which, including existing indebtedness, shall exceed ten per centum of the assessed valuation of the real estate of such county or city subject to taxation, as it appeared by the assessment rolls of said county or city on the last assessment for state or county taxes prior to the incurring of such indebtedness; and all indebtedness in excess of such limitation, except such as now may exist, shall be absolutely void, except as herein otherwise provided. No county or city whose present indebtedness exceeds ten per centum of the assessed valuation of its real estate subject to taxation, shall be allowed to become indebted in any further amount until such indebtedness shall be reduced within such limit. This section shall not be construed to prevent the issuing of certificates of indebtedness or revenue bonds issued in anticipation of the collection of taxes for amounts actually contained, or to be contained in, the taxes for the year when such certificates or revenue bonds are issued and payable out of such taxes; nor to prevent the city of New York from issuing bonds to be redeemed out of the tax levy for the year next succeeding the year of their issue, provided that the amount of such bonds which may be issued in any one year in excess of the limitations herein contained shall not exceed one-tenth of one per centum of the assessed valuation of the real estate of said city subject to taxation. Nor shall this section be construed to prevent the issue of bonds to provide for the supply of water; but the term of the bonds issued to provide the supply of water, in excess of the limitation of indebtedness fixed herein, shall not exceed twenty years, and a sinking fund shall be created on the issuing of the said bonds for their redemption, by raising annually a sum which will produce an amount equal to the sum of the principal and interest of said bonds at their maturity. All certificates of indebtedness or revenue bonds issued in anticipation of the collection of taxes, which are not retired within five years after their date of issue, and bonds issued to provide for the supply of water, and any debt hereafter incurred by any portion or part of a city if there shall be any such debt, shall be included in ascertaining the power of the city to become otherwise indebted; except that debts incurred by the city of New York after the first day of January, nineteen hundred and four, and debts incurred by any city of the second class after the first day of January, nineteen hundred and eight, and debts incurred by any city of the third class after the first day of January, nineteen hundred and ten, to provide for the supply of water, shall not be so included, and except further that any debt hereafter incurred by the city of New York for a public improvement owned or to be owned by the city, which yields to the city current net revenue, after making any necessary allowance for repairs and maintenance for which the city is liable, in excess of the interest on said debt and of the annual installments necessary for its amortization may be included in ascertaining the power of said city to become otherwise indebted, provided that a sinking fund for its amortization shall have been established and maintained and that the indebtedness shall not be so excluded during any period of

time when the revenue aforesaid shall not be sufficient to equal the said interest and amortization instalments, and except further that any indebtedness heretofore incurred by the city of New York for any rapid transit or dock investment may be so excluded proportionately to the extent to which the current net revenue received by said city therefrom shall meet the interest and amortization instalments thereof, provided that any increase in the debt incurring power of the city of New York which shall result from the exclusion of debts heretofore incurred shall be available only for the acquisition or construction of properties to be used for rapid transit or dock purposes. The legislature shall prescribe the method by which the amount of any debt to be so excluded shall be determined, and no such debt shall be excluded except in accordance with the determination so prescribed. The legislature may in its discretion confer appropriate jurisdiction on the appellate division of the supreme court in the first judicial department for the purpose of determining the amount of any debt to be so excluded. No indebtedness of a city valid at the time of its inception shall thereafter become invalid by reason of the operation of any of the provisions of this section. Whenever the boundaries of any city are the same as those of a county, or when any city shall include within its boundaries more than one county; the power of any county wholly included within such city to become indebted shall cease, but the debt of the county, heretofore existing, shall not, for the purposes of this section, be reckoned as a part of the city debt. The amount hereafter to be raised by tax for county or city purposes, in any county containing a city of over one hundred thousand inhabitants, or any such city of this state, in addition to providing for the principal and interest of existing debt, shall not in the aggregate exceed in any one year two per centum of the assessed valuation of the real and personal estate of such county or city, to be ascertained as prescribed in this section in respect to county or city debt. § 2. Resolved (if the Assembly concur), That the foregoing amendment be submitted to the people for approval at the general election to be held in the year nineteen hundred and nine in accordance with the provisions of the election law.

State of New York, In Senate, April 13, 1909.—The foregoing resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the Senators elected voting in favor thereof. By order of the Senate, HORACE WHITE, President.

State of New York, In Assembly, April 27, 1909.—The foregoing resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the members elected to the Assembly voting in favor thereof. By order of the Assembly, J. W. WADSWORTH, Jr., Speaker.

State of New York, Office of the Secretary of State, Albany, July 24, 1909.—I have compared the preceding copy of concurrent resolution with the original concurrent resolution on file in this office, and I do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom, and of the whole thereof. Given under my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State at the city of Albany, this twenty-fourth day of July, in the year of our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and nine. [L. S.] SAMUEL S. KOENIG, Secretary of State.

FORM FOR SUBMISSION OF AMENDMENT NUMBER THREE. Shall the proposed amendment to section twenty-seven of article three of the Constitution, in relation to the powers of the boards of supervisors and county auditors or other fiscal officers, be approved?

EXPLANATION—MATTER IN ITALICS IS NEW. STATE OF NEW YORK, OFFICE OF THE Secretary of State, Albany, July 24, 1909.—Pursuant to the provisions of section one of article fourteen of the Constitution of the State of New York, and section two hundred and ninety-five of the Election Law, notice is hereby given that the following proposed amendment to section ten of article eight of the Constitution of the State of New York, is to be submitted to the people for approval at the next general election in this State to be held on the second day of November, 1909. SAMUEL S. KOENIG, Secretary of State.

AMENDMENT NUMBER SEVEN. Concurrent Resolution of the Senate and Assembly, proposing an amendment to section ten of article eight of the constitution, relating to the limitation of the indebtedness of cities and excepting certain kinds of bonds from computation of the debt of a city for purposes of such limitation.

Whereas, the legislature at its regular session in nineteen hundred and eight duly adopted a resolution proposing an amendment to section ten of article eight of the constitution, relating to the limitation of the indebtedness of cities and excepting certain kinds of bonds from computation of the debt of a city for purposes of such limitation; and Whereas, such resolution has been duly published in accordance with law and the constitution and referred to the legislature for action; therefore: Section 1. Resolved (if the Assembly concur), That section ten of article eight of the constitution be amended to read as follows: Article VIII. § 10. No county, city, town or village shall hereafter give any money or property, or loan its money or credit to or in aid of any individual, association or corporation, or become directly or indirectly, the owner of stock in, or bonds of, any association or corporation; nor shall any such county, city, town or village be allowed to incur any indebtedness except for county, city, town or village purposes. This section shall not prevent such county, city, town or village from making such provision for the aid or support of its poor as may be authorized by law. No county or city shall be allowed to become indebted for any purpose or in any manner to an amount which, including existing indebtedness, shall exceed ten per centum of the assessed valuation of the real estate of such county or city subject to taxation, as it appeared by the assessment rolls of said county or city on the last assessment for state or county taxes prior to the incurring of such indebtedness; and all indebtedness in excess of such limitation, except such as now may exist, shall be absolutely void, except as herein otherwise provided. No county or city whose present indebtedness exceeds ten per centum of the assessed valuation of its real estate subject to taxation, shall be allowed to become indebted in any further amount until such indebtedness shall be reduced within such limit. This section shall not be construed to prevent the issuing of certificates of indebtedness or revenue bonds issued in anticipation of the collection of taxes for amounts actually contained, or to be contained in, the taxes for the year when such certificates or revenue bonds are issued and payable out of such taxes; nor to prevent the city of New York from issuing bonds to be redeemed out of the tax levy for the year next succeeding the year of their issue, provided that the amount of such bonds which may be issued in any one year in excess of the limitations herein contained shall not exceed one-tenth of one per centum of the assessed valuation of the real estate of said city subject to taxation. Nor shall this section be construed to prevent the issue of bonds to provide for the supply of water; but the term of the bonds issued to provide the supply of water, in excess of the limitation of indebtedness fixed herein, shall not exceed twenty years, and a sinking fund shall be created on the issuing of the said bonds for their redemption, by raising annually a sum which will produce an amount equal to the sum of the principal and interest of said bonds at their maturity. All certificates of indebtedness or revenue bonds issued in anticipation of the collection of taxes, which are not retired within five years after their date of issue, and bonds issued to provide for the supply of water, and any debt hereafter incurred by any portion or part of a city if there shall be any such debt, shall be included in ascertaining the power of the city to become otherwise indebted; except that debts incurred by the city of New York after the first day of January, nineteen hundred and four, and debts incurred by any city of the second class after the first day of January, nineteen hundred and eight, and debts incurred by any city of the third class after the first day of January, nineteen hundred and ten, to provide for the supply of water, shall not be so included, and except further that any debt hereafter incurred by the city of New York for a public improvement owned or to be owned by the city, which yields to the city current net revenue, after making any necessary allowance for repairs and maintenance for which the city is liable, in excess of the interest on said debt and of the annual installments necessary for its amortization may be included in ascertaining the power of said city to become otherwise indebted, provided that a sinking fund for its amortization shall have been established and maintained and that the indebtedness shall not be so excluded during any period of

State of New York, In Senate, April 13, 1909.—The foregoing resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the Senators elected voting in favor thereof. By order of the Senate, HORACE WHITE, President.

State of New York, In Assembly, April 27, 1909.—The foregoing resolution was duly passed, a majority of all the members elected to the Assembly voting in favor thereof. By order of the Assembly, J. W. WADSWORTH, Jr., Speaker.

State of New York, Office of the Secretary of State, Albany, July 24, 1909.—I have compared the preceding copy of concurrent resolution with the original concurrent resolution on file in this office, and I do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom, and of the whole thereof. Given under my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State at the city of Albany, this twenty-fourth day of July, in the year of our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and nine. [L. S.] SAMUEL S. KOENIG, Secretary of State.

FORM FOR SUBMISSION OF AMENDMENT NUMBER FOUR. Shall the proposed amendment to section ten of article eight of the Constitution, relating to the limitation of the indebtedness of cities and excepting certain kinds of bonds from computation of the debt of a city for purposes of such limitation, be approved?

EXPLANATION—MATTER IN ITALICS IS NEW. STATE OF NEW YORK, OFFICE OF THE Secretary of State, Albany, July 24, 1909.—Pursuant to the provisions of section one of article fourteen of the Constitution of the State of New York, and section two hundred and ninety-five of the Election Law, notice is hereby given that the following proposed amendment to section ten of article eight of the Constitution of the State of New York, is to be submitted to the people for approval at the next general election in this State to be held on the second day of November, 1909. SAMUEL S. KOENIG, Secretary of State.

AMENDMENT NUMBER EIGHT. Concurrent Resolution of the Senate and Assembly, proposing an amendment to section ten of article eight of the constitution, relating to the limitation of the indebtedness of cities and excepting certain kinds of bonds from computation of the debt of a city for purposes of such limitation.

Whereas, the legislature at its regular session in nineteen hundred and eight duly adopted a resolution proposing an amendment to section ten of article eight of the constitution, relating to the limitation of the indebtedness of cities and excepting certain kinds of bonds from computation of the debt of a city for purposes of such limitation; and Whereas, such resolution has been duly published in accordance with law and the constitution and referred to this legislature for action; therefore: Section 1. Resolved (if the Assembly concur), That section ten of article eight of the constitution be amended to read as follows: Article VIII. § 10. No county, city, town or village shall hereafter give any money or property, or loan its money or credit to or in aid of any individual, association or corporation, or become directly or indirectly, the owner of stock in, or bonds of, any association or corporation; nor shall any such county, city, town or village be allowed to incur any indebtedness except for county, city, town or village purposes. This section shall not prevent such county, city, town or village from making such provision for the aid or support of its poor as may be authorized by law. No county or city shall be allowed to become indebted for any purpose or in any manner to an amount which, including existing indebtedness, shall exceed ten per centum of the assessed valuation of the real estate of such county

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